

# THE PEOPLES ADVOCATE.

VOL. IX.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1900.

NO. 26.

## POLITICAL DEMONSTRATION

New York Gives Mr. Bryan Another Great Ovation.

## BIG REPUBLICAN PARADE IN CHICAGO

Climax of the Campaign in the Western Metropolis Reviewed by Republican Leaders, Followed by Democrats at Night.

A New York York dispatch says: W. J. Bryan's second coming to this city was the occasion Saturday night of one of the greatest political demonstrations of the campaign. Fourteen thousand people heard the democratic candidate speak at Madison Square garden. He had been speaking all day. The morning was spent at New Haven, and in the afternoon he made several addresses between New Haven and this city. He was accompanied to this city by 200 Yale students. When he arrived at Grand Central station, there were more than 5,000 to greet him. The steps were crowded with people, and his trip to Madison Square garden was a triumphal one. The first stop was at the Broadway Athletic club, where Mr. Bryan spoke to 10,000 enthusiastic people; the majority of them were Italians. He reached Cooper Union at 9 o'clock and addressed a large gathering of Germans. Thence Mr. Bryan drove to the corner of Fourteenth street and Second avenue, where he made a speech from his carriage to a crowd of about 5,000 people. He made another from his carriage to a gathering at Twentieth street and Second avenue.

Mr. Bryan's Madison Garden speech was not begun until after 10 o'clock. It was unlike his former speech at that place. It was addressed to the independent class mainly, and he referred to the financial issue.

## Monster Parade in Chicago.

For six hours and a half Saturday workmen from every branch of industry in Chicago, lawyers, merchants, railroad men and others, marched through the downtown streets of the city in the parade of republican voters which was planned as the culmination of the national campaign in Chicago. Between two solid lines of spectators stretched from the starting point of the long march on Michigan avenue to its disbanding place on Jackson boulevard, near the river, and underneath thousands of flags and banners, stretched between the big office buildings and waving from the windows and roofs, the paraders tramped from 10 in the morning until 4:30 in the afternoon. The parade was reviewed by Senators Hanna, Mason and Culom, National Committeemen Henry O. Payne, Perry Heath and others.

Democratic Demonstration. Probably the largest out-door political mass meeting ever organized in Chicago, was held Saturday in the half mile of State street, known as "The Court of Honor." The great thoroughfare was thronged from Van Buren to Randolph streets with a cheering, jostling mass of people. Chairman James K. Jones, of the democratic national committee, had designated this as "flag day" and the national banner played an important and spectacular part in the celebration.

Along both sides of State street speakers' stands had been erected at short distances and from these points democratic orators of national prominence addressed the portions of the multitude nearest at hand. The chief speaker was Adlai E. Stevenson.

## Oldest Man in the Country.

Edward Henry, reputed to be the oldest man in the country, died at Pittsburg, Pa., aged 116 years. He was born a slave in Culpepper, Va., in 1785. During his long career he was married five times. He is said to be the father of sixty children.

## Groin Fails to Appear.

C. W. Howard, of Terracina Island, a wealthy merchant and orange grower has mysteriously disappeared. Mr. Howard left Tampa, Fla., several days ago with \$500 for Birmingham, where he was to have been married on Monday last to Miss Annie Peace.

## Two Powers Decline to Accept.

The semi-official Politiche Correspondence at Vienna asserts that France and Russia, after discussion, have declined to accept the Anglo-Gorman agreement.

## Jockey Injured.

Jockey Chalmers, on Tony Hig, in the hurdle race at the Inter-State Fair, at Atlanta, was badly injured internally Friday.

## THE CUBAN OUTLOOK.

Congress Must Act Before Uncle Sam Vacates the Island.

The evacuation of Cuba by the United States is not likely to take place quite so soon as has been anticipated in some quarters, says a Washington dispatch. The withdrawal of the American troops will not take place until some form of domestic government has been established, and is not likely to be ordered by the executive department of the government without the authority of congress.

The Cuban convention, which meets in November, is likely to be in session several months, probably much longer than after the adjournment of the coming session of congress on March 4, 1901.

The new congress to be elected on November 6 next will not meet in regular session until December, 1901, and will hardly do any important business until the spring of 1902. By that time representatives of the new Cuban republic may be ready to demonstrate to the appropriate committees of congress that they have the government completely organized and capable of maintaining treaty obligations with other powers. Such a government can hardly exercise its functions until authorized by congress. Whether it shall be permitted to exercise them without the supervision of the United States will be for congress to determine.

## NOT ON THE PROGRAMME.

Thrilling Experience of a Circus Rider at New Decatur.

A scene that was not down on the programme was enacted at John Robinson's circus at New Decatur, Ala., Saturday night. On the hippodrome track a ladies' horse race was in progress, in which three riders took part. They had been once around and were coming in on the home stretch and just as they made the last turn, before reaching the judges' stand, the inside horse fell and rolled over on its side.

The horse soon regained its feet, however, and being badly frightened, made a mad rush toward the crowded seats, dragging its rider, whose skirts became fastened to the saddle, with her head downward. The rider was carried to her dressing-room in an unconscious condition. It was found that she was badly bruised up.

## DEBS IN THE CAMPAIGN.

Leader of the Social Democracy Greeted in Boston.

The social democrats of Boston and vicinity gave an enthusiastic greeting to Eugene V. Debs, the presidential candidate, Sunday, and listened to two speeches from him. The note of Mr. Debs' speeches was the necessity of the working class having possession of the tool of production, by which he means the tools of construction as they exist today—mills, machinery, etc. He said so long as these were owned by private capital, so long will the workman be oppressed. His remedy is public ownership and management of the "tool of production."

## Savannah's New Cathedral Dedicated.

Sunday morning, upon the feast day of St. Simon and St. Jude, the magnificent cathedral of St. John the Baptist, at Savannah, Ga., was dedicated by Monsignor Sebastiano Martini, delegate of the pope to the United States, assisted by some fifty priests, including ten bishops. The new cathedral, built upon the ruins of the cathedral begun by Bishop Persico in 1873, dedicated by Bishop Gross in 1876 and destroyed by fire two years ago, is probably the handsomest specimen of gothic architecture in the south.

## Cotton Destroyed by Worms.

W. S. Robson, one of the most extensive cotton planters in Texas, has gathered statistics from the Brazos and Colorado valleys and declares that the boll weevil has destroyed \$6,000,000 worth of this year's cotton crop.

## Cleveland Offered College Presidency.

According to a dispatch from Winchester, Va., the presidency of Washington and Lee University, made vacant by the death of William L. Wilson, will be offered to ex-President Grover Cleveland.

## Col. John M. Fleming Dead.

Colonel John M. Fleming, aged 68 years, and for many years editor of the old Knoxville Tribune, and later the Sentinel, died Sunday evening at the East Tennessee hospital for the insane, where he has been for the past seven years. Deceased was a noted Confederate soldier, and a prominent politician. His health failed and he had to be sent to the asylum.

## INCREASE OF THE NAVY

Vaster Programme Than Ever Before Conceived Under Consideration

## BY THE BOARD OF NAVAL CONSTRUCTION

Project Involves Construction of Not Fewer Than Forty War Vessels, Including Six of Heavy Type.

A vaster programme for an increase of the navy than has ever before been contemplated on this side of the Atlantic is now under consideration by the Board of Construction, says a Washington dispatch, and if approved by the president, as it is expected to be, it is to be urged upon congress at the coming session.

The project involves the construction of no less than forty warships, including several specialties not heretofore built for naval purposes. The Board of Rear Admirals, which has taken up the subject under special direction from Secretary Long, is availing itself of the highest expert opinions in the service in order that its report will not be open to unfavorable criticism among naval officers, it being the expressed intention of the navy department to discourage any opposition to a line of policy when once adopted.

The program will include six ships of the heaviest armor and most destructive ordnance, with the highest possible speed, the greatest attainable radius of action upon a displacement of about 15,000 tons, combining the most desirable features of line-of-battle ships and cruisers.

At least twenty gunboats are proposed of several types, all of light draft, with large rapid-fire batteries and accommodations to give comfort to officers and crews stationed in the tropics. All of these gunboats will be able to go out to Manila, and then, if necessary, to China interior ports under their own steam.

Provision is made in the programme for an increase in the torpedo flotilla by ten new vessels, including a new type of torpedo cruiser on the lines of existing torpedo-boat destroyers, which can accompany a fleet of battle-ships across the ocean.

The programme will also include three armed colliers, larger than any vessels of this class ever built for a government. They are to have enormous capacity, enabling each of them to deliver 10,000 tons of coal to Manila, Guam or Pago Pago. A large unarmed ship which is recommended is a floating machine shop of about 6,000 displacement for duty in repairing vessels at great distances from government yards, especially in the Philippines.

## FOREIGN MINISTERS

Demand Two More Official Heads, Says a Dispatch.

Dr. Morrison, writing to the London Times from Peking, under date of October 26, says:

"The foreign ministers in conference today decided to add the names of Prince Yi and Yeng Nien to those of the seven officials whose execution France has demanded."

"It is stated that the commander of the allied troops at Pao Ting Fu has arrested the provincial treasurer, who was chiefly responsible for the ill-treatment of the rescued missionaries."

## Max Muller Dead.

The Right Honorable Friedrich Max Muller, professor of comparative philology at Oxford university, is dead. His disease was an affection of the liver.

## Census to Be Announced.

The work of counting the inhabitants of the United States was practically completed by the census bureau Saturday, and this week Director Merriam will announce the population of the country. His statement will be subject to some slight revision. All the returns from Alaska are not yet in and the returns from the American soldiers and sailors serving in the Philippines and elsewhere abroad are not complete. These figures will be estimated. The figures for the states and territories will be official.

## Twenty Millions in Gold Dust.

A total of \$20,166,687 worth of gold dust and bullion has been received at the Seattle assay office during the present year. Following are official figures showing the amount of gold dust and bullion received between January 1 and October 24, 1900: Number of deposits, 6,028; ounces of gold bullion, 1,249,163.35; total value of same, \$20,166,687.45.

## ATTACKED FILIPINOS.

Five Men Killed in a Fight With Insurgent Leader Villamor.

The war department received a dispatch from General McArthur giving an account of a fight in which a small detachment of the American troops attacked a much superior force of Filipinos. The dispatch follows:

Manila.—On October 24, First Lieutenant F. E. Biger, with forty men of Company H, Thirty-third Regiment, United States Infantry, volunteers; Second Lieutenant Grayson Heidt, sixty men, Troop L, Third Cavalry, attacked insurgents fourteen miles east of Tarvican, Ilocos, Province of Luzon, developed a strong position occupied by about 400 riflemen, 1,000 Bolomen, under command of Juan Villamor, subordinate of Timos. Desperate fight ensued, which was most creditable to force engaged, though under heavy pressure of overwhelming numbers our troops were compelled to return to Tarvican, which was accomplished in tactical, orderly manner.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Bath and civilian teamster captured early in the fight and were released by Villamor. According to their accounts insurgents much stronger than reported here and their loss, moderate estimate, over 150. Our loss is five killed: First Lieutenant George L. Feigler, Charles A. Linderberg, William F. Wilson, Andrew L. Johnson, McClintock.

## DARK AGES OUTRIVALED.

Filipino Captain Convicted of Burying a Seaman Alive.

The rebel captain, Novicio, has been tried by a military commission at Baler, northern Luzon, charged with burying alive a seaman named McDonald, of Lieutenant Gilmore's Yorktown party. Novicio was found guilty and sentenced to death. The commission's sentence is now in the hands of General MacArthur for approval.

Testimony was produced at the trial showing Novicio also caused the death of Veuville, another member of Lieutenant Gilmore's party, by delivering him into the hands of the native tribesmen known as Iloggoes, who, under the pretext of going fishing, lured Veuville into the woods and murdered him with two Spanish friends, who were his fellow captives. The tribesmen bound Veuville, opened his veins and sucked his blood until he was dead.

## A DEEP WATER ASSOCIATION.

Towns Along the Chattahoochee are Now at Work.

At a meeting of Columbus business men Friday at which the interests of Apalachicola, Eufaula and other Chattahoochee river points were presented, the Columbus and Apalachicola Deep Water association was organized. The constitution of the association states that the object of the association "shall be to procure proper legislation on the part of the national government to provide and maintain an open channel from the city of Apalachicola to the deep waters of the Gulf of Mexico of sufficient depth and width to admit of passage of sea-going vessels, and also to provide and maintain a depth of channel in the Chattahoochee, Flint and Apalachicola rivers to admit free passage of river steamers from Columbus to Apalachicola and from Bainbridge to Chattahoochee junction at all times of the year."

## Candidate Drops Dead.

George W. Blake, nominee for the house of representatives on the democratic ticket in LaSalle county, dropped dead at Dana, Ill., while closing a political speech.

## Transvaal a Part of England.

A Pretoria dispatch says: The Transvaal was Friday proclaimed a part of the British empire, the proclamation being attended with impressive ceremonies. The royal standard was hoisted in the main square of the city, the Grenadiers presented arms, massed bands played the national anthem, Sir Alfred Milner read the proclamation and 6,200 troops representing Great Britain and her colonies marched past.

Contributions received at Galveston for the relief fund to October 25, inclusive, \$1,140,368.82.

## Oneonta & Atlanta Railroad.

Rails have been laid over the first ten miles of the Oneonta & Atlanta railroad from the west, and coal is now being hauled over the line from the new mines of the Underwood Coal company in Blount county. Gangs of men are at work surfacing up and ballasting the new track. The new road will be eventually extended to Atlanta. It is a branch of the Louisville & Nashville railroad.

## WANTS \$50,000.

Senator Sullivan, of Mississippi, Sued for Breach of Promise.

A suit for \$50,000 damages for breach of promise against United States Senator William V. Sullivan, of Mississippi, was filed in the District of Columbia supreme court Friday afternoon by Mai Lucy Leeton, of Oxford, Miss. The plaintiff in her affidavit alleges that she, "an unmarried woman, at the request of the defendant, undertook and promised to marry him, which he, without cause or right, has refused to do."

Senator Sullivan gave out the following statement:

"It is blackmail, pure and simple. This woman has absolutely no claim on me of any kind. While in Washington recently an attempt was made by her and her lawyer to extort money from me under threat of such a suit as she has now brought. I declined to entertain such a proposition. I did not not propose to be robbed. The proof will show that it is a dirty attempt to besmirch my character, which blackmailing could have been averted if I had been content to stand and deliver."

## THE BIG STRIKE ENDS.

Work Was Resumed in a Majority of the Collieries Monday.

G. B. Markle & Co., operating four collieries, and Cox Bros. & Co., owners of six collieries, have granted the demands of the anthracite miners as set forth in the Scranton convention resolution, says a Hazleton, Pa., dispatch. This leaves only the Lehigh and Wilkesbarre Coal Company in the Hazleton region which has not conceded all that the miners have asked.

Work was resumed in every colliery in this region Monday morning with the exception of the Lehigh and Wilkesbarre Company.

## TWO REBEL LEADERS DEAD.

One Took His Own Life and the Other Died Naturally.

The Chinese minister at Washington has received a message stating that Kang Yi, a member of the cabinet with Yung Lu, and one of the intense anti-foreign leaders, whose punishment was demanded by the powers, died of illness on the 18th inst. Also that Yu Hsien, the late governor of Shan Si, who is said to have been responsible for the death of many missionaries, has committed suicide by swallowing gold leaf. Minister Wu regards this act as the result of the disfavor which the high officials have received from the throne.

## JONES' SENSATIONAL CHARGE.

Mail Addressed to Democratic Headquarters Systematically Pillaged.

Colonel Charles E. Hooker, of Jackson, Miss., democratic congressional nominee, has received a letter from Senator Jones, chairman of the democratic executive committee, in which the charge is made that the mail addressed to the democratic headquarters has been systematically pillaged by some persons. He states that many letters addressed to him are never received and he feels confident that many of the letters sent out never reach their destination. Senator Jones says the pillaging has been in progress ever since the campaign opened.

## High Water Mark in Gold.

The gold in the treasury Friday amounted to \$451,477,404, the highest point ever reached since the foundation of the government. This is said to be the largest gold fund in the world.

## Tragedy in Virginia.

Hon. Wm. H. Pendleton, ex-member of Virginia legislature, and a staff officer in the confederate army, shot and killed William Francisco, at Cuckoo, in Louisiana county, Va., a few days ago. The tragedy was the outgrowth of a quarrel between neighbors. The men had not been on friendly terms for some time. They owned adjoining farms, and Pendleton objected to Francisco driving through his lands.

## One Farmer Wins the Prize.

M. J. Ray, a farmer of Cottontdale, ten miles north of Tuscaloosa, was presented with a \$10 bill by Secretary Tucker, of the Tuscaloosa street fair and agricultural carnival, as the capital prize of the recent street fair. This prize was offered to the farmer who would secure the greatest number of prizes for farm products. Mr. Ray won seventeen and was accordingly awarded the prize.

The man who ventures a flyer on the stock market realizes the power of riches to fly.

## STATE NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD

Current Topics of General Interest from Various Sections of Alabama.

## RICE CULTURE AN IMPORTANT INDUSTRY

General Wheeler to Speak—Huntsville Kicks on Census Report—Boy Drowned at Girard—Young Woman Killed.

C. C. Henderson, of Greenville, a successful farmer, makes the statement that rice can be as successfully grown in Alabama as in North Carolina or Louisiana. Irrigated land are not required for it, he says, but adds that there are some fine lands in the state which yield generous crops. His contention is based on his own experience of several years. He says that the Alabama rice crop will amount this year to nearly 100,000 bushels. Mr. Henderson has collected a rice exhibit for the state fair in Birmingham. He is the pioneer of the rice-growing industry in Alabama. The counties in which rice cultivation has assumed respectable proportions are Baldwin, Escambia, Conecuh, Monroe, Wilcox and Butler. There are now eight rice mills in operation in these counties. This year's yield exceeds that of last year by 50 per cent, which shows the growth of the industry.

The rice industry is still in its infancy in Alabama, but Mr. Henderson believes that its probabilities are illimitable.

## Wheeler to Speak.

H. A. Skaggs, chairman of the Eighth District Democratic Committee, has received a letter from Gen. Wheeler, in which the latter makes appointments to speak at Gurley, Madison county; Hartsell, Morgan county; Leighton, Colbert county and Huntsville, Madison county, for the Democratic nominee for congress, Judge W. M. Richardson. General Wheeler at the same time enclosed a handsome contribution to the district campaign fund.

While the Wheeler letter did not say so in so many words, its implied effect was that Governor Roosevelt was badly mistaken when he said that General Wheeler stood with the Republican party.

## Huntsville Kicks on Census Report.

The Huntsville Chamber of Commerce met and made a formal protest against the report of the census. Numerous instances were sighted in which large families never received a visit from the enumerator and it is alleged that in one section of the city not a single name was taken so far as known. A resolution asking Director Merriam for a recount was unanimously passed. Frank J. Thompson was appointed as chairman of the committee composed of representatives of the three daily newspapers to provide for counting the population.

## Young Woman Killed.

Miss Della and Carrie Warren were thrown from a cart near Blocton a few days ago, which was caused by the horse running away. Each of them had an arm broken, besides Miss Della was injured internally. She was in an unconscious state for several days, when she expired.

## A Boy Drowned at Girard.

Christopher, the 8-year-old son of Mrs. Pierce Coulter, was drowned in the Chattahoochee river, near Girard. He was alone and no one knows how he met his death. The body was recovered and the coroner's jury decided that the drowning was accidental.

## University Enrollment.

The rolls of the University of Alabama continue to grow as the boys come in from day to day. There are now about 245 pupils enrolled, out of which there are 49 law students, 27 juniors and 22 seniors.

## Fatal Fight at Blocton.

Ed Hogan and Pomp Payton, two well-known young men of Blocton, became engaged in a difficulty, the result of which was the painful shooting of Payton by Hogan and the fatal shooting of Hogan by Payton. The two men fell out over a watch.

## Accident at Blocton.

Kasper Rosenlanger was struck by a Mobile & Ohio passenger train, at Blocton, Saturday, which broke several of his ribs and fractured his skull. The injured man had been drinking and was moving down the track toward the cars when the accident occurred. Dr. L. E. Peacock, the attending physician, says the man's injuries will prove fatal.

## SCIENTIFIC AND INDUSTRIAL.

Plants, like animals, are continually wandering to fresh fields and pastures. Of the present flora of Ohio no less than 430 are immigrants. Almost all are from Europe.

The number of stars distinctly visible without the aid of a glass is put by Gould at 5,333. Professor Newcomb says their number is near 7,647. These are up to the sixth magnitude. Professor Newcomb estimates the number up to the 14.5 magnitude at two hundred million.

A very convenient filter for carrying in the pocket or attachment to a canteen has just been invented. It is small and light, being constructed of aluminum. All foreign substances that are either in solution or suspension are removed first by perforated metal disk and next by a filter paper. At one end is a rubber tube so that the water may be sucked through as fast as it is filtered, and fast enough to quench the thirst. This will be of great value to soldiers who are traveling in a country where the water is unwholesome and impure.

A novel use of leather is in the manufacture of fibrolex, a new paper product, which is the invention of G. Brigrant, of Barentin, in France. This is a sort of leather paper on board, which is made from waste cuttings of skins. It is made by cutting up the pieces of skin into small bits, and then immersing them in a large vat containing an alkaline solution which dissolves the glutinous matter, but leaves the fibres unaltered. The resultant fibre is then beaten and afterwards pressed through a refiner. The stuff is run on to the wire and a very thin paper is made, which is cut into sheets, and while wet is placed in piles and subjected to pressure to squeeze the water out.

Some fairly successful experiments have recently been made in drilling holes in and engraving on metal by means of electrolytic solutions. A nozzle of special construction was used. The lower end, which was pressed against the metal plate, is divided into two compartments, through which the electrolytic fluid flows. The upper end has two openings; through one the electrolyte flows in, down to the lower end against the plate, and finally up and out of the other. The end of the nozzle, which is pressed against the plate to be drilled, is fitted with a rubber washer, whose shape determines that of the hole bored. A strong electric current is caused to flow through the plate into the electrolyte and back to the source of electricity. The nozzle circulation of the electrolyte in the nozzle carries off the metal as fast as the electrolysis liberates it. Some of the best results for iron were obtained with sulphuric acid as the electrolyte, but good work was also done with ordinary salt water.

The extermination of rats by the application of a bacteriological process has recently been suggested by M. J. Danysz, of the Pasteur Institute, of Paris. This scientist has found a microbe which will produce a deadly pestilence when introduced into a population of rats and cause their annihilation, or at least make them a negligible quantity. The bacillus in question was derived from field mice suffering from a spontaneous epidemic disease, and by elaborate processes of repeated cultures was transmitted through a series of mice and rats. In this way its virulence was increased, and it was found surely pathogenic for the rats when eaten. In addition to the experiments in the laboratory, trials were made in a large number of farms, warehouses, and other places infested by rats. It is reported that in 50 per cent, of the experiments there was a complete disappearance of the rats, that in 30 per cent. their number greatly decreased, while in 20 per cent, the method failed.

## Booming a Subscriber.

An exchange, unknown to fame, thus gives its home undertaker a boost: "One of the pleasantest sights we have had in this town for a long time was the artistic manner in which John Griffin buried Bill Kruger, who died since our last issue. Mr. Griffin has his trade at his finger's end, and he handled our dead citizen with an ability that was startling in its originality. He was everywhere at once, weeping with the bereaved widow, discussing crop prospects with the farmers, and soliciting business from the other attendants at the funeral. He will doubtless be able to get all the business in these parts. Before leaving for home he subscribed for this great weekly, paying one year in advance."

## Smart Child.

"Charley, dear," said young Mrs. Torkins, "have you any doubts remaining about baby's being the smartest child in the world?" "I must confess," he answered, as he rattled his newspaper rather irritably, "that I have seen no proofs of any superlative intellectual superiority."

"That simply shows you are not observing. Do you remember how you read that long list of Chinese names last night?"

"Yes."

"Well, baby was trying to talk to-day, and it sounded exactly as if he had learned every one of them by heart."—Washington Star.

## A Question.

"Mother," asked little Johnny, peering in between the uncut leaves of a magazine, "how ever did they get the printing in there?"



## THE PEOPLE'S ADVOCATE.

Published -- Every -- Thursday  
J. F. NORRIS, Editor and Manager.

Entered at the postoffice at Columbia, Ala., as second-class mail matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:  
One copy one year, \$1.00  
One copy six months, .50  
One copy three months, .25

COLUMBIANA, NOV. 1, 1900.

FOR PRESIDENT,  
WHARTON BARKER,  
of Pennsylvania.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,  
IGNATIUS DONNELLY,  
of Minnesota.

FOR CONGRESS,  
SYDNEY J. BOWIE,  
of Calhoun.

Only four more days before election.

Politics are not boiling much in Alabama this year.

Before long we will know who will be the President elect.

The Alabama State Fair opens today and will continue till the 10.

The next legislature, it is predicted, will be one of the most important ever held in Alabama.

The law makers of Alabama will soon assemble at the old Capitol and then we'll see what we'll see.

Jefferson said all men were created free and equal, but most of the politicians have forgotten who Jefferson was.

In another column will be found a guide how to mark your ticket. The Populist to be voted for are marked with a cross mark (X) before each name.

The Street fair at Montgomery has drawn great crowds to the Capital City and when people think Montgomery is not keeping step, they are liable to be mistaken.

Indiana and Illinois are the battle ground this year, and both the old parties are making a house to house canvass, and for once the voters is made to believe that he is a factor in the government.

The Democratic party has changed the issue every four years since the war. It never sticks to anything long enough for the people to become acquainted with the issue, until it changes to something else.

Col. N. B. Spears candidate for congress over in the Seventh District is making times lively over there. There is no doubt of his election and Alabama will have one Populist congressman who has the courage of his convictions.

The money trust is one trust on which is founded all the other trusts of this government, and the only party that still makes the money question the leading issue is the Populist. In fact the Populist party stands out uncompromisingly for the right.

The following is a list of the Republican electors of Alabama to be voted for next Tuesday:

William M. Bailey, D. B. Boothe, Moses W. Carden, Newman H. Freeman, Ebenezer H. Hubbard, William Henderson, William T. Masterson, W. W. Milliken, I. Pollock, C. C. Sheets, W. F. Tebbetts.

The fight up in the Seventh district for the congressional honor from that district is waxing warm, and chances for our neighbor and Populist friend N. B. Spears, to win over Burnett are good, and should Mr. Spears be elected to congress he will represent the people.

In other states the law makers have degraded themselves to the extent that they deprived their fellow citizens the right of suffrage and doubtless dragged the welfare of their state down by so doing. It is greatly hoped that Alabama legislators will not bring such a reproach upon this state.

When the sacred right of any Caucasian, in Alabama to exercise his will at the ballot box, is attacked, there ought to be enough brave, true and patriotic men in the halls of the legislature to bury such an attempt so deep beneath the sod that it can never be resurrected in the minds of the people.

## Crowe Is Seeing Double.

G. B. Crowe, former State Chairman of the Populist party, was in the city today, after having conducted a campaigning tour through the Seventh Congressional District. Speaking of the outlook in that district, Dr. Crowe expressed the opinion that Spears, the fusion candidate for Congress, would beat Burnett, Democrat, by two to one. He claims that impartial opinion in the district, is that Spears will win in a walk. He added: "I expect the Populists to carry St. Clair, Etowah, Cherokee, Marshall, Franklin and DeKalb Counties. Cullman and Winston are doubtful, with the chances in our favor. Our State electors will, I think, get 70,000 votes."—Montgomery Advertiser.

## GUIDE.

Federal Election November 6, 1900.

(Make a cross mark (X) before the name of the candidate of your choice.)

Vote for Eleven:  
For Electors for President and Vice-President of the United States.

X	Wm. M. Bailey.
X	D. B. Boothe.
X	D. C. Bachelor.
X	John D. Burnett.
X	G. B. Crowe.
X	O. E. Comstock.
X	E. C. Crenshaw.
X	Moses W. Carden.
X	W. A. Carter.
X	D. W. Day.
X	A. F. Davis.
X	G. H. Davis.
X	James Embry.
X	N. H. Freeman.
X	H. R. Goslin.
X	J. P. Gains.
X	J. F. Goldman.
X	M. W. Howard.
X	J. C. Hicks.
X	C. J. Hammett.
X	Wm. Henderson.
X	Ebenezer H. Hubbard.
X	Wm. W. Kirkland.
X	L. S. Knight.
X	Wm. T. Masterson.
X	Tipson Mullins.
X	S. N. Milligan.
X	W. W. Milliken.
X	J. H. Nathan.
X	B. H. Nicholson.
X	Jos. Pranti.
X	I. Pollock.
X	Robert T. Robinett.
X	G. W. Robinson.
X	S. A. Russell.
X	C. H. Spencer.
X	O. P. Speigle.
X	C. C. Sheets.
X	James W. Strother.
X	Mike Solie.
X	W. F. Tebbetts.
X	John B. Talley.
X	I. E. Watson.
X	J. H. Wilson.
X	Elbert Willett.

Vote for One:  
For Representative in the 57th Congress of the United States, from the 4th District of Alabama.

X S. J. Bowie.

## Weldon.

G. D. Baldwin, of Calvery, was in our town Saturday night.

D. W. Sharbutt paid Leeds a business trip last week.

The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. Day, is very ill at this writing.

Rev. Lowery, of Wilsonville, filled his regular appointment at New Prospect Sunday.

J. T. Owen was in town Sunday.

Dr. B. H. Smothers and wife visited in Lamar county last week.

Huston Nelson was the guest of Miss Alta Baldwin Sunday.

Master Stinson, of Beeswax Creek, spent Sunday in town.

An old lady living near here, that goes by the name of "Aunt Done," is very sick.

Y. Moore was the guest of Miss Gillie Adams Sunday.

There is to be a candy breaking at the residence of S. F. Nelson's next Saturday night.

Misses Hester Sharbutt and Rhetta Baldwin spent Sunday on Yellow Leaf.

## Pony Bill.

That Throbbing Headache.

Would quickly leave you, if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for sick and nervous headaches. They make pure blood and build up your health. Only 25 cents. Money back if not cured. Sold by Hall the Druggist.

A hair-raising incident—a youth with his first growth of mustache.

In Ireland a belt of woman's hair around a child keeps away harm. In this country a woman's hair around a man's neck brings trouble.

## Spread Like Wildfire.

When things are "the best" they become "the best selling" Abraham Hare a leading druggist, of Belleville, O., writes: "Electric Bitters are the best selling bitters I have handled in 20 years. You know why? Most diseases begin in disorders of the stomach, liver, kidney, bowels, blood and nerves. Electric Bitters tones up the stomach, regulates the liver, kidneys and bowels, purifies the blood, strengthens the nerves, hence cures multitude of maladies. It builds up the entire system. Puts new life and vigor into any weak, sickly, run down man or woman. Price 50 cents. Sold by Hall the Druggist."

## Tax Sale.

The State of Alabama, Shelby County.

Under and by virtue of decrees of the Probate Court of said County, rendered on the 1st day of October, 1900, I will on Monday, the 12th day of November, 1900, proceed to sell at public outcry, to the highest bidder for cash, before the Court House door of said county, within the legal hours of sale, the following described parcels of real estate assessed to the following named persons and to Owner Unknown, for the payment of the taxes, fees and costs, together with interest, as shown opposite or under each parcel, to-wit:

### BEAT 1.

Owner unknown—Northwest quarter of northeast quarter, section 3, township 22, range 1 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 12.52; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Northwest quarter of northeast quarter, section 17, township 22, range 1 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 12.58; printers fee.

Owner unknown—West half of northeast quarter, section 19, township 22, range 1 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 23.78; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Southwest quarter of northeast quarter, section 19, township 22, range 1 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 12.53; printers fee.

Owner unknown—South half of northeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 19, township 22, range 1 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 6.97; printers fee.

Owner unknown—East ½ of southwest ¼ and southwest ¼ of southwest ¼ of township 24, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 30.40; printers fee.

Owner unknown—North ½ of north half of east half of southwest quarter of southwest quarter, section 14, township 21, range 1 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 2.95; printers fee.

Owner unknown—North half of northeast quarter, section 14, township 24, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 12.53; printers fee.

Owner unknown—North ½ of south east quarter of southwest quarter, section 2, township 22, range 1 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 7.01; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Southwest quarter of southwest quarter, section 32, township 21, range 1 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 10.55; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Northeast quarter of southwest quarter, section 31, township 21, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 12.53; printers fee.

Owner unknown—South ½ of northeast quarter, section 14, township 21, range 1 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 7.00; printers fee.

Owner unknown—West half of southwest quarter of northeast quarter, section 19, township 21, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 7.01; printers fee.

Owner unknown—50 acres in southwest quarter, section 25, township 21, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 15.29; printers fee.

### BEAT 2.

Owner unknown—Southwest quarter of northeast quarter, section 24, township 24, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 7.81; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Northeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 27, township 24, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 7.81; printers fee.

Owner unknown—West half of southwest quarter of northeast quarter, section 16, township 24, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 3.54; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Southeast quarter of southwest quarter, section 10, township 24, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 20.53; printers fee.

Owner unknown—West half of northeast quarter, section 14, township 24, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 4.68; printers fee.

Owner unknown—East half of southwest quarter, section 14, township 24, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 14.18; printers fee.

Owner unknown—North ½ of southwest ¼ of southwest ¼ of township 24, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 4.11; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Southeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 17, township 24, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 7.80; printers fee.

Owner unknown—South half of northeast quarter and southeast quarter of southwest quarter, section 10, township 24, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 34.38; printers fee.

Owner unknown—South half of southwest quarter and southeast quarter of southwest quarter, section 22, township 24, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 20.53; printers fee.

Owner unknown—North ½ of southwest quarter, section 23, township 24, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 12.54; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Northeast quarter of southwest quarter, section 23, township 22, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 7.85; printers fee.

Owner unknown—West half of southwest quarter, section 9, township 22, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 14.21; printers fee.

### BEAT 3.

Owner unknown—Southeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 5, township 21, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 9.81; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Northeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 12, township 21, range 2 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 14.44; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Northeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 10, township 22, range 2 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 14.44; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Ten acres in northeast quarter of northeast quarter and west half of northeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 29, township 24, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 6.74; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Two-thirds interest in northeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 3, township 24, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 3.98; printers fee.

Owner unknown—East half of northeast quarter, section 2, township 24, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 13.16; printers fee.

Owner unknown—East half of northeast quarter, section 2, township 24, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 13.16; printers fee.

### BEAT 4.

Owner unknown—South ½ of southwest quarter of northeast quarter, section 33, township 21, range 3 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 11.14; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Southwest quarter of northeast quarter, section 10, township 22, range 4 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 12.79; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Northwest quarter of northeast quarter, section 1, township 22, range 4 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 12.79; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Northeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 21, township 22, range 3 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 12.81; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Southwest quarter of northeast quarter and 20 acres in northeast quarter of southwest quarter of southwest quarter, section 11, township 24, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 28.32; printers fee.

Owner unknown—12 acres in northeast quarter of southwest quarter, section 3, township 24, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 4.89; printers fee.

Owner unknown—North half of northeast quarter, section 2, township 24, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 31.15; printers fee.

Owner unknown—35 acres in northeast quarter of southwest quarter, section 20, township 24, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 11.30; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Northeast quarter of southwest quarter, section 20, township 24, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 12.90; printers fee.

Owner unknown—10 acres in northeast quarter of southwest quarter of southwest quarter, section 20, township 24, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 26.63; printers fee.

Owner unknown—75 acres in southeast quarter and northeast quarter, section 19, township 24, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 32.72; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Northeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 34, township 21, range 4 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 12.80; printers fee.

Owner unknown—½ interest in northeast quarter of southwest quarter, section 35, township 21, range 5 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 8.84; printers fee.

Owner unknown—30 acres north in northeast quarter, section 29, township 22, range 3 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 18.44; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Southwest quarter of northeast quarter, section 21, township 22, range 3 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 13.80; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Southwest quarter of northeast quarter, section 13, township 22, range 3 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 13.80; printers fee.

### BEAT 5.

Owner unknown—60 acres in north ½ of northeast quarter and 35 acres in east ½ of northeast quarter, section 22, township 21, range 5 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 10.88; printers fee.

Owner unknown—½ interest in northeast quarter of southwest quarter, section 36, township 21, range 5 west, years 96, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 3.84; printers fee.

Owner unknown—25 acres in north half of northeast quarter, section 21, township 21, range 5 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 8.55; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Southeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 12, township 21, range 5 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 5.44; printers fee.

Owner unknown—South half of northeast quarter, section 12, township 21, range 5 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 9.49; printers fee.

Owner unknown—M. R.—Southwest quarter of northeast quarter, section 23, township 20, range 4 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 2.77; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Southeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 27, township 20, range 4 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 2.24; printers fee.

Owner unknown—20 acres in southeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 31, township 20, range 4 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 3.76; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Southwest quarter of northeast quarter, section 27, township 20, range 4 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 3.49; printers fee.

Owner unknown—East half of northeast quarter, section 27, township 20, range 4 west, years 95, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 9.48; printers fee.

Owner unknown—North half of northeast quarter, section 27, township 20, range 4 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 9.48; printers fee.

### BEAT 6.

Owner unknown—Northwest quarter of northeast quarter, section 6, township 21, range 3 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 8.97; printers fee.

Owner unknown—All of southwest quarter, section 28, township 20, range 3 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 31.30; printers fee.

### BEAT 7.

Owner unknown—Southeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 30, township 21, range 2 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 9.81; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Northeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 2, township 21, range 2 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 8.81; printers fee.

### BEAT 8.

Owner unknown—West half of northeast quarter of northeast quarter and northeast quarter of southwest quarter, section 36, township 20, range 1 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 4.50; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Southwest quarter of northeast quarter, section 34, township 20, range 1 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 7.14; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Southeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 1, township 19, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 6.81; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Southwest quarter of northeast quarter, section 14, township 20, range 2 west, years 99, tax and cost 4.82; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Southwest quarter of northeast quarter, section 24, township 20, range 2 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 4.81; printers fee.

Owner unknown—East half of southeast quarter of the southeast quarter, section 23, township 20, range 1 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 4.27; printers fee.

Owner unknown—North half of northeast quarter of southwest quarter and northeast quarter of southeast quarter, section 11, township 19, range 1 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 9.15; printers fee.

### BEAT 9.

Owner unknown—Northwest quarter of northeast quarter, section 18 and all of southeast quarter of southeast quarter of section 18 that lies west of Coosa River about 25 acres, all in township 21, range 2 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 9.32; printers fee.

### BEAT 10.

Owner unknown—Northwest quarter of northeast quarter, section 34, township 19, range 2 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 9.48; printers fee.

Owner unknown—North half of southeast quarter (less 5 acres), section 18, township 19, range 3 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 16.55; printers fee.

Owner unknown—North half of northeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 6, township 20, range 3 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 5.49; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Northeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 20, township 19, range 2 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 16.19; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Five acres in southwest corner of northeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 14, township 20, range 2 east, years 99, tax and cost 2.03; printers fee.

Owner unknown—All of southwest quarter, section 18, township 20, range 2 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 33.60; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Northwest quarter of northeast quarter, section 18, township 19, range 3 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 5.49; printers fee.

### BEAT 11.

Owner unknown—30 acres in northeast quarter of southeast quarter, section 18, township 21, range 2 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 10.82; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Northeast quarter of southwest quarter, section 12, township 19, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 6.81; printers fee.

Owner unknown—South half of northeast quarter of southeast quarter, section 11, township 19, range 1 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 3.28; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Northeast quarter of southwest quarter of southwest quarter, section 25, township 19, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 4.82; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Northeast quarter



W. A. PARKER,  
Livery and Feed Stables.  
COLUMBIANA, ALA.

# "La Creole" Will Restore those Gray Hairs of Yours

Sold by HALL DRUG COMPANY.

## "LA CREOLE" HAIR RESTORER

A Perfect Hair Dressing and Restorer.  
If your Merchant doesn't handle, send \$1.00 to us and get one bottle, or \$5.00 and get six bottles.  
CHARGES PREPAID to any part U. S. or Canada.  
VAN VLEET-MANSFIELD DRUG CO.,  
Sole Proprietors, MEMPHIS, TENN.

### STATEMENT OF CONDITION

—OF—

GORDON DUBOSE, Banker,  
Columbiana, Ala.

At the close of business October 8, 1900.

Loans.....	\$40,467 28	Capital.....	\$15,000 00
Real Estate.....	7,000 00	Deposits.....	29,104 00
Cash.....	19,007 72	Re-discounts.....	22,371 00
Total.....	\$66,475 00	Total.....	\$66,475 00

I, E. E. Chapman, cashier of said bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true and correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.  
E. E. CHAPMAN.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 8th day of October, 1900.  
J. R. WHITE, Register in Chancery.

## LOOK, READ AND

THINK HOW CHEAP THE FOLLOWING  
GOODS ARE!

thousand of dollarsworth of Dry Goods cheaper than any other store in the county.  
Fifty thousand yards of Prints at 4 1/2 to 6 cents a yard.  
Thousands of yards of Dress Plaids 6 to 20 cents a yard.  
A large assortment of Fancy Dress Goods.  
In Wool, Silk and Silk finished goods cheaper than any store in town.  
One thousand 5 lb. bundles of remnant Percale Outings and Prints from 90 cents to \$1.00 a bundle.  
Five hundred pair Boys' and Mens' Suspenders from 10 cents to \$1 a pair.  
Five thousand Mens' and Ladies' Handkerchiefs from 2c to 75 cts. each.  
Five hundred Mens' and Boys' Hats from 20 cents to \$5.00 each.  
A large stock of Shoes for Men, Ladies and Children from 30 cents to \$5.00 a pair.

### CLOTHING.

My Clothing is the best selected stock in town and I can safely say I will save you 25 percent on your purchase. Mens' suits worth \$5.00 for only \$2.00

W. E. MERRELL.  
Shelby, Alabama.

### Chapel Chat.

The congregation was small and services short Sunday night.

The angel of death again visited the home of Mr. and Mrs. William Tinsley Wednesday night. We pray God's blessings may rest upon them that they may not be discouraged in life.

A. P. Harkins has two children very ill.

C. C. Lewis returned home last Thursday from eastern Texas. We suppose that he was home sick.

It seems that chesnuts are very scarce in our community.

Jame Evans, of Wilsonville passed through here Sunday.

T. J. Mooney and family visited James Mooney on Coosa river Saturday night and Sunday.

Mr. Hames and Mr. Mitchell visited the family of J. H. Smith Sunday.

Caughy Farr and wife spent Saturday and Sunday with A. P. Harkins.

Walter Minor was in these parts Sunday evening.

What about Henry pushing the girl in the stream Sunday.

We are sorry to hear that Miss Lena Smith was disappointed in not getting to go home with her aunt, Miss M. Smith.

Misses Callie and Kate West were at this place Sunday.

Charles Harkins was the happy guest of Miss Mary Stinson Sunday.

Walter Mitchell and James Williams were in our community Sunday.

J. H. Stone and family passed through our community Sunday.  
SAGER JOHN.

### Good Luck of an Editor.

"For two years all efforts to cure Eczema in the palms of my hands failed writes Editor H. N. Lester, of Syracuse, Kan., 'Then I was wholly cured by Bucklen's Arnica Salve.' It's the world's best for Eruptions, Sores and skin diseases. Only 25c at Hall Drug Store.

### Capitola.

The best flour on the market for sale by

J. H. Hammond.

### Pickles.

All sorts and sizes, also Sauer Kraut at

J. H. Hammond.

### THE PEOPLE'S ADVOCATE

#### SOCIAL AND LOCAL NEWS.

Points About People You Know and Some You Don't Know. News From Different Beats.

C. A. Glaze, of Creswell, was in town Tuesday.

W. J. Sewell, of Sterrett, was in the city Tuesday.

J. C. Mooney, of beat 9, was in town last Friday.

If you want to know all the news take The Advocate.

J. K. Milner, of Anniston, was in the city last Friday.

Cecil Browne, of Talladega, was in the city Monday.

L. H. Reynolds, of Jemison, was in the city Tuesday.

E. S. Lyman, of Montevallo, was in the city last Friday.

Miss Pearl Norris is visiting relatives in Calumabus, Ga.

Frank Robertson, of Yellow Leaf, spent yesterday in the city.

Prof. John Hughes, of Wilsonville, was in town Tuesday.

Several of Shelby's boys were in the city Sunday afternoon.

J. W. Bolin and Will Tinney, of beat 9, were in town Monday.

Joe Hill and family, of Calera, visited relatives here last week.

Mrs. F. W. Gist, of Calera, visited friends in the city last week.

J. W. Dykes, of Easonville, was in the city Monday on business.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Browne, on October 25, a daughter.

Miss Alma Duran, of Birmingham, is visiting relatives in the city.

Mrs. L. W. Bailey, of Calera, visited relatives here a few days last week.

Main street is being cleaned up this week and soon will look itself again.

Sam Lefkowitz, of Bessemer, was in the city a few days this week on business.

James Evans and family, of Wilsonville, spent Sunday in the city with relatives.

Mrs. C. D. Pearson and Mrs. J. S. Pearson are visiting relatives at Gary this week.

J. Jeffe and W. T. Kenedy, of Bessemer, spent Tuesday in the city with friends.

Miss Mattie Hand, of Jemison, visited the family of B. L. Moore Moore last week.

W. F. Thetford spent a few days in Talladega last week with relatives and friends.

Mrs. A. E. McGraw and children of Vincent, visited the family of J. S. Pitts last week.

Mrs. H. C. Mason and children, of Calera, visited the family of W. A. Tallant last week.

Main and West College streets ought to be cleared of the debris and put in a better condition.

J. A. Upshaw and A. D. Turner, of Jackson's Gap, spent Saturday and Sunday in the city with relatives.

C. L. Meroney and family and Miss Ethel McMath, of Montevallo, spent Sunday here with relatives.

Miss Margaret DuBoise, who has been visiting relatives in the city, returned to her home at Courtland Tuesday.

The pound party given at the residence of Rev. T. P. Roberts last Friday night was a success in every way.

Mrs. W. M. Calohan, who has been visiting relatives in the city, returned to her home at Thomasville Tuesday.

Married.—At Shelby Springs Tuesday, Mr. J. W. McMahon, of Selma, to Mrs. M. M. Pond. Rev. T. P. Roberts performed the ceremony.

Rev. Mr. Liles filled his regular appointment at the Methodist church Sunday at 11 a. m., and Rev. T. P. Roberts preached at the night service.

Of late a good many gun shots ring out in the night air. The shooting off of guns are dangerous and should be looked after by the city authorities.

When the building of J. P. Pearson & Co., is completed, and the trash is cleaned off the street, Columbiana's Main street will be one not to be grained at.

Claude Glen, of Shelby, spent Sunday afternoon and evening in the city. We suppose a pair of black eyes were made to sparkle all their brilliancy once more.

PETER.

The best cigars are kept by J. H. Hammond.

WANTED.—To buy all the Partridges that I can get. Will pay 8 cents a piece for them.

PAM PITTS, Columbiana, Ala.

Two dozen pure bred barred Plymouth Rock roosters for sale at \$1.00 each. Address P. O. Box 229, Columbiana, Ala.

Good enough for the rich and cheap enough for the poor, for sale by

J. H. Hammond.

Crescent.

The best roasted coffee on the market at 8 packages for \$1.00 sold by

J. H. Hammond.

### Cowling—Parker.

The happy wedding bells have rung out again in our town. Last Thursday afternoon, just as the sun was going to rest beyond the Hesperian hills, Mr. H. M. Cowling led Miss Leila Mildred Parker to the Hymeneal altar.

The ceremony was performed by Rev. C. W. O'Hara in the Baptist church. It was a beautiful marriage. Great taste was shown in arrangement and decorations. The church was richly adorned with gay flowers.

It was a happy occasion. It was beautiful to see the little flower girl, Marrie Milner, of Anniston, lead the bride, accompanied by the maid of honor, to the altar. The bride wore an elegant Chiffon trimmed with white satin ribbon. The maids wore white organdy. Miss Susie McGehe, of Columbiana, was maid of honor and Mr. Ike Lamar, of Selma, was best man. The other attendants were Miss Mattie Hand, of Jemison, with W. A. Parker, of Columbiana.

Miss Mary Kroell, of Montevallo, with J. P. Hardeman, of Montgomery.

Miss Annie Maull, of Deatsville, with Dr. E. C. Givhan, of Montevallo.

Miss Kate Howard, of Alpine, with Alton Avinger, of Montgomery.

Miss Edith Howard, of Calera, with Osye Bird, of Columbiana.

The ushers for the occasion were J. S. Falkner, of Columbiana, and L. J. Christian, of Shelby.

Miss Kate Huyett did the music for the occasion, rendering Mendelssohn's march, which was beautiful, and played Annie Laurie while the ceremony was being performed, very softly.

After the marriage a reception was given at the beautiful home of Mr. W. G. Parker, father of the bride. There were about seventy-five persons who attended. The tables were burdened with many things good to eat.

Many handsome and costly presents were tendered to the bride by her numerous friends.

The couple went for a few days wedding tour after which they go to Montgomery their future home.

Mr. Cowling, who belongs to the police force in Montgomery, is, we believe, a nice Christian gentleman. Miss Leila, is, we know, an accomplished Christian woman.

We ask for the blessing of the "lowly Nazarene" upon them, and hope that many roses and few thorns shall be their lot.

The fines: grades of green coffees at

J. H. Hammond.

The new brick stores on the west side of Main street are receiving the finishing touch, and will be occupied by the 15th.

In another place in this issue will be found the law card of James I. Abercrombie, who has east his lot in our midst, and solicits the patronage of those needing the services of an attorney.

If you are needing any dental work drop Dr. J. M. Lovett at Bessemer, Ala., a card and when he returns to Columbiana, he will call on you. Satisfaction guaranteed and prices reasonable. Painless methods used. Will be back here in a few days.

Columbiana has an institution that she is very proud of in its bank. This concern has two distinguished characteristics that place it very high among banks, first, it is always free from overdrafts and past due papers, and second, it has at all seasons of the year a very large cash reserve in proportion to deposits.

During last week a series of soft and low whistles were heard upon the still night air, and these signals have been watched with care and precaution, and on Saturday night about half past one o'clock these signals proved to be that of burglars, as some one tried to force their way into the back window of the Mercantile Co.'s store, but before the would-be burglar had accomplished his purpose the night watchman and several friends detected a soft whistle back of the brick stores, and the watchman going to investigate discovered the would-be burglar, and hailed him and instead of answering he made a break for East College street, as the watchman fired upon him, and when the would-be burglar emerged into the open space at the livery stable one of the friends hailed him and he darted back and three or four shots were fired at the fleeing man without effect.

Pretzel Tobacco.

Good enough for the rich and cheap enough for the poor, for sale by

J. H. Hammond.

Crescent.

The best roasted coffee on the market at 8 packages for \$1.00 sold by

J. H. Hammond.

### HONOR ROLL

Of Columbiana Public School for Month Ending October 26.

First Grade—Margaret McMillan, Clarice White.

Second Grade—Mary Strickland.

Third Grade—Willie Longshore.

Fourth Grade—Lois Mason, Eva Thompson, Mary McMillan, Dinnie Mae Rowe, Myra Browne, Mildred White, Anna Strickland, Olive May Nelson, Erma Elliott, Willie Thompson, Nena Millstead.

Fifth Grade—Annie Longshore, Ina Sinnott, Mamie Millstead.

Sixth Grade—A. P. Longshore, Jr., Rufus O'Hara.

High School, Junior—J. N. Robertson, Bessie Robertson, Cora Morgan.

High School, Senior—Oza Hammond, Lallage Longshore, Carrie Rowe, Fannie Mae Payne, W. R. Hale.

F. MYNATT, Principal.

### A Card of Thanks.

Being divinely commanded to "give thanks for all things;" and desiring to be obedient and consistent, it behooves us to return thanks for the severe but merciful "pounding" given us on last Friday evening by friends and loved ones here and Shelby. So to one and all, we hereby extend our most hearty thanks and best wishes, and earnestly pray that God, our Heavenly Father, who graciously rewards for a cup of cold water, may do for each of you "exceeding abundantly above all we can ask or think."

God bless you!

T. P. Roberts and family.

### Resolutions of Thanks.

Whereas, Our beloved superintendent, Brother J. R. White, out of the goodness, liberality, and love of his heart, has seen fit to present to our Sunday school a magnificent library of books and an elegant case for the same, therefore be it

Resolved, 1. That we one and all extend to Brother White our heartfelt thanks for his most timely contribution to our best interest and highest happiness.

2. That we further show our appreciation by constantly reading the books, and by striving to profit by the same.

3. That we fully endorse and highly commend his example, and kindly but earnestly urge all others concerned, as far as able to do likewise and thus help a good cause to constantly grow.

4. That we take the best possible care of our books, read them carefully, and return them promptly.

5. That we unite in asking our Heavenly Father to reward Brother White, exceeding abundantly above all we can ask or think.

6. That our Sunday school be instructed to transcribe these resolutions in our Sunday school record and also to furnish a copy to each of our town papers for publication.

Unanimously adopted by the Methodist Sunday school, Columbiana, Ala., Oct. 28, 1900.

### Millions Given Away.

It is certainly gratifying to the public to know of one concern which is not afraid to be generous. The proprietors of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds have given away over ten million trial bottles and have the satisfaction of knowing it has cured thousands of hopeless cases. Asthma, Bronchitis, La Grippe and all Throat, Chest and Lung diseases are surely cured by it. Call on Hall, the Druggist and get a ten cent trial bottle. Regular size 50c and 1.00. Every bottle guaranteed.

### Resolutions of Respects.

Resolutions of respect to the memory of little Eva Mooney adopted by the Baptist Sunday school of Bethel church.

Whereas, God has seen fit in his all wise providence and love to call from our Sabbath school and home dear little Eva, whose life had consisted of only five summers; and be it resolved,

1. That it is the sense of the Sabbath school at Bethel church, that in as much as it pleased God to take little Eva away from us, that we bow in humble submission to his will believing that he has a higher mission for her than that of performing earthly duties, and feeling and realizing that God doeth all things well.

2. That our Sabbath school has lost one of its brightest little shining stars.

3. That we extend to all the bereaved and especially the family who deeply mourn the loss of a sweet little girl, our tenderest sympathies, and in this their sad hour point them to God who alone can fill the vacancy made by the loss of their dear little child and sister.

4. That a copy of these resolutions be placed upon our Sunday school minutes and a copy sent to the family, also a copy to the Alabama Baptist for publication.

R. L. Hill, Miss Daisy West, Miss Mary Hill, Amos Acker, L. J. Carden.

## STOP LOOK AND LISTEN!

Every article you buy from us there is a saving of from 25 to 35 per cent in your fall purchases.

MORE GOODS FOR SAME MONEY SAME GOODS FOR LESS

MONEY!!

BELOW WE QUOTE YOU A FEW OF OUR PRICES:

Single width Cashmere in gray at 8 cents per yard.  
Double width Cashmere all colors at 12 1/2 cents per yard.  
Better quality Cashmere all colors at 20 cents per yard.  
Henrietta Silk finished Cashmere all colors 40 cents to 50 cents per yard.  
Fall Dress Patterns in all colors. One Pattern to the Piece no two alike.  
In our fine Dress Goods, such as all wool silk finished Cashmeres, Broadcloth, Satin Faced Venetians, Camel's Hair, Plaid Black Skirting, English Storm Serge, Cicilians Henriettas and Pebble Cheviot.

### Dress Goods.

1 Lot Dress Calicoes at.....	4 1/2 cts	Scotch Plaids, former price \$15.00; Our price.....	\$11.00
Dress Outing Fannels at.....	5 cts	Fine Heavy Melton, former price \$10.00; Our price.....	\$7.00
Dress Flannellets 10c quality at.....	10 cts	Fine Black heavy Cheviot suits at.....	\$3.00
Good Soft Finished Bleaching 5 cts	5 cts	Good heavy Scotch plaid at.....	\$2.50
10-4 Brown Sheeting at.....	15 cts	Boys and Childrens Clothing from 60 cents to.....	\$4.00
10-4 Bleached Sheeting.....	15 cts	A big line of odd pants, Mens and Youths price from 75cts, \$1.00, \$1.25 up to.....	\$5.00
Good 1 yard wide Brown Domestic at.....	5 cts		
A Big Line of Cotton Flannels Price from 6 to 12 1/2 cts			

### Hosiery, Notions, Handkerchiefs.

A Great Line this Season. Heavy Ribbed School Stockings. Ladies', Children' and Men Handkerchiefs 4 cents and up.

### Shoes.

That Unparalleled Wear, The Brown Shoe Co.'s, and The J. B. Lewis Shoe, 2.00, 2.50, 3.00, Greatest Line yet produced. French Calf, Patent Calf, Vici Box Calf and Others. A full line of Childrens Shoe from 40cts up.

### CLOTHING

Mens Furnishings, Mens and Youths. All wool Cheviot former price \$5.00. Our price.....

Cashmere Serge Suits, former price \$10.00; Our price.....

Black Clay Worsteds, former price \$12.00; Our price.....

### HATS.

A big line of Mens Hats price from 35 cents to.....

Boys Hats from 10 cts to.....

### Jackets and Capes.

Come and see our Big Line of Ladies' and Childrens Jackets and Capes. We have them in all kinds and sizes, and prices. Here is a few of our offers:

Black Cheviot Cape at.....

Better quality Cape at.....

Extra Good quality Cape at.....

Plush Capes at.....

Others range from \$1.25 to.....

A Big line of Skirts from \$1 to.....

### Milinery.

Our unparalleled success the past seasons inspires us with renewed zeal and energy, and WE will be better equipped to

### CATER TO

the Ladies, and desires of the Ladies this season than Ever Before.

We have just completed a handsome brick store in which we have a magnificent line of

Heavy and Fancy Groceries.

WE STILL SELL YOU

Lyons, Arbuckles and Cordova Coffees at

8 \* LBS. \* FOR \* 1.00 \*

We also handle Stoves, Furniture, Hardware, Saddles and Harness, and FLORENCE WAGONS,

Which we sell you at lowest prices.

We Pay the Highest Market Prices for Cotton and Country Produce.

Yours to serve:

COLUMBIANA MERCANTILE CO.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED  
THE LARGEST AND FINEST

Selection of

DRY GOODS

Of Every Description That Has

EVER BEEN BROUGHT TO THIS

MARKET.

Our Line of Shoes Can't Be

SURPASSED!

CALL AND SEE US.

J. P. PEARSON & CO.

COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA.

### Question Answered.

Yes, August Flowers still has the largest sale of any medicine in the civilized world. Your mothers' and grandmothers' never thought of using anything else for indigestion or Biliousness. Doctors were scarce and they seldom heard of Appendicitis, Nervous Prostration or Heart failure, etc. They used August Flowers to clean out the system and stop fermentation of undigested food, regulate the action of the liver, stimulate the nervous and organic action of the system, and that is all they took when feeling dull and bad with headaches and other aches. You only need a few doses of Green's August Flower, in liquid form to make you satisfied there is nothing serious the matter with you. Sold by Hall Drug Co.

Reduced Rates to Birmingham.

Account Alabama State Fair, Birmingham, Ala., November 1st to 10th, the Southern Railway will sell tickets from all points on its lines within the State of Alabama also from Atlanta, Ga., Rome, Ga., Dalton, Ga., Columbus, Miss., and intermediate points to Birmingham and return at rate of one fare for round trip; plus 50 cents admission to the fair grounds. Tickets to be sold daily October 31st to the 10th inclusive, with final limit to return November 11th. For further information, call on Southern Railway Ticket Agent.





It was Voltaire who said:  
"People whose bowels are freed by an easy, regular movement every morning are mild, affable, gracious, kind. A 'No' from their mouth comes with more grace than a 'Yes' from the mouth of one who is constipated."

Such is Voltaire's testimonial to the value of Ayer's Pills.

J. C. AYER COMPANY,  
Practical Chemists, Lowell, Mass.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla  
Ayer's Hair Vigor  
Ayer's Pills  
Ayer's Cherry Pectoral  
Ayer's Anodyne

#### FORESTS FOR CONSUMPTIVES.

Pennsylvania Mountains May Be Changed to Resorts.

State Forestry Commissioner Bothrock, who, with other members of the commission has completed an inspection of the forests of Luzerne County, Pennsylvania, has outlined in brief the purpose of the state in acquiring large tracts, says the Philadelphia Ledger. He said: "The duty of the commission is to purchase three timber reservations of 40,000 acres each at the headwaters of the three principal rivers, the Delaware, Susquehanna, and Ohio. The idea of these forest preserves is to raise timber on ground that will not produce anything else. The state wants to put the timber back, and cultivate and rear forests of the same order as the extensive Black Forest in Germany was started. The culmination in our present ideas may not be in this generation. It took Germany 200 years to make the famous Black Forest what it is now. But the United States will probably make as much progress in that line in fifty years as Germany has done in two centuries. The climate of Pennsylvania is far more healthful than that of any other state in the Union, but the people do not know it. Besides, they can not enjoy outdoor life at present without trespassing on some one's or some corporation's domains. There will be no need for our citizens to go to the Adirondacks, to Colorado, California, Florida or elsewhere when we once get these timber preserves in full operation, for healthful outdoor recreation. One out of every 1,000 persons dies of pulmonary consumption in the Adirondacks region, while in the Keystone State the rate is only one in every 1,330 persons. It is only a question of time when Pennsylvania will be called upon to take care of its consumptives, and find a way to prevent the spread of that dreaded disease. Our state timber reservations will be the remedy to help the state out of this dilemma."

#### A Tale of Two Shirts.

A discharged soldier, lately returned from the Philippines, tells a tale of a shirt which is too good to be lost. His company was returning from a long and tiresome scouting trip, in which most of the men had parted with the greater part of their wearing apparel, when he saw on a clothes-line in the grounds of a residence adjoining a big stone church two very good shirts, hung out to dry. As he had at the time only half a shirt to his back, he proceeded to help himself to a whole one. Whereupon a woman came out of the house and said to him, in passable English: "You will pay for that on the judgment day." "Madam," he replied, "if you give such long credit, I will take both shirts," which he proceeded to do.

#### Turkey's Back-Door Reform.

What little reform gets into Turkey usually slips in by the back door. Report has it that the only dynamo now in Constantinople passed the custom house as a washing machine, and thus the feelings of the authorities were spared.

#### To Mothers of Large Families.

In this workaday world few women are so placed that physical exertion is not constantly demanded of them in their daily life.

Mrs. Pinkham makes a special appeal to mothers of large families whose work is never done, and many of whom suffer, and suffer for lack of intelligent aid.

To women, young or old, rich or poor, Mrs. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., extends her invitation of free advice. Oh, women! do not let your lives be sacrificed when a word from Mrs. Pinkham, at the first approach of



Mrs. CARRIE BELEVILLE.

weakness, may fill your future years with healthy joy.

"When I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I was not able to do my housework. I suffered terribly at time of menstruation. Several doctors told me they could do nothing for me. Thanks to Mrs. Pinkham's advice and medicine I am now well, and can do the work for eight in the family."

"I would recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to all mothers with large families."—Mrs. CARRIE BELEVILLE, Ludington, Mich.

#### NOTES AND COMMENTS.

It is not generally known that it is unlawful in Ohio to keep any native song bird in confinement. During a month 28 people were arrested in Cincinnati for this offense, and it is estimated that over 25,000 birds have been given their freedom within the past year.

According to a statement published by the English insurance companies, 7 per cent. of the British officers who served in the South African war were either killed or died of their wounds, while the mortality of the rank and file from the same causes was less than 2 per cent. The statement shows the excellence of the Boer sharpshooters, which was directed at the officers through the war, particularly in its earlier stages.

According to a report published by the Home Office in London showing the mineral productions of the world for the last year, the United States easily leads all its rivals in this form of wealth. Great Britain ranks second, but far behind the leader, the total product of the United States having been about \$720,000,000, while that of Great Britain was \$400,000,000. Germany stands third, with nearly \$250,000,000.

The latest statistics from the International Peace Bureau, in Bern, Switzerland, give the number of members as 35,000. There are 91 societies, 347 groups, and the membership is scattered among 18 European and other countries. The society has recently published an extensive report relative to the war in the Transvaal, which, among other things, includes the correspondence between the society and President McKinley relative to intervention.

The Philadelphia Times remarks: "There seems to be a considerable demand for the whipping post for wife beaters, based upon the general idea that no punishment is too severe for those who thus offend the laws of civility and decency. But those who urge it do not stop to think that flogging is a vindictive punishment, which, like other extreme penalties, never did the man who received it, the arm that administered it, or the society that sought to correct its errors in this way, any kind of good."

While the cultivation of the olive is increasing in this country, Mr. Skinner, United States consul at Marseilles, writes to the state department that the acreage devoted to olives in France is annually becoming less and the outlook for olives and olive oil in France is not encouraging. Even in that home of the olive, peanut or arachis oil, extracted from the African ground nuts, which are imported in vast quantities, is considered superior for frying purposes. Not only is this oil used to adulterate olive oil, but is frequently used in place of it in packing the cheap brands of sardines.

There is no perceptible difference in physical courage between men of the lowest and men of the highest intelligence, men of the weakest and men of the strongest bodies, men of the simplest and men of the most luxurious tastes. If the instinct is appealed to in the right way, all men are brave, and so are the women, and so are the children. If the instinct is not appealed to in the right way, is there any human being who is free from cowardice? The very man who has shown himself a poisoner may in the next moment put to shame those who were sneering at him.

It is not often that a country wishes to celebrate a disastrous defeat, such as, for example, the French suffered at Waterloo. But that is just what is going to be done, for a wealthy Frenchman, M. Osiris, who gave Malmson to the French government, has, with the approval of his government, acquired land in the great plain where the battle was fought, and will erect a monument in commemoration of the defeat under the shadow of the victorious lion, which stands on the knoll. The monument will be in the form of a great column surmounted by an immense eagle, whose outspread wings have been pierced by bullets.

The question of Austrian immigration is again troubling New Zealand legislators. The gum fields of northern New Zealand seem to be a happy hunting ground for Dalmatians, and the foreigners' wants are so few and so easily satisfied as to bring down the earnings of a gum digger below the standard at which a New Zealand laborer can live. Though their earnings are small, the Dalmatians seem able to save some money, and one of the complaints against them is that they "pick the eyes out of the country," and in a few years return with their savings to their homes, leaving the hard and necessary work of settling the virgin land of New Zealand to those whom their intervention has driven from temporary employment on the gum fields. During last session Parliament took steps to stop the immigration of Austrians by the passing of an act which makes it necessary for every gum digger to have a license, no license to be given to any person until he has been three months a resident in the country.

Hitherto two views have prevailed as to how we read. One is that reading is effected solely by spelling, each letter being grasped and perceived for and by itself; the other is that the words are not grasped exclusively letter by letter, but in small groups of letters in the same space of time. Erdmann and Dodge have ascertained that while the head was kept in a steady position in reading an easily comprehensible text there is a regular change between periods of rest for the eye and periods of movement.

The number of pauses, however, is much less than the number of letters over which the eye glides, and its

position remains in a given case almost unchanged as long as a legible text is used. If the text becomes more difficult, and where attention is given almost exclusively to the formation of words, as in printers' proofs, the number becomes three times as large. Both investigators came to the conclusion that reading is effected exclusively during pauses for rest. On an average, the eye glides during a definite movement on the line over a definite space of 1.52 to 2.08 centimeters, a space that contains about twelve to thirteen letters.

The enormous economic value of birds to man in preventing the undue increase of insects, as well as in devouring small rodents; in acting as scavengers, and in destroying the seed of harmful plants, is suggested by the fact that insects cause an annual loss of at least \$200,000,000 to the agricultural interests of the United States every year, exclusive of the damage done to ornamental shrubbery, shade and forest trees. During the night by the nighthawks and whippoorwills. The woodpeckers, nuthatches and creepers look after the tree trunks and limbs, picking out the eggs and larvae of insects from the bark or excavating for the ants and borers they hear at work within. On the ground the hunt is continued by the thrushes, sparrows and other birds, which feed upon the innumerable forms of terrestrial insects. In a report of the Audubon society it is stated that the killing of immense numbers of herons and other littoral birds in Yucatan has been followed by an increase in human mortality among the inhabitants of the coast, a direct result of the destruction of the birds that formerly helped to keep the beaches and bayous free from decaying animal matter.

London has a new sensation, to which the papers of that city are now devoting much space. Twelve hundred Chinamen have been imported for the purpose of washing its clothes, in opposition to the established laundries. John Chinaman is not as familiar a figure in London as he is in this country, and the people of that city have taken to him with all the zest that accompanies a novelty. London laundries are said to be notoriously inefficient, ruining the clothes without cleaning them, and as the company which has imported the Chinamen guarantees clean clothes without the use of destructive acids, and all hand work, the success of the venture has been assured from the beginning. Since the coming of the laundrymen many requests have been made for Chinese servants, for the servant question in England has grown to be as serious as it is in this country, and it is more than likely that if the demand grows large enough to warrant the large expense of importing Chinamen for domestic work that will be done.

Critics who have complained for years that theatrical managers never gave native playwrights a chance ought to be satisfied at last. Judging from preliminary announcements and from the first productions of new plays already given, the stage is to be almost monopolized during the coming season by American-made dramas, observes the Chicago Tribune. Practically every one of the novels by American writers which was successful during the last year has been dramatized and awaits production by a star of greater or less magnitude. The result of the season, from a box-office standpoint, should be a fair test of the drawing power of home-made dramas. If a majority of the new plays are financially successful hereafter the United States will be independent of the effete monarchies of Europe in a dramatic way, as it has recently become in so many other directions. Before long we may have England, Germany and France sending over to this country for dramas and farces, as they now send for canned beef and wheat.

#### The Gardener Told Them.

A party of young men and women were bicycling along a country road. It was a sketching class, and every eye was wide open for an artistic subject. Suddenly the whole party dismounted with various exclamations of delight and surprise.

Just within the fence on the left grew innumerable graceful stalks, each bearing aloft globes of pale green that shaded into gray and purple.

"How enchanting!" said a young woman.

"How decorative!" said a young man.

"Just what we are looking for," said the teacher, a full-fledged artist.

A gardener was standing near at hand.

"Do tell us," cried a girl, "what those beau-ti-ful things are."

"Which?" replied the gardener.

"Why, those," said the girl.

"Them," said the gardener, with a chuckle. "Them's onions gone to seed."—New York World.

#### Power of a Uniform.

The United States army is clever enough to appreciate the attractive power of a handsome uniform. The gaudy posters, printed in blue, red, white and gold, which the recruiting offices stick up in government buildings and on trees, fences and cliffs, barn doors, roofs and assembly rooms, illustrating the several branches of the service, do more to secure enlistment than all the war talk and promises of promotion put together. The prospect of strutting around in a bright uniform causes young and old men to bury the thought of hardship. The ambition to show off is well-nigh universal.—New York Press.

A scientific journal declares that red-haired people are less likely to become bald than those that have hair of other colors. Well, what of it? When a person has been red-headed until he is old enough to be bald, he has usually become resigned to his fate.

#### GUILT PURSUED THEM

ELOPERS FOUND THE WORLD TOO SMALL.

This Couple Couldn't Find a Hiding Place on Earth—A Divorce Wanted—Arrested After a Bloody Tragedy.

"I never knew until now how small this world is and what little chance a person has of hiding in it," wrote Mrs. Julia Falcone of 552 Second avenue, New York, to her well-to-do tailor husband, who had sent her to Europe for her health. His brother, Giovanni Falcone, it is alleged, had found her visiting the Paris fair with Giuseppe Cavalleri, her husband's barber.

Falcone has brought suit for absolute divorce and has sued Cavalleri, who is wealthy and lives at 205 East Thirtieth street, for \$30,000 damages for alleged alienation of his wife's affections.

Falcone began to patronize Cavalleri's barber shop two years ago, and soon became friendly with the barber. Cavalleri often called at Falcone's house, and according to her husband's complaint, became infatuated with Mrs. Falcone. She reciprocated his affection, it is said, and grew cold toward her husband, who declares that for two years his wife cooked the barber's dinner and sent it to his shop. At the time the husband did not know this.

Mrs. Falcone complained that her health was undermined. Her husband bought her a ticket for the steamship Patria, and she sailed for Marseilles April 10. Three weeks later the husband swears he received a letter from his brother, who lives in France, saying he had seen his wife at the Paris exposition with Cavalleri.

Falcone, a short time ago, received information that Cavalleri was coming back to this country to dispose of his house, and in the future would live abroad. He also received a letter from his wife stating she had run off with the barber because she loved him and no longer cared for her husband.

Cavalleri arrived in New York a few days ago. The husband obtained an order for his arrest from Judge Dugro, and he was lodged in Ludlow street jail. He is now held under \$1,000 bonds to await the outcome of the suit.

A. J. Oishel of 302 Broadway, the husband's lawyer, told a reporter that Cavalleri's arrest saved his life, as his client was waiting for him in a hall-way, intending to shoot him on sight.

#### Rich Men Too Greedy.

If I had my way there would be a law requiring men to retire from business as soon as they gain a competency, says a writer in the New York Press. Our population is increasing so rapidly that there is nothing for the newcomers to do. The aged encumber the ground. We don't want the dear old veterans to die, but to retire to ease and comfort on the interest of their investments. What a happy jolly, contented world this would be if the successful man should step down and out at 50 and give the boys a chance. But he will never do it. He works harder at 60 than at 40, harder at 70 than at 30. It is a kind of insanity. The poor, starved, friendless creature is obliged to toil on and die in his poverty, but the rich man, the fortunate millionaire, toils on because his soul is filled with greed for gold and dies in his riches poorer than the other.

#### Growth of the Button Industry.

The shell or button industry on the upper Mississippi river is growing to enormous proportions. The crew of the Gen. Barnard have had occasion to observe this. They report that on their down trip between La Crosse, Wis., and Clarksville, Mo., they counted 1,627 men and women in the main channel of the river engaged in getting out shells from the stream. At a year ago they counted only 716. Of course there are a great many in the sloughs behind the islands, etc., that were not counted. They estimate that no less than 5,000 people earn a living gathering shells. Just below Dubuque 120 were counted in one patch. Button factories have been established in every town along the river and in Muscatine there are twenty-two. Five or six steamboats of 100 tons capacity do nothing else but tow shells.

#### Yale Graduates.

Of the graduates of Yale university from 1895 to 1899 only 29 per cent were from New England, while 33 per cent were from the middle Atlantic states, 22 per cent from the north central states and 7 per cent from the South. It is also a striking fact that a large proportion of the graduates adopt business careers. At the beginning of the century a mere handful became business men, while now the percentage is one-third, another third entering the law.

#### Crusade Against English Sparrows.

Rufus Hendrick of Wakefield about a year ago began a crusade against the English sparrows of that town, and through the co-operation of boys with guns he has managed to destroy 6,000 birds and 6,500 eggs. He began with \$30, raised by subscription, and offered the boys 3 cents for each bird killed and \$1 per hundred for eggs taken from the nests. His fund was soon exhausted, but he succeeded in raising more money.

#### Found a Submarine Volcano.

The British cruiser Ringoomba, while practicing recently off the New Hebrides, lost a torpedo, which sunk suddenly at seventeen fathoms. Three divers attempted to descend and recover it, but were unable, as they came upon a submarine volcano in activity. The water below the surface was boiling hot; the men bled from the ears and the nose, and their diving dress was injured by the heat.

#### WATCH FOR ST. LOUIS.

It Will be Manufactured for the Louisiana Purchase Exposition.

Already novel features and schemes for attractions at the St. Louis fair of 1903 are being planned. One of these already announced will be a mammoth watch. It will lie on its back, having a polished metal case just like the ordinary watch, and will be so large and roomy inside that people will be able to walk around in it among the moving wheels. It will be nearly 75 feet in diameter and more than 40 feet high, with neat little stairways running all about it, and all the wheels properly protected, so that no one can be hurt. The balance wheel will weigh a ton and the "hair spring" will be as thick as a man's wrist. It will take about two minutes for the balance wheel to swing around and back again. It will be pivoted on two enormous agate blocks, substitutes for diamonds, and will be made of brass. One of the greatest difficulties will be in getting the balance spring of the size and strength that can stand the strain and keep its elasticity. The main spring, of course, will be an enormous affair, something over 300 feet in length and made of 10 spring steel bands two inches thick, bound together, as it would be impossible to roll so large a piece, either in thickness or length. The projector of the enterprise claims, of course, that the scheme has an educational side. Those who visit the watch will be given instructions, with practical illustrations on the care of a watch. Guides will point out and name every part, with its uses and its proportionate movement. The watch will be wound by steam regularly at a certain hour during the day, to impress upon watch carriers the necessity of a watch having regular hours, whether its owner has or not.—Philadelphia Record.

#### He Shortened It.

A pompous butler one day announced some callers as follows: "Mr. Edwin Algernon Pembroke Penny, Mrs. Edwin Algernon Pembroke Penny and Miss Maud Victoria Penny." Other arrivals were announced at equal length and with equal solemnity. Before the next "at home" the master of the house suggested that so much repetition and elaboration was unnecessary; that he would prefer to have his guests announced more briefly. The magnificent being bowed grave assent and said nothing. But his feelings had been wounded and he was, unlike most of his kind, as clever as he was majestic. A few days later he arrived with Mr. and Mrs. Penny and Miss Penny. When they had ascended the stairs they paused an instant at the drawing room door; the next they heard themselves briskly announced to their dismayed hosts in the comprehensive formula, "Threepeople."—Wellesley Magazine.

#### Best For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. Cacaex's help nature, cure you without a grip or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. Cacaex's Candy Chocolate, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C.C.C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

The cigar makers of Tampa, Fla., have shipped this year a total of \$5,000,000 cigars, an increase of \$1,000,000 over last year. Just now they are sending out simple holiday packages from which they expect much.

#### Wanted.

A traveling salesman in each Southern State; \$50 to \$80 per month and traveling expenses experience not absolutely necessary. Address PENICKS TOBACCO WORKS CO., Penicks, Va.

In 1890 there were more strikes in Germany than in any previous year, the total reaching 1,297. The number of men who left their work was 100,779 and the number of establishments of which the employees struck was 7,113. The cost of the troubles is estimated at \$625,251.

Each package of PUTNAM FADELESS DYE colors either Silk, Wool or Cotton perfectly at one boiling. Sold by all druggists.

#### To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take LAXATIVE BROWN QUININE TABLETS. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Money is about to be collected in Holland and Belgium for a statue to Mr. Kruger, which will be erected on the embankment at Fushing, near the statue of Admiral de Ruyter.

If you want "good digestion to wait upon your appetite" you should always chew a bar of Adams' Peppin Tutti Frutti.

Those interested in the Pennsylvania coal trade figure that the strike in the anthracite region has cost this far about \$182,000. \$4,685,000 being the loss in wages sustained by the strikers themselves.

Carter's Ink is just as cheap as poor ink and is the best ink made. Always use Carter's.

Twenty-nine cases of sudden death in three days is Chicago's recent record. Physicians say that great changes in the weather and temperature were in large part responsible for the deaths.

The Best Prescription for Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S FASTNESS CURE TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a delicious form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

The population of the Berlin suburb Charlottenburg is in a seriously unstable condition. Last year 44,718 of the population of 174,531 left the city and \$3,744 from elsewhere took their place.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

#### How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

Dr. J. C. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. We have been treating Catarrh for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WALDING, KINMAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 50c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The Russian emperor has contributed the sum of 2,400 rubles from his own pocket towards the study of the flora of European Russia, Siberia, Turkestan, the Caucasus and Crimea.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'Brien, 322 Third Ave., N. Y., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

The Chicago Historical society has a fine new building that cost \$125,000, and a library of over 20,000 bound volumes and 60,000 unbound volumes, besides many busts, paintings, etc.

## HOW WEAK CHILDREN ARE MADE STRONG, VIGOROUS AND WELL



Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Hallows, of Peckham St., Globe Village, Fall River, Mass., have cause to thank Dr. Greene's Nervura for restoring to health, and probably preserving the life of their little son. Almost from infancy Everett Hallows was troubled with indigestion and nervous troubles, and nothing seemed to help him. Finally Dr. Greene's Nervura was recommended and tried with success. A few bottles were sufficient to effect a cure, and to-day the little one is enjoying the best of health. By the use of Dr. Greene's Nervura the sickly child was transformed into a happy, hearty, robust boy.

## Dr. Greene's Nervura for the Blood and Nerves

Thousands of other children can thank Dr. Greene and his wonderful remedy for the strength and health they enjoy. Children to whom it is given have less sickness, better health, better growth, and longer and more vigorous lives. Parents should realize that it is their duty to give it to every child who is not in perfect health. There are no diseases more dreaded by parents than fits, epilepsy, and St. Vitus' dance. Yet no child would be troubled by them if Dr. Greene's Nervura were given when the first symptoms appear.

Charles L. McBay, a highly esteemed police officer, who resides at 14 Myrtle St., New Bedford, Mass., says:

"About two years ago my little daughter became run down in health and suffered from St. Vitus' dance. Soon after she was prostrated by rheumatism, which severely affected her low limbs."

"After trying various remedies without obtaining relief, she began taking Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, and experienced immediate benefit. She continued its use, and after taking two bottles her rheumatism was practically cured. Her appetite returned, her pains disappeared, she was again able to walk without lameness, her general health was restored, and she was able to attend school and to play like other children."

Dr. Greene's Nervura, blood and nerve remedy, is the prescription and discovery of the well-known Dr. Greene, of 35 West 14th Street, New York City, who is the most successful specialist in curing all forms of nervous and chronic complaints, and he can be consulted in any case, free of charge, personally or by letter.

### Satisfaction

is unusual with "Five-Cent cigar smokers," but it has been the everyday experience of hundreds of thousands of men who have smoked Old Virginia Cherooots during the last thirty years, because they are just as good now—in fact, better than when they were first made.

Three hundred million Old Virginia Cherooots smoked this year. Ask your own dealer. Price, 3 for 5 cents.

### FREE WINCHESTER SHOTGUNS

Our 160 page illustrated catalogue.

FACTORY LOADED SHOTGUN SHELLS the winning combination in the field or at the trap. All dealers sell them.

FREE WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS CO. 180 WINCHESTER AVE., NEW HAVEN, CONN.

Factory loaded shotgun shells, "NEW RIVAL," "LEADER," and "REPEATER." A trial will prove their superiority.

### W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES \$3.50

WE USE FAST COLOR EYELETS

One pair of W. L. Douglas \$3 or \$3.50 shoes will give you more value than two pairs of ordinary \$3 or \$3.50 shoes.

FACTORY BROOKTON, MASS.

### Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup

Cures a cough or cold at once. Conquers cough, bronchitis, grippe and consumption. 25c.

### FIT'S STOPPED FREE

Permanently Cured Instantly Prevented by DR. KLINE'S GREAT URINE RESTORE

Positive cure for all Nervous Diseases, Fits, Epilepsy, Spasms and St. Vitus' Dance. No cure—no pay. Price 50c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

### DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY

Give quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials sent 10 days' treatment free. Dr. H. H. GREEN & SONS, Box 1, Atlanta, Ga.

That Little Book For Ladies, 10 cents. ALICE MASON, ROCHESTER, N. Y.

Am. N. U., No. 44, 1900.

### Plantation Chill Cure is Guaranteed

To Cure, or Money Refunded by Your Merchant, so Why Not Try It? Price 50c.



# THE PEOPLES ADVOCATE.

"THE LOVE OF COUNTRY GUIDES."

VOL. IX.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1900.

NO. 27.

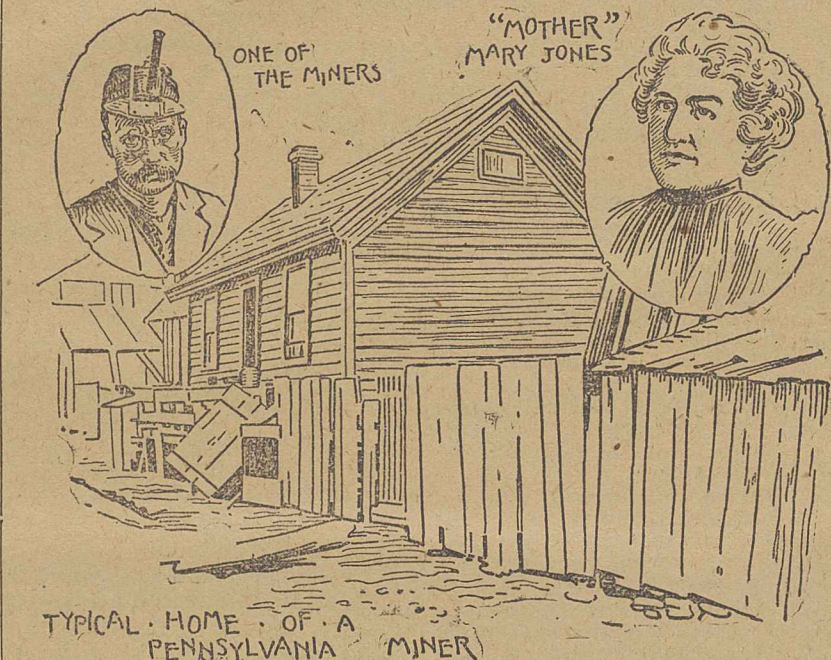
## How Pennsylvania Coal Miners Work and Live.

MOST people going for the first time into the region of the great anthracite mines would at once put the mine workers and their families in a class apart from the ordinary human beings, writes Paul Latzke, in the Detroit Free Press. The newspaper accounts have paved the way for this, and the appearance of the men and boys in their working outfit clinches the impression. No other body of laborers in the world carry such strong external evidences of their vocation. From the top of their heads, where their mining lamps flare from the peaks of their queer shaped caps, to their feet, shod with great, grimy, thick-soled, clamping boots, the mine workers bear the obtrusive stamp of their trade. They look uncanny, fierce, take the most mild mannered and offensive little man that lives, clothe him in the miners' regalia, let him hammer for eight or ten hours underground, and he will come up a fearful object. The most courageous woman from the outside world would run from such a man at the least demonstration. Should she unexpectedly meet him at dark on a lonely road, having never seen a miner before, she would probably have an attack of hysteria.

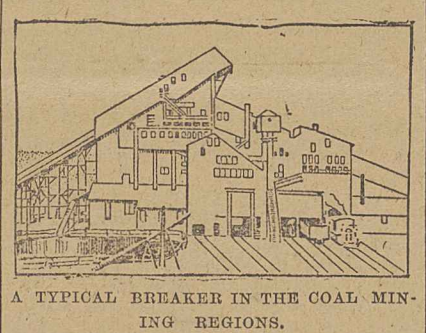
The faces of the men are hard and seamed and hollow, and thick with coal dust, they are almost less than human to the unaccustomed gaze. Their eyes are outlined with crows' feet, no matter how young they may be, and they have a peculiar squinting look, due to their constant working in the half gloom of the coal tunnels. It is recorded of some of the mules that pull coal cars in the mines, that, having worked for years underground without once coming up, they have gone instantly blind, on being exposed to the daylight. In a measure it is so with the men and boys who spend their working hours day after day underground. The daylight gives them an uncomfortable sensation, and they acquire the habit of screwing up their eyes that finally affects all the muscles of the face.

It is owing to these strongly marked peculiarities that the mine workers are put down at first by newspaper correspondents and writers in the district as something apart. Even the trained observer requires some time to accustom himself to their striking appearance and to realize that after all these men are like other men, and that their women, though they have absorbed many of the characteristics of the men, are like other women. It is not until he has spent a little time among the miners that he comes to regard them as ordinary workmen. On a Sunday or holiday with the grime washed off their faces, their mining lamps hung away, their working clothes removed, the men look an entirely different lot of human beings. Then it is only by their crows' feet

them down as being underpaid as a class. Compared with other forms of work, mining, even in its highest form, is little more than unskilled labor, and the scale of prices may seem high. But in determining the earnings of miners as compared with the earnings of other laborers, a number of things are to be taken into consideration. The character of their work is extra hazardous. Every time a man goes down the shaft he puts himself at the mercy of all sorts of dangers over which he has no control. Gas explosions, a "squeeze," the falling of a mass of coal, and a dozen other things menace his life every mo-



ment that he is underground. And so shrewdly have the operators managed that the financial penalty for an accident never falls on them. In almost any other pursuit in which an employee is killed his family has a chance of claiming damages. In the coal mines no one ever dreams of putting in such a claim as a legal right. Many diligent inquiries I made to find a case where a coal operator had been mulcted in damages, for injury and loss of life, but none could be found.



There was a hazy story that an unknown operator had once paid the family of an unknown driver boy, who was killed, \$75. But this case could not be traced within the time at the ordinary man's disposal. Most of the operators make some sort of reparation about the works to the men crippled in their employ, and where the father is killed a place is generally found for the boys if there are any in the family. But such a thing as a cash settlement is never dreamed of.

The little chance that the miners had in this direction was skillfully taken from them by a piece of legislation that was passed, "in the interest of miners" and that was hailed with joy by the men at that time. This was the creation of county examining boards, to insure miners' licenses. Without such license no man can mine coal. The men foolishly thought that this would protect them from unskilled competition, and especially from the competition of the foreigners that were pouring into the region. They soon found, however, that the protection didn't protect. The county boards are paid a fee for each



and the paleness of their skins, due to their underground life, that they are to be recognized. The first time I ever saw a considerable body of the miners together was a Sunday mass meeting before the big strike was called. I was amazed at the likeness to their pictured appearance. For all that any one could have told the mass meeting might have been at Cooper Union in New York. The only difference was that most of the men—and women, too, for there were lots of women in the crowd—were much better dressed than the crowd that



A GROUP OF BREAKER BOYS AT THE MOUTH OF A COLLIERY INCLINE.

turn out at Cooper Union mass meetings. If the miners and mine laborers were engaged in work of an ordinary character, no one would think of putting

license they issue. Naturally county politicians are not going to work against their own politics by refusing licenses to men prepared to pay for the luxury. So the "license" has de-

generated into a farce, in so far as it serves as a protection against competition, and danger from the presence of poor workmen. But for the operating companies the measure has proved a great thing. By employing only "licensed" miners they are released legally from all responsibility for accidents. If a miner is buried under tons of coal and rock when he is at work, the fault is his own. If the laborer working at his side is also killed, the laborer's relatives may look to the family of the "licensed" miner for damages, but not to the operator. If there is an explosion of gas, the miner in whose chamber it occurs is the responsible party.

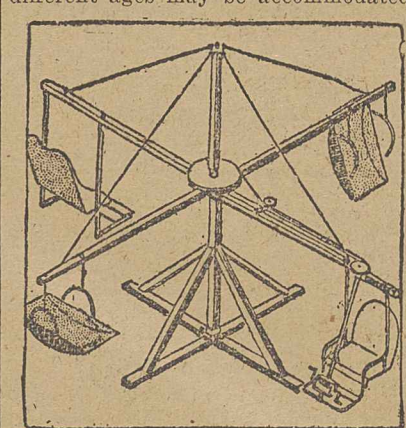
The operator hired him on the strength of his license, the possession of which presupposes that the man knows all about gas, and how to get away from the chambers where it lies before it accumulates in dangerous quantities. The "fire boss" who inspects the mine every morning for gas on behalf of



the operator warns the miners as they go in when gas may be expected and it is up to the miners to avoid explosions. This is what the "license" has done for the men.

"Mother" Mary Jones, "queen of the mines" and the idol of the miners, occupies a unique place in the world of labor. This kind-hearted, philanthropic woman is so loved by the rough delvers of the coal mines in the anthracite regions that with them her word is tantamount to law. Mrs. Jones is fifty-six years old, silver-haired and beautiful. Her voice has been sweetly eloquent in behalf of the workers whose cause she has adopted, and her appeals have won unstinted sympathy for her simple, hard laboring friends. She lives at Wilkesbarre.

New Nursery Carousels. If the invention shown in this illustration does not serve to give the children many hours of thorough enjoyment then we miss our guess. Almost every child is ready to ride on a merry-go-round as often as invited, and with this machine set up in the nursery the invitation can be given many times a day without soundering a nickel. The inventor's intention is to have one of the older children propel the carousel by means of pedals located as shown. The seats are adjustable, in order that children of different ages may be accommodated.



and the baskets were for the babies. The vertical post is pivoted in standards secured to the ceiling and floor, and the horizontal arms are rigidly attached to this central post. The pedal shaft is connected to a shaft parallel to the supporting arm by a chain or cord running over the pulleys, and power is thus transmitted from the pedals to the inner end of the shaft, where a gear wheel, meshing with a toothed disk attached to the standard, the revolution of the shaft driving the machine around.

High Lights. Weak coffee often nerves a man sufficiently not to tip the waiter. Other people's blunders either educate us or make us more conceited. Good luck is simply having the ability to get on a car that is going your way.

The cheerful life is like all other entertainments; we have to seek it out and pay to get in.

We like the people who don't put on too much style and the people who don't put on too little.

When we try to blame other people for our mistakes we usually get hold of the wrong person.

Police people are those who listen to us while we talk about something they have no earthly interest in.

## STATE NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD

Current Topics of General Interest from Various Sections of Alabama.

### TERRIBLE TRAGEDY IN MARENGO COUNTY.

General Wheeler Voices His Fealty to Democracy—Big Increase in Birmingham's Bank Clearings—Brevities.

A terrible tragedy was enacted near Linden a few days ago, according to the reports which have been received, resulting in the shooting down of J. I. Breckenridge, a well-known planter, by his eldest son, Ed, who acted in defense of his mother and himself, who were threatened with death by the infuriated husband and father, whose anger had been aroused while under the influence of liquor. It seems that the old gentleman's madness, influenced by the effects of liquor, reached its climax, when he ran upon Eddie and his mother with a gun, saying: "I've said I was going to kill you both and now is my time," whereupon Ed fired upon him with a shotgun, killing him instantly. A few years ago Breckenridge shot and killed a Mr. Nolan.

### Sensational Whipping Near Florence.

The sensational whipping of Wm. Phillips near Rogersville, Colbert county, by the indignant people of that community for the alleged inhuman treatment of his wife, whom it is charged died from the results of his shameful treatment, has caused a genuine sensation. Williams was arrested and tried on the charge of causing the death of his wife, and was committed to jail. He was taken from the constable in charge by forty citizens and whipped with hickories. The party acted in an orderly manner and turned the prisoner over to the constable after they had finished their work. Mrs. Williams was a consumptive, formerly of Tennessee. The most prominent citizens in the east end of the county took part in the whipping.

### Death of Joseph Seldon.

Joseph Seldon, one of Marengo county's best known and most beloved citizens, died at Uniontown Saturday. Captain Seldon was fatally burned in his apartments at the Pickering hotel during the morning. It is supposed that a mosquito bar in his bedroom was ignited by a lighted match and the flames were communicated to the body of Captain Seldon. During the war between the states Captain Seldon raised and equipped, at his own expense, the famous Seldon's battery. He was a gallant soldier and had innumerable friends throughout Alabama.

### Two New Industries.

The information was given out in Birmingham through the Commercial club that two important new industries have been secured for this district. They are a stove factory and a cement plant, both of which will be located at North Birmingham. Together they will employ about 250 men and will represent investments aggregating \$100,000. Sites have been selected for the plants and plans are now being drawn up for the buildings, but names of the parties behind the enterprise are withheld for the present.

### Wheeler Refutes Roosevelt's Statement.

In a speech at Decatur Friday, which was a number not on his programme in the district, caused by the stinging animadversions appearing in the Huntsville Mercury on his alleged bad democratic faith, General Wheeler declared his undying allegiance to the democratic party, announced his fealty to W. J. Bryan, and completely refuted Governor Roosevelt's statement that he was supporting the republican party.

### Big Increase in Bank Clearings.

The clearings of the Birmingham banks for October were \$4,182,844.52, as against \$3,466,705.01 for the same month last year, an increase for this year of \$716,139.51. The largest previous month's record is that of March, this year, when the clearings reached \$3,751,984.91.

### A Big Plant Starts Up.

The million dollar iron bridge plant, located at New Decatur some time ago, has started up, but as some of the machinery has not yet arrived, the plant is only employing about twenty-five men at present. New machinery is arriving every day, however, and before many weeks more the plant will be running on full time, with 800 or more operatives.

## FEDERAL POSTAL REPORT.

Magnificent Progress of the Service is Shown.

The report of the auditor of the postoffice department covering the fiscal year ended June 30, 1900, shows that the total revenues for the department for that period were \$102,354,579 and the expenditures \$107,249,298, leaving a deficit of \$4,894,718. The amount of stamps, stamped envelopes, newspaper wrappers and postal cards sold during the year was \$94,018,699. The amount of second-class postage collected from publishers and news agents was \$8,825,389.

The inland mail transportation account shows a total expenditure of \$4,781,599 and the foreign account an expenditure of \$1,956,701. The receipts from the domestic money order system during the year is shown to have been \$1,915,462, and the expenditures \$668,867, net revenue of \$1,246,595. Notwithstanding this favorable showing, the auditor says that if charged its proper share of the expenses of the service there would be shown a net loss of at least \$100,000 annually.

The report shows that the population of the United States in 1790 was 4,000,000; in 1900 it is over 76,000,000. The wealth of the people in real and personal property probably aggregated \$2,000,000,000 in 1790, and is conservatively estimated at \$80,000,000,000 in 1900. The number of postoffices was seventy-nine in 1790, and is 76,691 in 1900. The postal revenues were \$87,975 in 1790 and \$102,354,579 in 1900.

Therefore, while the population of the country has increased 19 to 1 in 110 years, and the wealth of the people 40 to 1, the number of postoffices has increased 1,000 to 1 and the revenues of the service 2,700 to 1.

### HOT FIGHT WITH CHINESE.

Anglo-German Force Meets With Stubborn Resistance.

A dispatch from Ichow dated October 28, says heavy fighting has occurred in the mountains on the Shensi frontier. An Anglo-German force of 1,500 men, commanded by Colonel Von Norman, stormed Tzeching-Kung Pass. The Chinese occupied a strong position on the crest and stubbornly resisted. They poured a hot inflaming fire on the advance party of eighty Germans under Maj. Von Forrester, but the British Bengal cavalry and Mounted Sappers dismounted, scaled the heights and turned the enemy's flank and relieved the Germans.

### American Firm Wins.

In competition with European manufacturers, says a London dispatch, an American steel company has obtained an order for \$5,000,000 worth of rolling stock for South African railways. Wehner, Beit & Co., one of the great South African mining corporations, asked for a bid on coal wagons, to be delivered to the mines at the earliest possible date. The Pressed Steel Car Company, of Pittsburgh, is the successful bidder.

### Aguinaldo Killed Again.

James C. Hussey, of National City, Cal., has received a letter from James Thompson, a private in C company, Twenty-seventh infantry, written while he was in the hospital at Manila, and dated September 1, in which the writer says that a young Filipino occupying a bed next to him in the hospital stated that Aguinaldo was really shot dead as reported some time ago, but that it was to be kept quiet for political reasons.

### Georgia Legislators Fight.

A special from Valdosta says: It leaked out that a fight occurred on the special train carrying the Georgia legislature here to attend the state fair. There was a difficulty between some of the members and it is understood that Mr. Hardin, of Wilkes, was stabbed by Senator Hardaway.

Mr. Hardin was put off the train at Forsyth for medical treatment. Several other members, including Mr. McCann, of Chatham, received slight injuries in their efforts to separate the belligerents. It is said the men were the best of friends, and whisky is given as the cause.

### Big Find of Pearls.

Discovery of pearls in the upper Mississippi river has caused a tremendous rush to the clam beds. House boats are crowding the river, and more than 1,000 persons are encamped along the river bank. One of the pearls recently found weighed 100 grains, and is said to be the largest perfect pearl yet taken from the river. It sold for \$8,000.

## A CHECK ON CASTELLANE

French Court Appoints George Gould Trustee for the Countess.

### THE COUNT OWES \$4,500,000

Mr. Gould, Brother of the Countess, Brought the Suit Because the Young Nobleman Had Impaired His Wife's Vast Fortune—The Latter's Debts and Expenditures—Action of Gould Family.

Paris (By Cable).—The Civil Tribunal has appointed George J. Gould trustee for the Countess Boni de Castellane, his sister.

The action in the case was the result of a suit brought by Mr. Gould against his sister. The proceedings were conducted in secret session.

Maitre Bonnet, when applying for the trusteeship, informed the President of the court that the Countess herself recognized that the expenditure had been too lavish, and that it was necessary for some one of experience and authority to manage her affairs. He went on to say that, although the Countess was a consensual party to the trusteeship, it was desirable that he should furnish precise details.



COUNT AND COUNTESS DE CASTELLANE.

The income of the Countess, he went on to set forth, was 3,000,000 francs (\$750,000). Since the marriage \$15,000,000 francs (\$2,895,000) had been expended and the debts now amounted to fully 23,000,000 francs (\$4,439,000).

The Gould family had met in consultation and unanimously decided to authorize George Gould to make the present application.

The debts, Maitre Bonnet said, were the following:

3,702,000 francs (\$714,480) in connection with the Chantilly Bazar building and the hotel in the rue Malakoff, etc., etc.  
6,585,260 francs (\$1,270,955) on mortgages payable from 1900 to 1909.  
4,293,155 francs (\$828,578) on bills, money borrowed.

9,109,000 francs (\$1,756,300) owing to crypto dealers.

Maitre Bonnet went on to assert that the creditors distrained on the Seine et Oise property and that the family had to intervene to prevent the sale.

With regard to the fitness of George Gould to be trustee, Maitre Bonnet pointed out that his fortune was larger than that of the Countess, that authority based on affection would be great, and that nobody was better qualified, as it was George Gould who was appointed executor of his father's will. Another consideration was that the clearing away of the debts would take a number of years, and that therefore it would be wise to economize and not to go to the expense of a paid trustee.

The tribunal, taking this view, declared the plaintiff "possessed, better than any other, of the necessary position and authority to assist the defendant."

The Boni de Castellanes are now staying in the country together.

### EARTHQUAKE IN FLORIDA.

Eight Distinct Shocks Make Window Panes Rattle in Jacksonville.

Jacksonville, Fla. (Special).—Eight distinct earthquake shocks were felt in Jacksonville. The first shock was at 11.10 o'clock a. m., and shook some of the large buildings in the city. At 11.25 o'clock another shock equally as severe was felt, and other shocks continued at fifteen-minute intervals until 12.30 o'clock.

At 4.04 o'clock p. m. the seventh shock was felt, and was followed four minutes later by a report and shock, the severest of the day. The last disturbance made the window panes rattle in several sections of the city. The vibrations passed from south to north.

### SIX-YEAR-OLD MURDERER.

Boy Strikes a Playmate a Fatal Blow With a Toy Shovel.

Chicago. (Special).—Because he kicked over a little sandstone, Ernest Didier, nine years old, was killed with a toy shovel in the hands of six-year-old George Waterman. In childish rage, the smaller boy struck the other on the back of the head, fracturing his skull.

The boy who struck the fatal blow is too young to be amenable to the law.

### The Strength of the Army.

In his annual report for the year ending June 30, 1900, Adjutant-General Corbin, at Washington, shows that the regular army consists of 2555 officers and 63,881 enlisted men, and the volunteer army of 1548 officers and 31,075 enlisted men, a grand total of 98,730.

### Earthquakes Destroy a Whole Town.

The earthquake in Venezuela destroyed the town of Guaranas, resulting in the loss of twenty-five lives.

### Killed Husband For Insurance.

William Hilger, a young carpenter, of Hoonole, Ill., was shot and killed by his wife. She has confessed. Hilger carried \$3000 life insurance in the Woodmen. The desire for the money is the supposed motive.

### Abruzzi on a Rescue Mission.

The Duke of Abruzzi, the Arctic explorer and cousin of the King of Italy, has chartered the Gothenburg whaler Capella to proceed to Franz Josef Land in search of three missing Arctic exploration expeditions.

## TO EXCLUDE EMPRESS DOWAGER

From Participation in the Government of China.

A Washington dispatch says: It was stated Saturday that outside of the questions of indemnity, punishments, etc., now under negotiation at Peking, there are three vital and far-reaching questions to be determined, viz: First, the removal of the empress dowager, personally and through the influence of her advisors, from all participation in the Chinese government; second, the creation of an indemnity by an increase of China's customs revenue, either by the payment of the duties in gold, instead of depreciated silver, as at present; or else by doubling the present silver duties from 5 per cent. to 10 per cent ad valorem, and, third, the establishment of a minister of foreign affairs in place of the old and cumbersome Tsung Li Yamen.

The demand for the retirement of empress is said to result from the conclusion now generally accepted that the imperial government of China was responsible for the Boxer uprising. As the empress dowager was the ruling authority of the imperial government during the uprising this responsibility is brought home directly to her. There is understood to be no purpose, however, to visit upon her any personal punishment or indignity, but merely to so form the reconstructed government as to exclude her from all participation in it.

The plan of doubling China's customs duties has arisen from the need of finding a source to pay war indemnities, which the various powers demand.

## ACTIVESCOUTING.

Philippine Rebels Have Failed to Crush a Single Garrison.

Last week was devoted to active scouting in the Philippines. The insurgents, having failed to crush a single garrison, are now expecting a reaction.

Lieutenants Wilson and Dority, of the Forty-six Volunteer Infantry, destroyed large stores of rice, four garrisons and a barracks near Balo. Captain Atkinson, with thirty-four men of the Thirty-seventh Volunteer Infantry, attacked 190 insurgents under Colonel Valencia, recovering two American prisoners and capturing a considerable quantity of ammunition and supplies.

A native orchestra lured the United States troops from their quarters near Dagupan, while the insurgents attacked the rear, killing two Americans and wounding three.

### McSweeney Acts as Rabbi.

Governor McSweeney, of South Carolina, made a journey of 125 miles Saturday to perform a marriage ceremony, uniting Jewish maidens to gentle friends of the governor. Dr. William S. Lynch and Lawyer H. G. Askins were married to Esther Benjamin and Rose Lillian Benjamin respectively. The governor was asked to perform the ceremony as a compromise, the bride's declining to be married by Christian ministers and the grooms objecting to the Jewish ceremony. The service and prayer used by the governor contained about 800 words and were made up from the services of several denominations.

### Aged Woman Burned to Death.

The residence of the Rev. J. B. Wheatley, at Wheatley, Ky., was destroyed by fire a few days since. Mrs. Wheatley's aged mother, Mrs. A. J. Alexander, perished, and Rev. and Mrs. Wheatley were seriously injured while escaping from the burning building. The family is one of the most prominent in the county.

### Engagement With Boers.

Lord Roberts, in a dispatch from Johannesburg dated November 2, reports no less than eight fights at different points, all unimportant, but significant of the activity of the Boers.

General Kitchener, after a night march, surprised Schoeman's laager at Steenkampburg, and then pushed on to Schalkburg's laager at Rook-ranz, but the British were prevented from following up the Boers, who trekked north. Prisoners in the hands of the British say the Boer losses in the fight with General Barton October 25 were 140 killed, wounded or missing.

### Hearst Offers Big Reward.

W. R. Hearst, president of the National Association of Democratic clubs, has issued a statement to the 1,500,000 members of these organizations, in which he offers \$1,000 for the arrest and conviction of persons guilty of altering election returns, and \$5,000 for the first person telegraphing him information of this character which may lead to such a conviction.



# THE PEOPLE'S ADVOCATE.

Published - Every - Thursday  
J. F. NORMAN, Editor and Manager.

Entered at the postoffice at Columbia, Ala., as second-class mail matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:  
One copy one year, \$1.00  
One copy six months, .50  
One copy three months, .25

COLUMBIANA, NOV. 8, 1900.

## McKinley Elected.

The Republican party will have four years more to prove to the country that there is prosperity in the adoption of Republican principles. We have all along believed that McKinley would be elected; prices have climbed up in cotton, wheat and other products of the farm; the miners and other laborers have had employment most of the time for the past year, and nearly all the business interest of the country felt like letting well enough alone. They were willing to allow McKinley another term, in order to see if his financial views and the policies adopted by the Republican party could continue the wave of prosperity that is sweeping over the country. The people are more business-like and less sentimental than they have ever been, and should a panic come during the next four years the Republican party will be swept out of power by a big majority as they are now swept in by. The Advocate says give the Republicans a fair showing, if they can make the country prosper, let it come, and let them have full credit for it, and on the other hand if hard times come, we say charge it up to them and let them bear the blame. The Advocate is firmly fixed in its opinion that the permanent prosperity of the country depends on the enactment into law the Populist demands, but it is willing to give to either old party a fair showing when in power in order that they may bring prosperity if possible. What we want is prosperity and we are willing to take it through either of the old parties.

## Chinese Integrity.

But the likelihood of any Power making use of present complications to seize Chinese territory is fast diminishing. For, as we have said, the powers are tying their hands. While England and Germany were publishing the above compact, the United States was taking a further step forward to preserve the integrity of China and the entity of the Chinese government, in a recent note, made to the point that "the essential thing now is to show the Chinese government which has declared itself ready to negotiate, that the Powers are animated by the same spirit; that they are decided to respect the integrity of China and the independence of its government; but that they are none the less resolved to obtain the satisfaction to which they have a right." And in response to this note the government of the United States expressed its thorough accord with the French view that the essential thing now is to prove to the Chinese government that the Powers are ready to meet it in the path of peaceful negotiation, and that they are united in their repeatedly declared decision to respect the integrity of China and the independence of its government, while equally united in the resolve to obtain rightful satisfaction for the great wrongs they and their nations have suffered. It further expressed its belief that a formal assurance of the Powers to China to respect her territorial integrity and the entity of her government would hasten peace, and suggested the giving of such assurance. The American.

Mr. Bryan will have to wait four years longer.

McKinley has the whole thing and a wire fence around it.

Governor Samford is quite sick at the home of his son in Opelika.

Four years more of gold standard by that time, we can tell how we like it.

Instead of blushing for his country, Billy Mason is in four-flushing for his party.

The Boers still have 15,000 fighting men in the field, and are giving the English no end of trouble.

## POLITICS IN CUBA.

### No Lessening of the Objection to United States Influence.

Special Havana Correspondence of the N. Y. Evening Post.

Interest is growing in the constitutional convention, to meet on November 5, and the delegates are already gathering here. Their first concern, and apparently the concern of the majority of the people is as to whether the convention is to have a free hand. Delegates who have not arrived have been requested to be here some days in advance of the convention's assembling when a caucus is to be held to determine the advisability of requesting President McKinley to withdraw the provision in the call directing the convention to determine the relations between Cuba and the United States, and also to ask that the United States government keeps hands off and permit the convention to adopt such a frame of government as it may deem advisable for the people of Cuba, without consideration of what might satisfy in Washington. With political shrewdness, it is suggested that this request be forwarded to Washington, or to Canton, before the date of the Presidential election in the States. Another worry on the part of some of the delegates is the suspicion—almost belief—entertained that the Washington government is coaching some of the delegates, and that when the convention is ready to discuss a constitution, it will find one fully prepared for it. Governor Wood's declaration in New York, that the convention will be allowed to work its unhindered will, has not exercised this suspicion. A significant editorial in the La Lucub on this subject says:

"The delegates soon to convene must remember that they do not constitute an absolutely sovereign assembly in full control of the destinies of the country. They are brought together by the order of an irresistible foreign power, whose superiority in the Western Hemisphere cannot be disputed.

"This power is a factor without which we cannot organize our civil institutions any more than we could have conquered Spain without its assistance.

"With the moral and material aid of the United States, the ideal of separation from the mother country was obtained. The same reason which made military intervention necessary will compel close supervision of arrangements that will vitally affect mercantile and political interests."

Just when the convention will begin the consideration of the business for which it is called is uncertain. That depends on the time to be consumed in deciding on the election contests. It is probable that ultimately these contests will be decided on a partisan basis, and it is predicted that in that event a coalition of the Republicans and Democrats will out vote the Nationalists. But in the meantime there must be a semblance at least of judicial procedure, and this will involve, not merely a recounting of the ballots, but a minute examination of them, as the charges on which the contests are based are alleged fraudulent marking of the ballots.

Another preliminary subject of discussion in the convention may be the eligibility to some delegates, said to number ten, who are United States citizens. During the wars for liberty it was customary for Cuban citizens, at that time subjects of Spain, to go to the United States and take out papers of citizenship. Many of them returned to Cuba, and some of them were among the best fighters in the ranks of the Cuban army. Their patriotism for Cuba is unquestioned, but the objection to their participation in the convention is the old one that American citizens should not frame a constitution for Cuba.

This mixture of Cuban and United States citizenship, if it may be so called, is a result of the peculiar government relations growing out of the war and the liberation of Cuba. A striking example of it is furnished in the person of Senor Perfecto Lacoste, who, although Secretary of Agriculture for Cuba, is a citizen of the United States, registered in Cincinnati, and will vote there for McKinley.

Dr. Talmage has been preaching on the "sin of Gold Worship," a subject with which he ought to be familiar.

## The Heavens in November.

The most important astronomical events of November are the annular eclipse of the sun on the 21st and the meteoric shower of the 14th.

The first phenomenon is of little interest to America, since it takes place when our side of the earth is turned away from the sun. The path of the annular eclipse lies chiefly in the Indian Ocean, but crosses South Africa at one end and western Australia at the other. The duration of the annular phase is quite long, varying from five to nearly seven minutes.

There is more hope that we may see a great shower of the Leonid meteors this year; but those who, like the writer, watched in vain for them a year ago, are disposed to follow Hosea Biglow's advice, and not to prophesy unless they know. And there are several causes, any one of which, if fully operative, would prevent our seeing a conspicuous display.

The great shower of Leonids recorded in recent times were in 1799, 1833, 1866, 1867 and 1868. Taking the middle of the last three as the main shower, the interval between showers comes out 34 years, instead of the previously supposed 33½, and the next great shower is due in 1901, with perhaps smaller ones in 1900 and 1902.

This theory, which is due to Professor W. H. Pickering, seems to the writer of the present note to be the most probable explanation of the failure of the expected shower in 1899.

Even if the shower occurs, it may be that the impressive part of it, which lasts but a few hours, may be visible only in the Eastern Hemisphere, and that we may miss it.

In spite of all this uncertainty, it will be worth while to watch the sky on the nights of the 14th and 15th. For the great shower, if it does appear, will be one of the grandest of all natural phenomena, and at the same time one of sufficient rarity to make it doubly important not to lose a chance to see it.—Henry N. Russell in Scientific American.

## Tax Collectors Notice.

I will attend the following places at the times named below for the purpose of collecting the State and county taxes for the year 1900. Additional cost after January first.

### SECOND ROUND.

Helena, beat 6, Monday, Nov. 12.  
Turners Sta., beat 5, Tuesday, Nov. 13.  
Gurnee, beat 4, Wednesday, Nov. 14.  
Aldrich, beat 4, Thursday, Nov. 15.  
Montevallo, beat 4, Friday, Nov. 16.  
Calera, beat 3, Saturday, Nov. 17.  
Bold Springs, beat 13, Monday, Nov. 19.  
Highland, beat 12, Tuesday, Nov. 20.  
Pelham, beat 17, Wednesday, Nov. 21.  
Ganadurque, beat 7, Thursday, Nov. 22.  
Martins, beat 8, Friday, Nov. 23.  
Springs Creek, beat 2, Saturday, Nov. 24.  
Days X Road, beat 11, Monday, Nov. 26.  
Sterrett, beat 15, Tuesday, Nov. 27.  
Dunnivant, beat 18, Wednesday, Nov. 28.  
Vandiver, beat 14, Thursday, Nov. 29.  
Vincent, beat 16, Friday, Nov. 30.  
Creswell, beat 10, Saturday, Dec. 1.  
Harpersville, beat 10, Monday, Dec. 3.  
Wilsonville, beat 9, Tuesday, Dec. 4.  
Columbiana, beat 1, Wednesday, Dec. 5.  
Shelby, beat 1, Thursday, Dec. 6.

Will be in Columbiana from December 19th to the last of December, except the 25th. On all taxes not paid by January 1, 8 per cent interest and 50 cents collector's fee will be charged. Poll taxes are delinquent after December 1, and 8 per cent interest will be charged from then.

JOHN H. ROBERTSON,  
Tax Collector.

## Tax Assessors Rounds.

I will attend the following places at the times named below, for the purpose of assessing the state and county taxes for the year 1901. Additional cost after January first.

### SECOND ROUND.

Helena, beat 6, Monday, Nov. 12.  
Turners Sta., beat 5, Tuesday, Nov. 13.  
Gurnee, beat 4, Wednesday, Nov. 14.  
Aldrich, beat 4, Thursday, Nov. 15.  
Montevallo, beat 4, Friday, Nov. 16.  
Calera, beat 3, Saturday, Nov. 17.  
Bold Springs, beat 13, Monday, Nov. 19.  
Highland, beat 12, Tuesday, Nov. 20.  
Pelham, beat 17, Wednesday, Nov. 21.  
Ganadurque, beat 7, Thursday, Nov. 22.  
Martins, beat 8, Friday, Nov. 23.  
Springs Creek, beat 2, Saturday, Nov. 24.  
Days X Road, beat 11, Monday, Nov. 26.  
Sterrett, beat 15, Tuesday, Nov. 27.  
Dunnivant, beat 18, Wednesday, Nov. 28.  
Vandiver, beat 14, Thursday, Nov. 29.  
Vincent, beat 16, Friday, Nov. 30.  
Creswell, beat 10, Saturday, Dec. 1.  
Harpersville, beat 10, Monday, Dec. 3.  
Wilsonville, beat 9, Tuesday, Dec. 4.  
Columbiana, beat 1, Wednesday, Dec. 5.  
Shelby, beat 1, Thursday, Dec. 6.

Tax-payers will please meet me promptly with a full complete description of all real estate. Otherwise under the law, I cannot assess it. Bring a full and complete list of all your personal property and correct list. Will be in Columbiana from December 19th to the last day of December, except the 25th.

JOHN S. PITTS,  
Tax Assessor for Shelby County.

## Tax Sale.

The State of Alabama, Shelby County.

Under and by virtue of decrees of the Probate Court of said County, rendered on the 1st day of October, 1900, I will on Monday, the 12th day of November, 1900, proceed to sell at public outcry, to the highest bidder for cash, before the Court House door of said county, within the legal hours of sale, the following described parcels of real estate assessed to the following named persons and to Owner unknown, for the payment of the taxes, fees and costs, together with interest, as shown opposite or under each parcel, to-wit:

### BEAT 1.

Owner unknown—Northwest quarter of northeast quarter, section 3, township 22, range 1 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 12.52; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Northwest quarter of northeast quarter, section 17, township 22, range 1 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 12.53; printers fee.

Owner unknown—West half of northeast quarter, section 19, township 22, range 1 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 23.78; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Southwest quarter of northeast quarter, section 19, township 22, range 1 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 12.53; printers fee.

Owner unknown—South half of southeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 19, township 22, range 1 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 6.97; printers fee.

Owner unknown—East ½ of southwest ¼ and southwest ¼ of southwest ¼, section 10, township 24, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 30.40; printers fee.

Owner unknown—North ½ of north half of east half of southwest quarter of northeast quarter, section 14, township 21, range 1 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 2.95; printers fee.

Owner unknown—North half of northeast quarter, section 14, township 24, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 12.53; printers fee.

Owner unknown—North ½ of south east quarter of southwest quarter, section 22, range 2 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 7.01; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Southwest quarter of southwest quarter, section 32, township 21, range 1 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 10.55; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Northeast quarter of southwest quarter, section 31, township 21, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 6.37; printers fee.

Owner unknown—R-Northeast ¼ of northeast quarter, section 5, township 21, range 1 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 7.00; printers fee.

Owner unknown—West half of southwest quarter of northeast quarter, section 11, township 21, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 7.01; printers fee.

Owner unknown—50 acres in southwest quarter, section 25, township 21, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 15.29; printers fee.

### BEAT 2.

Owner unknown—Southwest quarter of northeast quarter, section 24, township 24, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 7.81; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Northeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 27, township 24, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 7.81; printers fee.

Owner unknown—West half of southwest quarter of northeast quarter, section 35, township 24, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 13.68; printers fee.

Owner unknown—West half of southwest quarter of northeast quarter, section 16, township 24, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 3.54; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Southeast quarter of southwest quarter, section 10, township 24, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 20.53; printers fee.

Owner unknown—West half of north west quarter of northeast quarter, section 14, township 24, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 4.68; printers fee.

Owner unknown—East half of south east quarter, section 14, township 24, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 14.18; printers fee.

Owner unknown—North ½ of southeast ¼ of southeast ¼, section 19, township 24, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 4.11; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Southeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 17, township 24, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 7.80; printers fee.

Owner unknown—South half of northeast quarter and southeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 19, township 24, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 34.38; printers fee.

JOHN H. ROBERTSON,  
Tax Collector.

Owner unknown—South half of south east quarter and southeast quarter of southwest quarter, section 22, township 24, range 1 east, years 97, 8 and 9, tax and cost 20.53; printers fee.

Owner unknown—North ½ of northeast quarter, section 23, township 24, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 7.81; printers fee.

Owner unknown—West half of southwest quarter, section 9, township 22, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 14.21; printers fee.

### BEAT 3.

Owner unknown—Southeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 5, township 24, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 13.24; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Northeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 12, township 24, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 14.44; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Northeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 10, township 22, range 2 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 14.44; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Ten acres in northeast quarter of northeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 29, township 24, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 6.74; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Two-thirds interest in northeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 3, township 24, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 11.14; printers fee.

### BEAT 4.

Owner unknown—South ½ of southeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 33, township 21, range 3 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 11.14; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Southwest quarter of northeast quarter, section 10, township 22, range 4 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 12.79; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Northwest quarter of northeast quarter, section 1, township 22, range 2 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 12.79; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Northeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 21, township 22, range 3 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 12.81; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Southwest quarter of southeast quarter and 20 acres in northwest quarter of southwest quarter of southwest quarter, section 11, township 24, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 28.32; printers fee.

Owner unknown—12 acres in northeast quarter of southwest quarter, section 3, township 24, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 4.39; printers fee.

Owner unknown—North half of northwest quarter, section 2, township 24, range 1 east, years 99, tax and cost 31.15; printers fee.

Owner unknown—35 acres in northeast quarter of southwest quarter, section 20, township 24, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 12.90; printers fee.

Owner unknown—10 acres in northeast quarter of southwest quarter of southwest quarter, section 20, township 24, range 1 east, years 99, tax and cost 4.40; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Ten acres in northeast quarter of southwest quarter, section 14, township 24, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 26.63; printers fee.

Owner unknown—75 acres in southeast quarter and northeast quarter, section 14, township 24, range 1 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 32.72; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Northeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 34, township 21, range 4 west, years 98 and 9, tax and cost 12.80; printers fee.

Owner unknown—½ interest in northeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 38, township 21, range 5 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 8.84; printers fee.

Owner unknown—30 acres north in northeast quarter, section 29, township 22, range 3 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 19.44; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Southwest quarter of northeast quarter, section 21, township 22, range 3 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 18.80; printers fee.

### BEAT 5.

Owner unknown—60 acres in northeast quarter and 35 acres in east end of northeast quarter, section 2, township 21, range 5 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 10.98; printers fee.

Owner unknown—½ interest in northeast quarter of southwest quarter, section 30, township 21, range 5 west, years 96, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 3.84; printers fee.

Owner unknown—25 acres in north half of northeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 26, township 21, range 5 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 8.55; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Southeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 27, township 20, range 4 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 2.24; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Southwest quarter of northeast quarter, section 27, township 20, range 4 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 3.49; printers fee.

Owner unknown—East half of northeast quarter, section 27, township 20, range 4 west, years 95, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 9.48; printers fee.

### BEAT 6.

Owner unknown—Northwest quarter of northeast quarter, section 6, township 21, range 3 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 8.97; printers fee.

Owner unknown—All of southwest quarter, section 28, township 20, range 3 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 31.39; printers fee.

### BEAT 7.

Owner unknown—Southeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 30, township 21, range 2 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 9.81; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Northeast quarter of southeast quarter, section 2, township 21, range 2 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 9.81; printers fee.

Owner unknown—East half of northeast quarter of southeast quarter, section 4, township 19, range 1 east, years 94, and 98. Tax and cost \$4.04; printers fee.

### BEAT 8.

Owner unknown—West half of north east quarter of northeast quarter and northeast quarter of southwest quarter, section 36, township 20, range 1 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 4.60; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Southwest quarter of southeast quarter, section 34, township 20, range 1 west, and northeast ¼ of northeast quarter, section 36, township 20, range 1 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 7.14; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Southeast quarter of southeast quarter, section 1, township 19, range 1 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 6.81; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Southwest quarter of southwest quarter, section 14, township 20, range 2 west, years 99, tax and cost 4.82; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Southwest quarter of northeast quarter, section 24, township 20, range 2 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 4.81; printers fee.

Owner unknown—East half of southeast quarter of the southeast quarter, section 23, township 20, range 1 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 4.27; printer fee.

Owner unknown—North half of northeast quarter of southwest quarter and northeast quarter of southeast quarter, section 11, township 19, range 1 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 9.15; printers fee.

Owner unknown—northeast quarter of southwest quarter, section 13, township 20, range 1 west, years 97, 8 and 9, tax and cost 4.82; printers fee.

## BEAT 9.

Owner unknown—Northwest quarter of southeast quarter, section 13 and 14, township 21, range 2 west, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 9.32; printers fee.

## BEAT 10.

Owner unknown—Northwest quarter of northeast quarter, section 34, township 19, range 2 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 9.48; printers fee.

Owner unknown—North half of southeast quarter (less 5 acres), section 18, township 19, range 3 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 16.55; printers fee.

Owner unknown—North half of northeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 6, township 20, range 3 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 5.49; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Northeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 20, township 19, range 2 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 16.19; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Five acres in southwest corner of northeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 14, township 20, range 2 east, years 99, tax and cost 2.03; printers fee.

Owner unknown—All of southwest quarter, section 18, township 20, range 2 east, years 94, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, tax and cost 33.60; printers fee.

Owner unknown—Northwest quarter of southeast quarter, section 18, township 20, range 2 east, years



PARKER

and Ford Station  
COLUMBIANA, ALA.

PLANATION BILE CURE is Guaranteed.

Sold by HALL DRUG COMPANY.

If it fails to cure go to your merchant  
AND GET YOUR MONEY BACK.  
We will refund to him. Price 50 cts.  
VAN VLEET-MANSFIELD DRUG CO.,  
Sole Proprietors, MEMPHIS, TENN.

# STATEMENT OF CONDITION

—OF—

GORDON DUBOSE, Banker,  
Columbiana, Ala.

At the close of business October 8, 1900.

Loans.....	\$40,467 28	Capital.....	\$15,000 00
Real Estate.....	7,000 00	Deposits.....	29,104 00
Cash.....	19,007 72	Re-discounts.....	22,371 00
Total.....	\$66,475 00	Total.....	\$66,475 00

I, E. E. Chapman, cashier of said bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true and correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.  
E. E. CHAPMAN.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 8th day of October, 1900.  
J. R. WHITE, Register in Chancery.

## LOOK, READ

AND

THINK HOW CHEAP THE FOLLOWING  
GOODS ARE:

thousand of dollarsworth  
of Dry Goods cheaper than any other  
store in the county.

Fifty thousand yards of Prints at  
1/2 to 6 cents a yard.

Thousands of yards of Dress Plaids  
at 20 cents a yard.

A large assortment of Fancy Dress  
Goods.

In Wool, Silk and Silk finished goods  
cheaper than any store in town.

One thousand 5 lb. bundles of rem-  
nant Percale Outings and Prints from  
50 cents to \$1.00 a bundle.

Five hundred pair Boys' and Mens'  
Suspenders from 10 cents to \$1 a pair.

Five thousand Mens' and Ladies'  
Handkerchiefs from 2c to 7c, each.

Five hundred Mens' and Boys' Hats  
from 20 cents to \$5.00 each.

A large stock of Shoes for Men,  
Ladies and Children from 30 cents to  
\$5.00 a pair.

### CLOTHING.

My Clothing is the best selected stock  
in town and I can safely say I will  
save you 25 per cent on your purchase.  
Mens' suits worth \$5.00 for only \$2.00

Mens' suits worth \$10.00 for only \$5.00  
Boys' suits worth \$10.00 for only \$5.00

Ladies', Gents', Boys' and Childrens'  
winter underwear cheaper than ever  
before.

Ladies', Misses and Childrens' trimmed  
Hats going very cheap

Ladies' and Misses fine Capes, cheap  
est, anywhere from 40c to \$5.00 each.

Ladies' Dress Skirts from \$1.00 to \$6.

### GROCERIES.

My stock of groceries is complete  
with every good thing your wants de-  
mand, at a cheaper price than you can  
find anywhere.

### FURNITURE.

My stock of Furniture is pretty well  
complete with all the Staple Furniture  
and at a very LOW PRICE.

### STOVES!

I am selling Stoves cheap, and  
give with every Cook Stove 50 differ-  
ent pieces of cook vessels, etc.

W. E. MERRELL.

Shelby, Alabama.

## Trustees and Teachers of Public Schools.

Township trustees must not  
transfer to persons who have  
moved with their families from  
this to another county. Where  
persons residing in this county and  
wish to transfer to a public school  
in another county these transfers  
may be granted provided the child-  
ren cannot as conveniently attend  
a public school in this county.

Should any principal in any pub-  
lic school under my supervision or  
participation employ an assistant  
who has no certificate signed by  
the State Superintendent of Edu-  
cation, the fact must be reported  
to me by the township trustees and  
such assistant must be dismissed,  
no matter from what source they  
are to receive pay.

The principal employing such  
assistant will have forfeited his  
right to draw public school money.  
All teachers in public schools must  
hold license at the time of opening  
the school.

EUGENE WILLIAMS,  
Supt. Education.

## Reduced Rates to Birmingham.

Account Alabama State Fair, Birm-  
ingham, Ala., November 1st to 10th,  
the Southern Railway will sell tickets  
at all points on its lines within the  
State of Alabama, also from Atlanta,  
Ga., Rome, Ga., Dalton, Ga., Columbus,  
Miss., and intermediate points to Bir-  
mingham and return at rates of one  
fare for round trip, plus 50 cents ad-  
mission to the fair grounds. Tickets  
will be sold daily October 31st to the 10th  
inclusive with final limit to return  
November 11th. For further informa-  
tion, call on Southern Railway Ticket  
Agent.

## Pension Warrants Ready.

Pension warrants for disabled  
veterans and soldiers and widows  
may be received by me and are  
ready to be delivered.

A. P. LONGSHORE,  
Judge of Probate.

## Redlawn News.

Several of our boys attended the  
singing at the widow Rays Sunday  
evening.

W. J. Miner, of Beeswax, was on  
Fourmile Sunday evening.

G. M. Lyon has once more visit-  
ed Yellowleaf, much to the delight  
of some of the fair sex.

Bob Owens was seen out riding  
Sunday afternoon.

Prof. R. E. Lyon left Redlawn for  
the Kingdom, where he will take  
up a school. We wish him success  
in his undertaking.

The singing given by Mr. Colman  
Farr Saturday night was a grand  
success.

W. N. Miner was a caller at the  
widow's Sunday evening

S. G. Farr has a new suit of  
clothes, and says he is now ready  
for Yellowleaf again.

The death angel again visited our  
community and taken for its victim  
Tom Stone, a well known citizen  
of Fourmile. We have known him  
for a number of years. His re-  
mains was laid to rest in the cem-  
etry at Fourmile church. May  
God bless the bereaved and we  
hope their loss is his gain.

PED.

## Spread Like Wildfire.

When things are "the best" they be-  
come "the best selling" Abraham Hay  
a leading druggist, of Belleville, O.,  
writes: "Electric Bitters are the best  
selling bitters I have handled in 20  
years. You know why? Most diseases  
begin in disorders of the stomach,  
liver, kidney, bowels, blood and nerves.  
Electric Bitters tones up the stomach,  
regulates the liver, kidneys and bowels  
purifies the blood, strengthens the  
nerves, hence cures multitudes of mal-  
adies. It builds up the entire system.  
Puts new life and vigor into any weak  
sickly, run down man or woman. Price  
50 cents. Sold by Hall the Druggist.

## Pickles.

All sorts and sizes, also Sauer  
Kraut at

J. H. Hammond.

Two dozen pure bred barred  
Plymouth Rock roosters for sale at  
\$1.00 each. Address P. O. Box 229,  
Columbiana, Ala.

When patronizing a Boston hotel  
don't forget that "culinary symposium"  
on the bill of fare means  
hash.

The best cigars are kept by  
J. H. Hammond.

A woman may have faith in a  
man, she seldom believes more than  
half he says.

## THE PEOPLE'S ADVOCATE

SOCIAL AND LOCAL NEWS.  
Points About People You Know  
and Some You Don't Know.  
News From Different Beats.

Tuesday was election day.

Max Lefkowitz spent Sunday at  
Bessemer.

J. T. Leeper spent Sunday in  
Birmingham.

J. H. Robertson spent Monday  
on Yellow Leaf.

H. C. Moss, of Calera, was in  
town last Friday.

A. A. Miller, of Calera, was in  
the city Saturday.

Jack Frost paid us a visit last  
Sunday morning.

Cotton is not coming in as fast  
as it has in the past.

Kindness, even to a dumb animal  
is never thrown away.

E. W. Holland, of Wilsonville,  
was in the city Monday.

R. A. O'Hara, of Wilsonville,  
spent Monday in the city.

All blacksmith work guaranteed  
at Shelby by J. A. Barker.

G. E. Abbott, of Shelby, was in  
the city Monday on business.

Commissioners court will be in  
regular session next Monday.

Mrs. Henry Milner visited rela-  
tives in Birmingham last week.

Mrs. C. B. Duran, of Renfroes,  
visited relatives here this week.

A large crowd of country people  
were in town shopping Saturday.

Saturday was horse swappers  
day, and several trades were made.

Miss Myrtle Thompson visited  
friends at Harpersville last week.

Sam Neely, col., died at his home  
near this place Tuesday morning.

Ed Strickland and Miss Amma  
Strickland are attending the State  
Fair.

Miss Ola Edwards, of Childers-  
burg, visited relatives in the city  
last week.

J. M. Adams, of Weldon, was in  
town Wednesday and made us a  
pleasant call.

The battle of politicians in the  
national election was brought to an  
end Tuesday.

Rev. John Milner left last week  
for Buffalo, N. Y., where he goes  
for his health.

Mrs. W. W. Wallace, of Klein,  
visited her daughter, Mrs. J. R.  
Beavers last week.

W. B. Walls, of Birmingham,  
spent a few days in the city last  
week with his family.

John A. Edwards, of Childers-  
burg, spent a few days in the city  
last week with relatives.

Ed Hall has moved his stock of  
drugs to his new brick store on the  
west side of Main street.

Quite a number of our young  
people are taking in the State Fair  
at Birmingham this week.

Several of Shelby's young men  
attended services at the Presbyte-  
rian church Sunday evening.

Misses Patty Mason and Edna  
Nelson spent a few days in Birm-  
ingham last week with friends.

An interesting meeting of the  
Christian Endeavor was held at the  
Presbyterian church Sunday after-  
noon.

We ask our readers to patronize  
the merchants who advertise in our  
columns, as they are reliable firms  
to deal with.

Miss Kate Huyett has been act-  
ing as teacher in the public school  
this week during the absence of  
Miss Ruby Looney.

It seems strange that a young  
man cannot put on a little pride of  
person without others asking a  
thousand questions.

Dr. J. M. Lovett will be in Co-  
lumbiana about Wednesday, No-  
vember 7th for a few days only. If  
you need any dental work come  
early.

Last Sunday being the regular  
Sabbath for services at the Presby-  
terian church, Rev. W. I. Sinnott  
delivered two sermons to large con-  
gregations.

Now that the political strife has  
been virtually closed, we would be  
glad to see our cotemporaries fill  
their columns with news instead of  
so much politics.

The Shelby Farmers Insurance  
Association will meet in the court  
house on Saturday the 17th inst.,  
at 10 o'clock a. m. The general  
agent and others will lecture. The  
public invited.

## SUNDAY SCHOOL RALLY.

Sunday Evening November 11,  
8 O'clock, 1900.

TOPIC—"THE MODEL SUNDAY SCHOOL."

1. Song No. 11, Young People's  
Hymnal.

2. Prayer by the Leader, J. R.  
White.

3. Song No. 21, "Bring Them In."

4. Responsive Bible Reading.  
(Luke 17:11-19.)

5. Voluntary Bible Quotation  
Exercise. [Let every one be ready  
to recite a verse of Scripture.]

6. Prayer.

7. Song No. 185, "At The Cross."

8. The Pastor's Duty to the  
Sunday School, J. R. White. Free  
discussion.

9. The Model Superintendent,  
Miss Belle Huyett and Bros. Hen-  
ry Milner and J. S. Falkner. Free  
discussion.

10. Song No. 190, "He Came to  
Save Me."

11. The Model Teacher, Bros.  
F. Mynatt and D. R. McMillan.  
Free discussion.

12. Song No. 180, "Whiter Than  
Snow."

13. The Model Pupil, Misses  
Mary Liles, Susie McGehee and  
Essie Mason. Free discussion.

14. Remarks by Rev. T. P. Rob-  
erts.

15. Closing Song 141, "God be  
With You."

16. The Lord's Prayer in Con-  
cert.

This Rally is to be held at the  
Methodist church. The service  
will begin promptly at 3 p. m.,  
and continue one hour. All teach-  
ers are requested to be on hand at  
least 15 minutes before the service  
begins so as to arrange for their  
pupils. We earnestly desire the  
presence of every member of the  
three Schools, and request that  
each pupil sit with his own teacher.  
We also desire the presence of  
all the parents represented in our  
Schools. Lastly, we cordially in-  
vite all the friends of truth, jus-  
tice and righteousness. Yea, who-  
soever will, let him come. Come  
one! come all!

We have taken for this service  
only a few features of the topic,  
but hope to complete in subsequent  
Rallies. God bless our Sunday  
Schools!

## Millions Given Away.

It is certainly gratifying to the pub-  
lic to know of one concern which is not  
afraid to be generous. The proprietors  
of Dr. King's New Discovery for Con-  
sumption, coughs and colds have given  
away over ten million trial bottles and  
have the satisfaction of knowing it has  
cured thousands of hopeless cases.  
Asthma, Bronchitis, La Grippe and all  
Throat, Chest and Lung diseases are  
surely cured by it. Call on Hall, the  
Druggist and get a ten cent trial bot-  
tle. Regular size 50c and 1.00. Every  
bottle guaranteed.

Get your horse shod at Shelby  
J. A. Barker.

The finest grades of green coffees  
at

J. H. Hammond.

Rev. W. J. D. Upshaw, of Roa-  
noke, Ala., visited the family of  
H. M. Norris last week, and upon  
invitation, delivered an interesting  
sermon at the Baptist church last  
Thursday night.

Miss Kate Ross has accepted a  
position in the dry goods depart-  
ment of the firm of J. P. Pearson &  
Co. We congratulate them in se-  
curing the services of such sales-  
lady as Miss Kate.

The enterprising firm of J. P.  
Pearson & Co., have moved their  
stock of clothing, dry goods, shoes  
and groceries to their new and ele-  
gant brick store on the corner of  
of Main and West College streets.

Among those who attended the  
State Fair this week, were Mrs.  
W. S. DuBose, Mrs. Gordon Du-  
Bose, Mrs. Mary Parker, Mrs. J. R.  
Beavers, J. I. Abercrombie and  
wife, and Misses Ruby Looney,  
Nellie Parker, Edna Chapman,  
Sadie Williams, T. Hammond, Et-  
tie Page, Oza Hammond, Kate  
DuBose, Pauline Nelson, and W. A.  
Parker, Walter Morrow, J. H.  
Page and Pam Pitts.

## Pretzel Tobacco.

Good enough for the rich and  
cheap enough for the poor, for sale  
by

J. H. Hammond.

Practical horse shoer at Shelby,  
J. A. Barker.

## Crescent.

The best roasted coffee on the  
market at 8 packages for \$1.00  
sold by

J. H. Hammond.

## An Enterprising Firm.

We call especial attention of our  
readers to the advertisement of  
J. P. Pearson & Co., in this issue  
of The Advocate. A new firm,  
new building, and new goods. The  
new brick building just erected by  
this firm is indeed a handsome one.  
It is neat in its structure and styl-  
ish in arrangement, and when fully  
completed, will be the most con-  
venient and attractive business  
house in the county. Great taste  
has been displayed in the struc-  
ture and arrangement of this mag-  
nificent building which now stands  
bullwark on the Main street in Co-  
lumbiana, as a credit to the town  
and even our county. An investi-  
gation of their stock of goods will  
show you that these gentlemen  
have not only been careful and up-  
to-date in erecting their store  
house, but too, they have shown  
great taste and business qualities  
as well in the selection of their  
stock. A more complete and up-  
to-date stock of goods of every de-  
scription is seldom found in a town  
like ours. An Advocate reporter  
casually stepping into their new  
quarters was surprised to see their  
immense stock of clothing, dry  
goods, notions and shoes, all of  
which is neat and stylish in selec-  
tion. Being thus prepared to do  
business, we feel sure that this firm  
will command a large patronage,  
and we bespeak for them a success-  
ful and bright future.

## Good Luck of an Editor.

"For two years all efforts to cure Ec-  
zema in the palms of my hands failed  
writes Editor H. N. Lester, of Syra-  
cuse, Kan., "Then I was wholly cured  
by Bucklen's Arnica Salve." It's the  
world's best for Eruptions, Sores and  
skin diseases. Only 25c at Hall Drug  
Store.

## Circular to Teachers.

The following circular letter was  
mailed to the public school teach-  
ers of the State on Monday by the  
Superintendent of Education.

"To the County Superintendents  
and Teachers:

"The Board of Examiners at a  
meeting held on October 27th, pass-  
ed the following resolution:

"That all teachers now holding  
second grade certificates from the  
State Board of Examiners, may, if  
they so desire make application for  
a first grade certificate by taking  
the examination on those branches  
of study which are included only  
in the first grade, viz.: Algebra,  
Geometry, Physics, School Laws of  
Alabama and the practice of teach-  
ing. When the application is sub-  
mitted under this rule, the appli-  
cant must file with his papers the  
original second grade certificate  
granted by the State Board, and no  
application will be considered  
which does not have filed with it  
the said second grade certificate."

"This rule has been made be-  
cause the Board of Examiners de-  
sire to offer every opportunity to  
second grade teachers to advance  
and because they realize the ex-  
treme difficulty of making prepa-  
ration in all the branches included  
in the three grades. The rule can-  
not be made in regard to third  
grade teachers for the reason that  
the examination on branches in-  
cluded in third grade and second  
grade requirements are not the  
same.

"Teachers holding second grade  
certificates can take the December  
and subsequent examinations under  
this rule by paying the fee requir-  
ed for the first grade, and by filing  
the second grade certificate. In the  
event a first grade certificate is not  
granted, the second grade certifi-  
cate will be returnable.

"Yours very truly,  
"John W. Abercrombie,  
"Superintendent of Education.

## Does It Pay to Buy Cheap?

A cheap remedy for coughs and  
colds is all right, but you want  
something that will relieve and cure  
the most severe and dangerous re-  
sults of throat and lung troubles.  
What shall you do? Go to a warm-  
er climate? Yes, if possible; if not  
possible for you, then in either case  
take the ONLY remedy that has been  
introduced in all civilized countries  
with success in severe throat and  
lung troubles, "Boschee's German  
Syrup." It not only heals and stimu-  
lates the tissues to destroy the  
germ disease, allays inflammation,  
cause easy expectoration, gives a  
good night's rest, and cures the pa-  
tient. Try one bottle. Recommend-  
ed many years by all druggists in  
the world. Sold by Hall Drug Co.

## Capitola.

The best flour on the market for  
sale by

J. H. Hammond.

## That Throbbing Headache.

Would quickly leave you, if you used  
Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands  
of sufferers have proved their match-  
less merit for sick and nervous head-  
aches. They make pure blood and  
build up your health. Only 25 cents.  
Money back if not cured. Sold by Hall  
the Druggist.

# WATCH

THIS

# SPACE

FOR

# LOW PRICES.

COLUMBIANA MERCANTILE CO.

## The Fall of The Year HAS COME!

—AND—

## The Fall of Prices Has COME ALSO!

## We are now in our NEW BRICK BUILDING

With the best stock of Dry Goods, Notions, Shoes, Etc., ever brought to  
THIS MARKET.

Figures Dont Lie!

LISTEN HOW THEY TALK!

All Wool Jeans Pants.....	98 cents
Good Black Domestic.....	6 cents
Calico, good quality, per yard.....	5 cents

Our Line of Ladies and Gents Shoes Can't  
be surpassed in quantity or quality.

LISTEN TO THE WAY WE TALK ON GROCERIES.

20 Pounds Best Y. C. Sugar for.....	\$1.00
15 Pounds Best Granulated Sugar for.....	\$1.00

In Order to Make Room for a Car Load of Flour now on the Road Offer:

</



## SECRET CORRESPONDENCE.

Inks Composed Mainly of Salts and Cobalt Are the Best.

Of the many invisible and sympathetic inks that have been used for secret correspondence perhaps the best known are those composed mainly of salts of cobalt. Marks made with these fluids remained invisible until they were subjected to heat, and then were revealed in lines of pale green. The phenomenon was transient and entirely dependent on the temperature. As soon as the sheet of paper grew cool writing would disappear. Now, to those who had occasion to employ such means of communication it was desirable to know whether any one tampered with their letters or not. So long as the fact of the correspondence was kept secret, of course, there would be no danger. But if that once became known the contents of a private letter might be ascertained by anyone through whose hands the letter passed. Cobalt writing can be made to appear and disappear a dozen times without giving the least evidence of having been read. But a patent was recently granted in Germany which meets this difficulty, and in some other respects, also, is an improvement on the old system. In the first place the paper used is soaked in the cobalt solution and is prepared in advance. The inventor aims to put his stationery on the market. The writing is done with a solution of common salt and behaves as the cobalt ink did formerly. It can be seen only when warmed and disappears immediately on cooling. Moreover, it appears as often as heat is applied. Its color is a bluish green. But the German also provides what he calls a "control ink." This may be prepared by adding two grains of resorcin to eight drops of water and six drops of sulphuric acid. When a person has written his letter with salt water he makes a few supplementary remarks, in a spot previously agreed upon, with the control ink. So long as the letter remains cool these test marks are invisible, but when the heat is applied they come out and they come out to stay. They are of a brown hue, different from that of the salt writing, and they will not disappear when the green writing does. If the authorized recipient of a letter finds these marks on a letter before he himself warms it he has reason to suspect that his secret is known. But if they are missing the opposite conclusion is justified.

### Expert Fighting of Chinese.

From the improved fighting qualities of the Chinese soldier and his expert use of artillery and small arms it is evident that he has profited by the later war with Japan and taken lessons in the gentle art of shooting the head off from European instructors. It may be that after the Chinese trouble is settled the nations of Europe will think twice before allowing their military officers to instruct in war the savage and semi-savage people elsewhere.

## HETTY GREEN'S WEALTH.

Would Have a City of Palaces if Her Mortgages Were Foreclosed.

No one knows precisely the extent of Hetty Green's wealth. It consists for the most part of government bonds, railroad stocks and mortgages, according to the Ladies' Home Journal. She says she is not so fond of government bonds since the finances of the nation have become polluted with politics. Good mortgages of any kind are now her favorite form of investment. If all her mortgages she holds were foreclosed tomorrow twenty-eight churches of various denominations, in almost as many states, would become hers, and four cemeteries would be added to her real estate. Besides there would be blocks of great business buildings and splendid city houses, theaters, livery stables and hotels, country residences, farms and ranches, factory buildings and thousands of acres of valuable land in all parts of the country. Several years ago she made a tour of inspection of all the property on which she held mortgages. She spent two years traveling and staid at forty hotels in many cities. Since then she has added largely to her holdings of this kind. The most conservative estimates place Mrs. Green's wealth at \$60,000,000, but it is probably more. She, herself, won't discuss the matter, except to say that it is overstated.

### To Entertain Americans.

The London Chronicle says that the Lord Chief Justice, Justices Kennedy and Phillimore, Sir Edward Carson, Q. C., and Joseph Walton, Q. C., are considering how best to welcome those members of the American bench and bar who are likely to visit England during the season, in recognition of the cordial manner in which the members of the English bench and bar were entertained in America last year on the occasion of the visit of the International Law society, as well as on previous occasions.

### Walter Q. Gresham's Portrait.

A portrait of the late Walter Q. Gresham, secretary of state under President Cleveland, is to be given a place of honor in the galleries of the emperor of Japan. This is to be done as a tribute to Mr. Gresham's services in negotiating the treaty between the United States and Japan which was adopted during Cleveland's second term.

### Cruel Treatment of Bullocks.

During his rapid march from Rietfontein to Bloemfontein Lord Roberts noticed the sufferings of the bullocks as they toiled along with the transport wagons, their backs seamed with the cruel lash of the Kaffir drivers. When the army moved on from Bloemfontein he issued a written order forbidding the Kaffirs from flogging the oxen.

A plague of toads has descended on Hawthorne and Paterson, N. J.

## MAKING OCEANS.

Out of the World's Deserts May Some Day Become an Actuality.

Few people realize how completely of late years the surface aspect of this weazened old globe of ours has been altered and improved.

The world of today, in fact, differs from the world of our ancestors, much as a society lady, in all the glory of fold and frill and furbelow, differs from her savage sister running wild in pestilential woods. As art has transformed the one, so has it the other.

Only the "Mme. Rachael," who has made the earth, if not exactly "beautiful forever," at least a pleasant and healthful place wherein to dwell, is no charlatan with a dryload of cosmetics and a gib tongue, but a civil engineer, owning nothing more harmful than a few mysterious looking instruments and a measuring tape.

And the marvel of it all is this—that what has been done is but an infinitesimal fraction of that which may, and doubtless will, be done. Who can doubt, for instance, that the great Sahara desert—that mole upon the world's face—will one day be but a memory? It was an inland sea once. It would not be a very difficult matter to convert it into one again.

A canal sixty miles long, connecting with the Atlantic the vast depression which runs close up to the coast nearly midway between the twentieth and thirtieth parallels of latitude, would do the business beautifully. The water would not, of course, cover the entire surface of the desert. Here and there are portions lying above sea level. These would become the islands of the new Sahara ocean.

What would be the results that would ensue upon this stupendous transformation? Some would be good and some bad. Among the latter may be mentioned the probable destruction of the vineyards of southern Europe, which depend for their existence upon the warm, dry winds from the great African desert.

As some compensation for this, the nations affected would be enabled to gain immediate and easy access to the vast regions now given over to barbarism, and a series of more or less flourishing seaport towns would spring up all along the southern borders of Morocco and Algeria, where the western watershed of the Nile sinks into the desert, and on the northern frontier of the Congo Free State.

In a similar manner the greater portion of the central Australian desert, covering an area of fully 1,000,000 square miles, might be flooded. The island continent would then be converted into a gigantic oval dish, of which the depressed central portion would be covered with water and only the "rim" inhabited.—London Mail.

## LIFE IMPRISONMENT RULES IN ITALY.

What Bresci Will Have to Undergo in Coming Years.

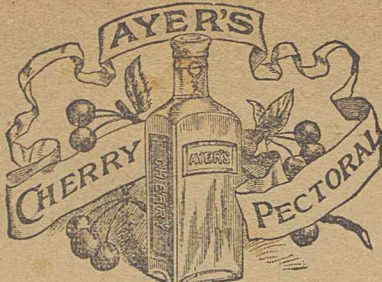
Bresci has been sentenced to imprisonment for life. A fantastic description of what he is likely to suffer having been circulated in the English press, in which it was represented that although Italy was the first great power to abolish capital punishment she resorts to methods of the middle ages in her treatment of life prisoners. I took the trouble to make a personal investigation, and gathered the following facts, the correctness of which I can guarantee:

Italy has two prisons in which her life prisoners are confined, that of Santo Stefano, not far from Rome, and Portofino, in the island of Elba. For the first seven years the prisoner is confined in a separate cell and given work that does not require the use of iron. In the years that follow he is admitted to work with other prisoners, but not allowed to speak. In the first seven years the rule is that he may not see any one while in health, although as a matter of custom his relatives are allowed to visit him for half an hour once a year. After the expiry of seven years they are permitted to see him once in every six months. His food consists of 3-1/2 pounds of macaroni and 1 pound 5 ounces of bread on weekdays, and soup and a piece of meat on Sundays; wine is given only three or four times a year, on special days. In the first period the condemned man may spend a half-penny a day in whatever he wishes, and in the years following 2-1/2d. The cell is 7-1/2 feet by 13 feet, and 10-1/2 feet in height. The air comes from a window so constructed that nothing but the sky is visible; it has a heavy, iron-bound door inside and iron gates behind; it contains a bed with wire springs and a mattress of a vegetable material, all of which is attached by a chain to the wall during the day, that the prisoner may not lie down; also there are toilet necessities, and he is allowed to have a brush and comb. Each day he is taken out alone for a walk in specially isolated courts; the minimum time for exercise is one hour, although this is extended if the health of the prisoner requires it. The ordinary punishments are: isolation with bread and water, the strait-jacket and the dark cell with iron. Rome correspondence of the Pall Mall Gazette.

### Tea Kettle Improvement.

A drop-spout tea kettle has been invented. By its use it is possible to draw any quantity of water from the boiling kettle without disturbing it, simply by turning the spout down to a point below the level of the water in the kettle. The spout is fed at the bottom by two asbestos-packed tubes, which make the joint perfectly tight. At the upper end of the spout is a heat-proof knob for manipulating it as desired, and a hook by which it is fastened in an upright position.

In Turkey the disappearance of the sun at night is accounted for by the periodical retirement of that pious luminary for prayers and religious reflection.



The great trouble in trying to sell what are called patent medicines is that so many claims have been made for them that people don't or won't believe what honest makers say.

We have been telling our story sixty years. Did we ever deceive you once? If we make any statement that isn't so, we will stand the loss. Go to the druggist and get your money back.

Here's an example. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is a good cure for a cough that comes from a cold. Your cough, if you have one, may not come from a cold; your doctor will tell you about that.

It is a straight medicine with sixty years of cures back of it. There isn't a ghost of the ordinary patent thing about it.

J. C. AYER COMPANY, Lowell, Mass.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla, Ayer's Pills, Ayer's Hair Vigor, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, Ayer's Catarrh Remedy.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. Safest, surest cure for all throat and lung troubles. People praise it. Doctors prescribe it. Quick, sure results. Refuse substitutes. Get Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

### Mystery of the Horseshoe.

In days gone by there was a little fishing village of the name of Mavison, near Nairn, where the natives were thought to be foolish folk. One day one of the inhabitants found an old horseshoe on the shore, and, as they had never seen such a thing before, no one knew what it was. Some one suggested that it was the new moon, but the oldest and wisest fisherman declared that if that were so, it would be in the sky. He had long wondered, however, what became of the old moons and he thought after this discovery the mystery was solved—that after the old moons were done with they fell to the earth and horseshoe was one of them.

### What One Grain of Wheat Did.

Did you ever stop to think of the possibilities of a grain of wheat? We are so used to seeing the field sown with wheat and the crop come up and ripen that we quite forget how each little grain does a great work through the summer days in multiplying and adding to the farmer's harvest. A farmer near Phoenix, Ariz., planted one grain of white Australian wheat, and at harvest time from it had sprung 1,360 grains of large, fat wheat. He planted ten acres of this wheat and harvested 177 sacks, each weighing 133 pounds. The single grain spoken of produces 36 stalks, so you see even a grain of wheat helps wonderfully.

### Growth of Philadelphia.

As originally laid out by William Penn, the city was two miles long and one mile wide. Township after township was annexed till at last the city boundaries coincided with those of a county twenty-two miles long. Boston overran the old county lines and took in New York and Chicago. Greater New York and Chicago now exceed in area and population some European principalities. In each case consolidation has been accomplished by the joint action of the city and suburbs, with legislative authorization.

### A Card of Thanks.

A person bearing the same name as a man who was charged at a police court in Ireland deemed it necessary to insert in the local papers an announcement that he was not the John Sullivan recently fined for drunkenness. The following appeared shortly afterward in all the papers containing the announcement: "I, John Sullivan, of Ballykillin Lodge, for notifying that I am in no way connected with his family."—London Daily Graphic.

### Kaiser-i-Hind Medal.

According to the Westminster Budget Queen Victoria has issued a royal warrant establishing a new Indian decoration entitled the Kaiser-i-Hind medal, which has been instituted by her majesty at the request of Lord Curzon of Kedleston, who finds that the existing orders at his disposal are too limited to enable him to reward the public services of many natives and Europeans who merit some recognition. Any person is eligible for the Kaiser-i-Hind medal, irrespective of race or sex.

### Poor Boy Worked Up.

J. C. Monaghan, ex-consul at Mannheim and Chemnitz, who has been appointed professor of commerce in the new School of Commerce established by the Wisconsin State University, began work in a cotton mill at Salem, Mass., when only eight years old. He attended night schools and after many reverses managed to work his way through Brown university.

Two Kansas Railroads Sold. The Salina and Western and the Solomon Valley railroads were sold under the hammer recently, and were purchased by Union Pacific interests for \$4,000,000 each. The former runs from Salina, Kan., to McPherson, Kan., and the latter from Solomon to Beloit. The sales were made under an order of the federal court.

## WORLD'S PRODUCT OF COTTON.

In 1840 the total world's yield of cotton was 1,310,000,000 tons. Of this, the United States produced 878,000,000 tons.

1860, total, 2,551,000,000 tons; United States, 1,880,000,000 tons.

1870, total, 2,775,000,000 tons; United States, 1,540,000,000 tons.

1880, total, 3,601,000,000 tons; United States, 2,538,000,000 tons.

1890, total, 5,600,000,000 tons; United States, 4,310,000,000 tons.

1897, total, 5,900,000,000 tons; United States, 4,400,000,000 tons.

In 1840, the world used 540,000 tons of cotton, and in 1897, 2,700,000 tons.

In 1840, 310,000 tons of wool, and in 1897, 1,200,000 tons.

In 1840, 596,000 tons of flax, jute, etc., and in 1897, 2,200,000 tons.

The United States uses 1,210,000 tons of cotton, wool, and flax, and Great Britain uses 1,380,000 tons.

The United States uses 600,000 tons of cotton, 270,000 tons of wool and 340,000 tons of flax and jute.

Great Britain, 710,000 tons of cotton, 230,000 tons of wool, 420,000 tons of flax and jute.

France, 180,000 tons of cotton, 210,000 tons of wool, 190,000 tons of flax and jute.

Germany, 23,000 tons of cotton, 200,000 tons of wool, 10,000 tons of flax and jute.

Russia, 190,000 tons of cotton, 110,000 tons of wool, 440,000 tons of flax and jute.

India, 220,000 tons of cotton, 10,000 tons of wool, 260,000 tons of flax, etc.

The value of the fiber manufactured product of the world in 1896 was \$4,275,000,000.

Of Great Britain, \$555,000,000.

Of United States, \$340,000,000.

Of France, \$375,000,000.

Of Germany, \$540,000,000.

Of Russia, \$405,000,000.—Journal of Education.

### Sahara's Water Supply.

The wells of Erg, in the Sahara desert, occupy the bottom of the depressions. As the surface of the ground in which they are excavated is covered with a thick layer of sand they have to be protected against the falling in of the latter. Their very narrow orifice is, therefore, hermetically closed by means of wide stones sealed through a mortar composed of sand and mud. Each caravan undoes the work in order to obtain water and then carefully seals the wells up again before departing.

### Wolsley Particular About Uniforms.

Lord Wolsley, commander in chief of the British army, is particular about appearing in uniform when going about officially, and expects all officers to appear similarly attired. On arriving at a certain town to inspect the troops a dinner party was given in his honor, to which the officers were invited. One of the officers inquired if he was to dress as "an officer or a gentleman." He was ordered to dress as an officer, whatever else he might be.

### Ignored Husband Fifteen Years.

Mrs. Therest Lynch, known in New York city and the east generally as the "Queen of Diamonds," was in court the other day, and it then became known that for fifteen years she has not exchanged a word with her husband. Mrs. Lynch is one of the best judges of diamonds in America, and is several times a millionaire by trading in the gems.

Best For the Bowels. No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are out right. Cascarets help nature cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to straighten your health back. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

The Kansas City Priests of Pallas festival which has been conducted since 1884, is likely to be dropped because this year it didn't pay in either attendance or trade.

Each package of PUTNAM FADELESS DYE colors more goods than any other dye and colors them better too. Sold by all druggists.

The will of the late Marquis of Bute, which has just been admitted to probate, makes large charitable bequests, including \$200,000 to be distributed among various Catholic institutions.

To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE TABLETS. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Newspaper publishers in Prussia, in consequence of the high price of coal, have resolved to increase the price of their news journals.

A Colonel in the British South African army says that Adams' Fruit Food is a blessing to his men while marching.

There are only four Americans in Quito, Ecuador, and probably more than fifty people in Ecuador who speak English.

The Best Prescription for Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

The average annual price of an apartment of seven rooms is \$200 in Berlin, \$400 in Hamburg and \$380 in Leipzig.

PTTS permanently cured. No sufferer persons after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. \$2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 361 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Z. G. Simmons, a manufacturer in Nonoah, Wis., is to tip up a clubhouse and night school for his employees.

\$100 Reward. \$100. The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars in any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Sold by Druggists, etc. Address J. C. Chamberlain & Co., Toledo, O. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN F. BOXER, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 19, 1900.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, etc.—a bottle.

Immense Orange Industry. Queensland is being converted into a large orange orchard. The Australian orange ripens at a time when other countries cannot provide the fruit.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water.

# PURE BLOOD AND STRONG NERVES

With glowing health all things are possible, small annoyances fade into nothingness and real troubles are battled with successfully. Women who are blessed with perfect health are a constant joy to themselves and all around them. The beauty which health alone can make permanent is a crown which raises a woman above other women. Such beauty is always accompanied by a sweet disposition, for snappiness is a sure sign of ill-health and leaves its mark quickly on the features.

It seems to be the fashion for women to ignore health and sacrifice it to the little every-day trials, or offer it up on the altar of devotion to daily tasks. Then again the nervous organization of women is constantly attacked by woman's natural experiences, so that it is practically impossible for her to retain the beauty which nature gave her, unless she has discriminating advice and right support.

## Dr. Greene's Nervura

for the Blood and Nerves.

Trials and troubles are easily overcome by the women whose strength is the genuine strength of perfect health. Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, bridges the chasm that separates the sickly woman from happiness. It fills her veins with blood that is pure and clean.

Mrs. WM. E. Bosse, of 85 Farrington St., Flushing, L. I., says:

"As regard to myself, I have suffered for years with disease, having been troubled with great nervousness, female complaints, indigestion, and great weakness and prostration. I did not have strength to do much of anything. Knowing the great value of health and strength I consulted doctors and took many medicines, but they all failed to cure me, and I grew worse rather than better. I happened to see in the papers how much good Dr. Greene's Nervura, blood and nerve remedy, was doing in restoring to health everybody who took it, and I thought I would try a bottle. I used it and to my surprise I began to gain strength every day. I am so thankful that I tried it! It is certainly the most excellent tonic and strength giver. I recommend it very highly and wish that other people who are troubled in any way would take warning and use it."

## TO PRESERVE WOMANLY BEAUTY

At all the stages of a woman's life Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, is shown to be efficient to ward off the results of nervousness, or overwork, or impure blood. From early girlhood to advanced years, this world-renowned medicine builds up the forces destroyed by disease, grief, or over-exertion, and the effects of this great medicine are quickly felt and permanently retained. Let women guard well their health, and consult Dr. Greene freely. Nothing they can possibly do will so surely keep them strong and well, or repair the exhaustion from acute illness, nothing will work so continually to the preservation of beauty as the great health-giving Nervura. Dr. Greene's office is at 35 West 14th Street, New York City, where he may be consulted either by personal call or by letter. Women may write in perfect confidence, and get Dr. Greene's advice free.

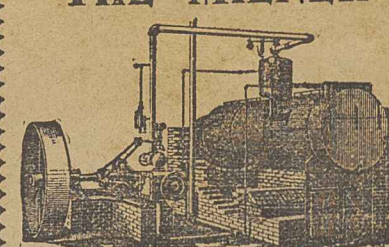
## An Expensive "Tip"

is the one which you cut off and throw away every time that you smoke a Five Cent cigar. There is nearly as much labor in making this end as all the rest of the cigar, and yet every man who buys a cigar cuts it off and throws it away. You get all you pay for when you smoke

## Old Virginia Cheroots

Three hundred million Old Virginia Cheroots smoked this year. Ask your own dealer. Price, 3 for 5 cents.

## THE MILNER & KETTIG CO.



Machinery, \* Engines and Boilers

Write for Prices and Catalogue.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

## LIBBY'S PORK AND BEANS

There is one flavor in pork and beans that all people like. It was devised in the rural homes of New England. It has made Boston the synonym of beans. In our kitchen we get exactly that flavor. Our beans are cooked by an expert. We put them up in key-opening cans. Your grocer will supply you. Plenty of other canned beans, but that flavor comes only in Libby's.

LIBBY, McNEILL & LIBBY Chicago

Send a postal for our booklet, "How to Make Good Things to Eat."

Dropsey NEW DISCOVERY gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment free. Dr. R. H. GREEN'S SOLE, Box 9, Atlanta, Ga.

PISO'S CURE FOR GOUT, GRAVEL, RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, MIGRAINE, SCIATICA, BRUISES, WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup, Throat Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

## \$3.00 W.L. DOUGLAS SHOES \$3.50

The real worth of W. L. Douglas \$3.00 and \$3.50 shoes compared with other makes is \$4.00 to \$5.00. Our \$4 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equaled at any price. Over 1,000,000 satisfied customers.

WE USE FAST COLOR EYELETS. One pair of W. L. Douglas \$3 or \$3.50 shoes will positively outwear two pairs of ordinary \$3 or \$3.50 shoes.

We are the largest makers of men's \$3 and \$3.50 shoes in the world. We make and sell more \$3 and \$3.50 shoes than any other two manufacturers in the U. S.

The reputation of W. L. Douglas \$3.00 and \$3.50 shoes for style, comfort, and wear is known everywhere throughout the world. They have to give better satisfaction than other makes because the standard has always been placed so high that the wearers expect more for their money than they can get elsewhere.

THE REASON more W. L. Douglas \$3 and \$3.50 shoes are sold than any other make is because THEY ARE THE BEST. Your dealer should keep them. We give one dollar exclusive sale to each town. Take no substitutes! Insist on having W. L. Douglas shoes with name and price stamped on bottom. If your dealer will not get them for you, send direct to factory, enclosing price and 2c. extra for carriage. State kind of leather, size, and width, plain or cap toe. Our shoes will reach you anywhere. Catalogue Free. W. L. Douglas Shoe Co., Brockton, Mass.

Am. N. U. No. 45, 1900.

# Motherhood

\$5,000 REWARD

Owing to the fact that some skeptical people have from time to time questioned the genuineness of the testimonial letters we are constantly publishing, we have deposited with the National City Bank, of Lynn, Mass., \$5,000 which will be paid to any person who will show that the following testimonials are not genuine, or were published without obtaining the written special permission.—LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO.



How shall a mother who is weak and sick with some female trouble bear healthy children? How anxious women ought to be to give their children the blessing of a good constitution!

Many women long for a child to bless their home, but because of some debility or displacement of the female organs, they are barren.

Preparation for healthy maternity is accomplished by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound more successfully than by any other medicine, because it gives tone and strength to the parts, curing all displacements and inflammation.

Actual sterility in women is very rare. If any woman thinks she is sterile, let her write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., whose advice is given free to all expectant or would-be mothers.

Mrs. A. D. Jarret, Belmont, Ohio, writes:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I must write and tell you what your Vegetable Compound has done for me. Before taking your medicine I was unable to carry babe to maturity, having lost two—one at six months and one at seven. The doctor said next time I would die, but thanks to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, I did not die, but am the proud mother of a six months old girl baby. She weighs nineteen pounds and has never seen a sick day in her life. She is the delight of our home."

Mrs. Whitney's Gratitude.

"DEAR MR. PINKHAM:—From the time I was sixteen years old till I was twenty-three I was troubled with weakness of the kidneys and terrible pains when my monthly periods came on. I made up my mind to try your Vegetable Compound, and was soon relieved. The doctor said I never would be able to go my full time and have a living child, as I was constitutionally weak. I had lost a baby at seven months and half. The next time I



# THE PEOPLES ADVOCATE.

"THE LOVE OF COUNTRY GUIDES."

VOL. IX.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1900.

NO. 28.

## RESULTS OF THE ELECTIONS.

### MCKINLEY AND ROOSEVELT ELECTED

McKinley has been re-elected President by the highest electoral vote ever given a candidate for the Presidency. McKinley's plurality of the popular vote is about 550,000. This plurality in 1896 was 303,514. McKinley has carried all the States regarded as doubtful, including Indiana, Illinois, Ohio and Maryland. He has gained Kansas, South Dakota, Utah, Washington and Wyoming. The next Congress will be Republican by slightly increased majorities.

#### NEW YORK.

New York City.—The State of New York has given a plurality of over 140,000 to William McKinley, Republican candidate for President and a plurality of less than 90,000 to B. B. Odell, Jr., Republican candidate for Governor. Odell ran considerably behind McKinley throughout the State, while Stanchfield's vote was slightly in excess of Bryan's.

Throughout the State the election for Representatives in Congress resulted in the success of twenty-two Republicans and of only twelve Democrats.

The election gives the Republicans a safe working majority of 16 in the Senate and 56 in the Assembly. The Republicans have a majority of 72 on joint ballot.

The State officers elected are: Governor, B. B. Odell, Jr.; Lieutenant-Governor, Timothy L. Woodruff; Secretary of State, John T. McDonough; Controller, Erastus C. Knight; State Treasurer, John P. Jaekel; Attorney-General, John C. Davies; Engineer and Surveyor, Edward A. Bond.

The Supreme Court Justices elected in the First Judicial District are Edward Patterson, the nominee of both the Republican and Democratic parties, and P. Henry Dugro, Democrat. Bryan carried Greater New York by a plurality of 27,621. McKinley carried Kings County by a plurality of 3044.

#### NEW JERSEY.

Trenton, N. J.—Returns from every part of New Jersey indicate the heaviest vote ever cast in the State, and a quiet election. Up to midnight the Republicans claimed from 50,000 to 60,000 majority for McKinley and Roosevelt and the Democrats conceded their election by 35,000 to 40,000. Six of the eight Congressmen chosen are Republicans, which leaves the delegation the same as it is at present.

The re-election of General William J. Sewall to the United States Senate is assured, as the next Legislature will be overwhelmingly Republican. The Assembly will remain just as it was a year ago, but the Democrats lost four Senators. The Republicans will have a majority on joint ballot of forty.

#### PENNSYLVANIA.

Philadelphia, Penn.—Estimates from a majority of the counties in Pennsylvania indicate a plurality for McKinley of over 300,000. In this city the fusion of the Democrats with the Municipal League cut down the Republican county ticket, but J. Hampton Moore, for City Treasurer, and Jacob Singer for Register of Wills, are elected by more than 50,000 plurality.

Pennsylvania's delegation in the next Congress will probably be 27 Republicans and 3 Democrats, a Republican gain of 7.

The incoming Legislature will vote for a United States Senator to succeed Matthew S. Quay, whose term expired March 4 last.

M. S. Quay's friends are claiming they have a majority on joint ballot favorable to his re-election to the United States Senate.

The control of the State Senate as between Quay and anti-Quay is in doubt with chances favoring the Quays. Results of the complete returns may give the organization of that body to the opponents of Mr. Quay.

#### CONNECTICUT.

New Haven, Conn.—Connecticut decided that her electoral vote of six should be placed in the McKinley column; the entire Republican State ticket was unanimously elected; the four Republican Congressmen were re-elected, and a General Assembly overwhelmingly Republican was chosen.

The plurality for McKinley, with practically all of the returns in, is fixed at about 28,000. The Republican State ticket was elected by pluralities of over 14,000.

The Republican Congressmen were elected by pluralities ranging from 10,000 in the First to a narrow margin in the Second for Sperry.

The Connecticut General Assembly will seat nearly all of its Senators as Republicans, while the lower house will be surprisingly Republican in its complexion.

#### OHIO.

Columbus, Ohio.—From present indications McKinley has carried the State by 60,000 plurality. Republican State Chairman Dick has given out the following statement: "Returns received up to this hour (11 p. m.) justify claiming that Ohio has given McKinley a plurality of from 75,000 to 80,000, and the election of 17 and possibly 13 out of the 21 Congressmen, making a gain of 2, and probably 3, members of Congress."

McKinley has carried the State by 60,000 plurality. Republican State Chairman Dick has given out the following statement: "Returns received up to this hour (11 p. m.) justify claiming that Ohio has given McKinley a plurality of from 75,000 to 80,000, and the election of 17 and possibly 13 out of the 21 Congressmen, making a gain of 2, and probably 3, members of Congress."

#### ILLINOIS.

Chicago, Ill.—McKinley has carried the State of Illinois by a tremendous majority. At this hour it seems that his plurality will be increased by at least 20,000 over that of 1896. Samuel Alschuler, Democratic candidate for Governor, is beaten by a very close vote. He ran ahead of his ticket by at least 30,000. The surprise of politicians is the enormous vote cast for McKinley in Chicago, which Chairman Jones, Mayor Harrison and others had claimed to be Democratic. The Republicans will lose four Representatives in Congress, including William Lorimer.

#### INDIANA.

Indianapolis, Ind.—The latest returns from Indiana indicate that the Republicans have carried the State by from 28,000 to 32,000. The Republicans probably have elected 11 of the 13 Congressmen. The Legislature is thought to be safely Republican.

#### NEBRASKA.

Omaha, Neb.—Later returns received on the day after election settled without possible dispute that the Republicans have elected the entire State ticket and the Presidential Electors. Figures indicate that McKinley's majority in the State will be not less than 6000. The Legislature is Republican in both branches. The Republicans lose the Governorship, William A. Poynter being re-elected by at least 1000 majority. The Republicans probably will have a majority of three or four on joint ballot in the Legislature, enabling them to elect two United States Senators. Against this the Democrats claim Bryan carried the State, though by a narrow margin of perhaps not more than 1000; that Fusion has a safe working majority in the Legislature; that Fusion State officers are elected by 3000 to 5000.

#### KENTUCKY.

Louisville, Ky.—Bryan has carried Kentucky by from 11,000 to 12,000. The Democratic ticket for Governor, has carried the State by a plurality of approximately 5000. Everybody concedes the State to Bryan.

#### MISSISSIPPI.

Jackson, Miss.—The election passed quietly. Returns received indicate that the Bryan electors have received a majority of 45,000. The Democrats also elect the entire Congressional delegation.

#### MISSOURI.

St. Louis.—The indications are that Bryan has carried the State by a reduced plurality. Alexander M. Dockery, the Democratic nominee for Governor, will have a majority that is but slightly smaller than that of Bryan. The Democrats claim the election of entire Congressional delegation, fifteen in number, but the Republicans also claim the election of two Congressmen. The Legislature will be Democratic by a reduced majority.

#### KANSAS.

Topeka, Kan.—The meagre returns available indicate that the State has gone for McKinley by from 15,000 to 20,000. Chairman K. Mack Love, of the Democratic State Committee, says: "I fear Kansas has gone with the rest of the country. The slump has been the wrong way. I guess McKinley has carried the State and the whole Republican State ticket."

Massachusetts.—McKinley carries the Old Bay State by about 75,000 majority. The entire Republican State ticket, headed by W. Murray Crane for Governor, is elected by about the same majority. The Republican Legislature hosen will re-elect Senator Hoar.

#### MINNESOTA.

St. Paul, Minn.—The count of the votes cast in this State was slow, but returns leave no doubt that McKinley carried the State. Van Sant, Republican, ran behind the national ticket, but he has been elected Governor. It is believed that the Legislature, which is to elect a successor to United States Senator Nelson, is Republican.

#### CALIFORNIA.

San Francisco.—The returns indicate that McKinley's plurality in California will be at least 20,000, and that all seven Republican Congressmen have been elected. The Legislature will be Republican.

#### MICHIGAN.

Detroit, Mich.—President McKinley carried Michigan. Conservative estimates place his majority at 65,000. His majority in 1896 was 41,542. The Republican State ticket has also been elected, but by a smaller majority. The Republicans have elected all their Congressional nominees.

#### DELAWARE.

Wilmington, Del.—Late returns indicate that McKinley will have a majority of from 2000 to 3000 in this State. The Legislature, which will elect two United States Senators, is Republican in each branch.

#### MAINE.

Portland, Me.—Maine went for McKinley by about 25,000, a reduction of the majority the President received in 1896. Bryan has gained twenty per cent over four years ago, and cut down the Republican plurality by 10,000 over the State election in September.

#### WYOMING.

Cheyenne, Wyo.—Returns indicate the success of the McKinley electors by Wyoming by 2000. Monday, Republican, for Congress, is probably elected by about the same majority. The Legislature will be overwhelmingly Republican.

#### VIRGINIA.

Richmond, Va.—The indications are that Bryan has carried the State by a smaller vote than in 1896, when his plurality was 19,000. Probably 9 Democratic Representatives have been elected.

#### RESULTS IN OTHER STATES.

Bryan carried the following States: Colorado, Arkansas, Florida, North Carolina, Louisiana, Georgia, Texas, Tennessee, Virginia and Alabama.

#### THE FIFTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS.

The House of Representatives Republican by a Small Majority.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—The next House of Representatives will be Republican by a small majority. The Republicans have enough Congressmen to outvote the Democrats and all others in the House. The Senate also remains Republican. From the present outlook the makeup of the upper house will be: Republicans, 55; Democrats, 31; all others, 4. Thus the Republicans will continue to hold their effective working majority against the Democrats and the Independents in the Senate. The Republicans have a majority of fourteen over all opposition.

The House of Representatives has been carried by a veritable Republican landslide. The Republican gains have not been confined to any one section of the country. The East, the West, and even the South have contributed to the increased Republican majority.

In the next House the Republicans will have, according to present returns, 202 members, and this will give them a majority of 47. Their majority in the present House is 18.

In the House the most important gains have been in the East—New York, Pennsylvania and Maryland being the chief contributors. The West is so strongly Republican in the present House that no material gains could be expected in that direction.

One of the striking features of the membership of the new Congress is the small number of Populists, Silver Republicans and Fusionists who will hold seats in the Senate and House.

#### South Pacific Islands Mischarted.

Officers of the Fish Commission steamed Albatross, which arrived at San Francisco from a fourteen months' cruise, report that nearly all the islands in the South Pacific are mischarted from two to a dozen miles, and that there are many other errors in the charts.

#### Safe Breakers Get \$3700.

Burglars broke into the office of James D. Doolittle at Doolittle's Mill, Ill., blew open the iron safe and robbed it of \$3700 in cash.

#### We Want Indemnity From China.

Senator H. C. Conger, the United States Minister at Peking, has been instructed to demand ample, but not excessive, indemnity from China for the death, injury and losses of Americans.

#### Moose Killed in the Adirondacks.

Charles Martin, an Adirondack guide, brought to Saranac Lake a bull moose shot at Grass Pond, N. Y. The animal weighed about 800 pounds. This was the first moose killed in the Adirondack Mountains, outside of private parks, in twenty-five years.

#### Lured Into a Filipino Ambush.

A native orchestra lured the American troops from their quarters near Dagupan, P. I., while the insurgents attacked the rear, killing two Americans and wounding three.

#### Hazing Causes a Boy's Death.

Thomas Finlay Brown, twelve years old, is dead from injuries received while being hazed in the Porter Military Academy, at Charleston, S. C. Before he died he refused to give the names of the cadets who had ill-treated him.

#### Boy of Eight Shoots a Robber.

Charles Parker, eight years old, living with his mother near Rockville, Md., leveled a shotgun at Bernard Lee, a colored boy as the latter was attempting to enter the Parker home, and blew off the top of his head.

#### SOUTH DAKOTA.

Sioux Falls, S. D.—Reports from all parts of the State indicate that South Dakota has given McKinley a plurality of between 3000 and 4000.

#### OREGON.

Portland, Ore.—Almost complete returns from all but six of the thirty-two counties in Oregon give McKinley a plurality of 14,105.

#### RHODE ISLAND.

Providence, R. I.—McKinley's probable majority in Rhode Island is 18,000. In all, it was 22,978. Both Republican Congressmen were elected.

#### IDaho.

Boise, Idaho.—The count of the vote is going on very slowly, but the returns indicate that Bryan has carried the State.

#### WEST VIRGINIA.

Parkersburg, W. Va.—Chairman Dawson, of the Republican State Committee, declares that West Virginia has given McKinley 17,000 plurality.

#### IOWA.

Des Moines, Iowa.—Indications point at a tie about the carrying of Iowa by McKinley by an increased majority, estimated at 60,000. The Republican ticket is also elected, including all Republican Congressmen.

#### UTAH.

Salt Lake City, Utah.—Republican gains in Utah indicate McKinley has carried the State by about 10,000 and that the Republicans have elected their State and Congress tickets.

#### MARYLAND.

Baltimore, Md.—With scattered precincts in various counties of the State to hear from, Maryland's plurality for McKinley was 14,140 with a probability that the official count will swell the total to 15,000 or more. Besides placing Maryland's eight electoral votes in the McKinley column, a solid Republican delegation to the Fifty-seventh Congress was elected with handsome majorities.

#### MONTANA.

Helena, Mont.—Bryan and the combination of Democrats and Populists. Labor State ticket have carried Montana. Joseph K. Toole is the successful candidate for Governor. Caldwell Edwards has been elected Congressman. The Legislature is in doubt, but it looks as if the friends of former Senator William A. Clark will be in control. Two Senators are to be elected.

#### NEBRASKA.

Omaha, Neb.—Later returns received on the day after election settled without possible dispute that the Republicans have elected the entire State ticket and the Presidential Electors. Figures indicate that McKinley's majority in the State will be not less than 6000. The Legislature is Republican in both branches. The Republicans lose the Governorship, William A. Poynter being re-elected by at least 1000 majority. The Republicans probably will have a majority of three or four on joint ballot in the Legislature, enabling them to elect two United States Senators. Against this the Democrats claim Bryan carried the State, though by a narrow margin of perhaps not more than 1000; that Fusion has a safe working majority in the Legislature; that Fusion State officers are elected by 3000 to 5000.

#### KENTUCKY.

Louisville, Ky.—Bryan has carried Kentucky by from 11,000 to 12,000. The Democratic ticket for Governor, has carried the State by a plurality of approximately 5000. Everybody concedes the State to Bryan.

#### MISSISSIPPI.

Jackson, Miss.—The election passed quietly. Returns received indicate that the Bryan electors have received a majority of 45,000. The Democrats also elect the entire Congressional delegation.

#### MISSOURI.

St. Louis.—The indications are that Bryan has carried the State by a reduced plurality. Alexander M. Dockery, the Democratic nominee for Governor, will have a majority that is but slightly smaller than that of Bryan. The Democrats claim the election of entire Congressional delegation, fifteen in number, but the Republicans also claim the election of two Congressmen. The Legislature will be Democratic by a reduced majority.

#### KANSAS.

Topeka, Kan.—The meagre returns available indicate that the State has gone for McKinley by from 15,000 to 20,000. Chairman K. Mack Love, of the Democratic State Committee, says: "I fear Kansas has gone with the rest of the country. The slump has been the wrong way. I guess McKinley has carried the State and the whole Republican State ticket."

#### MASSACHUSETTS.

Boston, Mass.—McKinley carries the Old Bay State by about 75,000 majority. The entire Republican State ticket, headed by W. Murray Crane for Governor, is elected by about the same majority. The Republican Legislature hosen will re-elect Senator Hoar.

#### MINNESOTA.

St. Paul, Minn.—The count of the votes cast in this State was slow, but returns leave no doubt that McKinley carried the State. Van Sant, Republican, ran behind the national ticket, but he has been elected Governor. It is believed that the Legislature, which is to elect a successor to United States Senator Nelson, is Republican.

#### CALIFORNIA.

San Francisco.—The returns indicate that McKinley's plurality in California will be at least 20,000, and that all seven Republican Congressmen have been elected. The Legislature will be Republican.

#### MICHIGAN.

Detroit, Mich.—President McKinley carried Michigan. Conservative estimates place his majority at 65,000. His majority in 1896 was 41,542. The Republican State ticket has also been elected, but by a smaller majority. The Republicans have elected all their Congressional nominees.

#### DELAWARE.

Wilmington, Del.—Late returns indicate that McKinley will have a majority of from 2000 to 3000 in this State. The Legislature, which will elect two United States Senators, is Republican in each branch.

#### MAINE.

Portland, Me.—Maine went for McKinley by about 25,000, a reduction of the majority the President received in 1896. Bryan has gained twenty per cent over four years ago, and cut down the Republican plurality by 10,000 over the State election in September.

#### WYOMING.

Cheyenne, Wyo.—Returns indicate the success of the McKinley electors by Wyoming by 2000. Monday, Republican, for Congress, is probably elected by about the same majority. The Legislature will be overwhelmingly Republican.

#### VIRGINIA.

Richmond, Va.—The indications are that Bryan has carried the State by a smaller vote than in 1896, when his plurality was 19,000. Probably 9 Democratic Representatives have been elected.

#### RESULTS IN OTHER STATES.

Bryan carried the following States: Colorado, Arkansas, Florida, North Carolina, Louisiana, Georgia, Texas, Tennessee, Virginia and Alabama.

#### THE FIFTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS.

The House of Representatives Republican by a Small Majority.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—The next House of Representatives will be Republican by a small majority. The Republicans have enough Congressmen to outvote the Democrats and all others in the House. The Senate also remains Republican. From the present outlook the makeup of the upper house will be: Republicans, 55; Democrats, 31; all others, 4. Thus the Republicans will continue to hold their effective working majority against the Democrats and the Independents in the Senate. The Republicans have a majority of fourteen over all opposition.

The House of Representatives has been carried by a veritable Republican landslide. The Republican gains have not been confined to any one section of the country. The East, the West, and even the South have contributed to the increased Republican majority.

In the next House the Republicans will have, according to present returns, 202 members, and this will give them a majority of 47. Their majority in the present House is 18.

In the House the most important gains have been in the East—New York, Pennsylvania and Maryland being the chief contributors. The West is so strongly Republican in the present House that no material gains could be expected in that direction.

One of the striking features of the membership of the new Congress is the small number of Populists, Silver Republicans and Fusionists who will hold seats in the Senate and House.

### CURRENT STATE TOPICS

Summary of News Gleaned From Various Parts of Alabama.

#### MILSTEAD TO CONTEST THOMPSON'S SEAT

A Tragedy in Birmingham—Governor Elect Samford Improving—North Birmingham Secures Slag Cement Plant—Brevities.

As the result of a terrible tragedy which occurred in the Peerless saloon, Birmingham, Saturday, Tom Fitzpatrick, a showman is dead; Joe Ashby, a well-known man about town is fatally wounded; Sandy Cantleberry, a rolling mill man, is badly shot and Dump McDonald, also well-known, is under arrest charged with the shooting. It is alleged that McDonald shot Fitzpatrick and Ashby, but that Cantleberry was shot by one of the other men. It is stated that the men were drinking when the difficulty arose.

A later report says that Ashby died at the hospital. Before his death he stated that McDonald shot both Fitzpatrick and himself, and that Fitzpatrick never fired a shot.

Fitzpatrick has been identified as a nephew of Ex-Mayor Fitzpatrick, of New Orleans. He lived in St. Louis and was selling books.

#### Milstead Will Contest.

James W. Strother, of Dadeville, one of the Bryan electors for Alabama, says there seems to be no doubt but that Mr. Milstead, the defeated republican candidate, will contest Mr. Thompson's right to a seat in the house of representatives from the Fifth district. He says that it has been current talk among the followers of Milstead, even before the election, that a contest would be made. Mr. Strother says that Thompson carried every county in the district, and won his certificate fairly. Notwithstanding this fact the republicans are talking of fraud, add a fight will surely be made for Thompson's seat.

#### To Build a Slag Cement Plant.

A slag cement plant with a daily capacity of 5,000 barrels is to be built at North Birmingham. The land has been purchased, the site selected, and the work of constructing the buildings will begin at once. The company behind the movement is composed of well-known men of Birmingham and New York. The following men compose the corporation: Thomas B. Bradley and Caldwell Bradshaw, of Birmingham, and C. J. Curtin, J. W. Morey and C. R. Brodix, of New York.

#### Prospective Cotton Mill for Pell City.

An important meeting of the parties interested in the building of a large cotton mill and an oil mill at Pell City will meet next Saturday, the 17th inst., to take preliminary steps toward the organization of the companies and to outline the work of building, which will begin at once. Northern capitalists are interested in the development of that place and it is proposed to erect a \$75,000 cotton mill and an oil mill of large capacity to begin with, to be followed later by other important industries.

#### Frank Turpin is Released.

Governor Johnson has issued a complete pardon, with restoration of citizenship to Frank Turpin, convicted of assault to murder at the fall term of the circuit court of Shelby county and sentenced to two years in the penitentiary. Turpin is now in the county jail in Columbiana. He was agent of the Louisville & Nashville railroad at Calera. The charge grew out of a shooting scrape between Turpin and two brothers named Wade.

#### Dropped Dead on Street.

Captain W. N. Clements dropped dead on the streets of Fort Deposit Saturday. He sank down on the ground under a stroke of apoplexy and died in a few minutes. Captain Clements was a gallant confederate soldier, going out with the 1st Alabama. He succeeded in a daring attempt to escape at Vicksburg.

#### Tragedy at a Corn Husking.

At Daviston, Tallapoosa county, at a corn husking, in a wrestling match, Ben Fant and some other boys became engaged in a difficulty. Henry Hodnett interfered, whereupon Fant cut Hodnett, killing him instantly. Fant has been arrested.

#### Fight in Uniontown.

In a street fight at Uniontown Saturday between L. A. Foushee and Enos L. Myers, Myers was shot through the thigh and hand and Foushee was slightly wounded in the neck. Sallie Whittington, a negro bystander, was shot through the shoulder.

#### United Daughters of the Confederacy.

The seventh annual convention of the United Daughters of the Confederacy will be held in Montgomery this week and will last three days, commencing on the morning of Wednesday, the 4th.

The board of trade of Dallas county has promised to give \$100 to the Boys' Industrial school at East Lake when the county has a boy for the school.

### RICH GOLD DISCOVERY.

Prospector Struck Paying Dirt in Cleburne County.

Another rich gold discovery has been made in the Cleburne county gold field, this time by J. S. Thrasher, an old miner, who has been prospecting there for some time. The new find pans out 25 cents to the shovel full of dirt and is considered the richest strike yet made. Near where Mr. Thrasher made his discovery another miner is said to be picking up nuggets worth from \$10 to \$15 each.

The Cleburne fields around Arbocochee and the Pinetucky field, in Randolph county, not far away, both promise to be the scenes of unusual mining activity in the near future. The Cleburne field is being worked more extensively now than at any time since the war and is paying well. There is no question but that gold in paying quantities exists in Cleburne, Randolph and Calhoun counties, but the fields have never been worked fully for lack of capital.

#### Jefferson County's Big Sewer.

City Engineer Julian Kendrick, of Birmingham, made his report to the county board of revenue which he has just finished of the route of the proposed county sewer which is to extend from East Lake to Bessemer and which is to serve the purpose of a trunk sewer for the final drainage of all the towns in Jones Valley. He estimates that the cost of the system for 600,000 population will be \$148,785. It is proposed to build a sewerage system large enough to accommodate a population of from 600,000 to 800,000, to provide for the future growth of this district. The coming session of the legislature will be asked to grant the county permission to issue bonds to pay for the work.

#### Judge Brickell's Illness.

Ex-Chief Justice of Alabama, Robert C. Brickell, the recognized greatest jurist of the south, the author of Brickell's Digest of the decisions of the supreme court of Alabama, who has been lying critically ill in Huntsville for several days past, is reported by his physicians to be slightly improved. Judge Brickell is an old and feeble man, his age reaching high into the seventies.

#### Burnett's Majority is 584.

The official count of Etowah county gives Burnett 934 majority over Spears. Cherokee gives him 213, DeKalb 167, Marshall 60, Cullman 258, making 1,626. Spears gets St. Clair by 662, and Franklin by 880, making 1,042, giving Burnett 584 majority. Winston county has not been heard from, but will give Burnett about 250. Etowah only gave Democratic electors 105 majority.

#### Race Riot Narrowly Averted.

What promised to be a race riot was quelled at Brewton Sunday afternoon by cooler heads. Henry Miller, white, cut the throat of Henry Travis, a negro, at the depot. A crowd of whites and blacks were present, and for a time a general melee seemed probable. Bob Travis, a brother of the negro, was taken out and severely whipped.

#### Dropped Dead on Street.

Captain W. N. Clements dropped dead on the streets of Fort Deposit Saturday. He sank down on the ground under a stroke of apoplexy and died in a few minutes. Captain Clements was a gallant confederate soldier, going out with the 1st Alabama. He succeeded in a daring attempt to escape at Vicksburg.

#### Tragedy at a Corn Husking.







W. A. PARKER,  
Livery and Feed Stables.  
COLUMBIANA, ALA.

# "La Creole" Will Restore those Gray Hairs of Yours

Sold by HALL DRUG COMPANY.

**"LA CREOLE" HAIR RESTORER**  
A Perfect Hair Dressing and Restorer.  
If your Merchant doesn't handle, send \$1.00 to us and get one bottle, or \$5.00 and get six bottles.  
CHARGES PREPAID to any part U. S. or Canada.  
**VAN VLEET-MANSFIELD DRUG CO.,**  
Sole Proprietors, MEMPHIS, TENN.

## THE FALL OF PEKIN

Regardless of their overwhelming numbers, the Chinese forces fall, scatter and disappear before allied army, and likewise all competitors fall, scatter and disappear when the

### COLUMBIANA MERCANTILE CO.'S

Dry Goods, Clothing, Shoes, Ladies and Gents Furnishing goods are brought to

## THE FRONT,

Where quality and prices counts, we win. So call on us before you buy anything in this line for we always save you from

**20 TO 30 PER CENT.**

in your purchases. Below we quote you a few PRICES:

Dress Goods.	Clothing.
Worst single width at..... 8 c	All wool Cheviot suits former price \$8.00, now \$5.00.
Cashmere double width, all color 12 1/2 c	Cashmere Serge suits former price \$10.00, now \$7.50.
Better quality Cashmere, colors 20 c	Black clay worsted suits, former price \$12.00, now \$8.00.
Henrietta Silk finish, all colors, 40 c	Scotch Plaid suits former price \$15.00, now for 10.00.
We have a few fall dress patterns left, former price \$1.25 will close them out at..... 90 c	Fine black heavy cheviot suits, former price \$5.00, now for \$3.00.
<b>Calicoes and Outings.</b>	Good heavy Brown striped suits, former price \$4.00, now for \$2.25.
One lot dress Calicoes at..... 4 1/2 c	Boys knee suits from 60c to \$4.00.
Dress Outings flannels at..... 8 c	Good extra heavy jeans pants at 50c.
Dress Flannels 10c quality at..... 10 c	Better quality jeans pants from 75c to \$1.00.
<b>Bleaching.</b>	Mens heavy wool pants' former price \$1.25, now for 75c.
Good soft finish Bleaching at..... 6c	Big line of fine dress pants from \$1.00 to \$5.00 per pair.
Good heavy checks at..... 4 1/2 c	<b>Mens Hats.</b>
10-4 Brown Sheeting worth 20c per yard our price..... 15 c	Good mens black and brown hats former price 75 cents, will close them out at 25 cents.
10-4 Bleached sheeting worth 20c a yard, our price..... 15 c	Better quality hats from \$1.00 to \$3.00.
Big line of bleached & unbleached cotton flannels price from 6 to 12 1/2 c	One lot of Boys hats former price 25 cents, will close them out for 10c.
<b>Hosiery and Notions.</b>	Each. Better quality from 25 cents to \$1.00.
Good Ladies black hose at..... 5c	<b>Jackets and Capes.</b>
Extra heavy Ladies hose at..... 10c	Come and see our BIG LINE of Ladies' and Childrens' JACKETS AND CAPES. We have them in all kinds and sizes, and prices. Here is a few of our offers:
Children ribbed black hose from 5 to 25 Ladies, Mens and Childrens handkerchiefs at 4 cents and up..... 25c	Black Cheviot Cape at..... 25 cts
Good Ladies Corsets at..... 50c	Better quality Cape at..... 50 cts
Better quality at..... 50c	Extra Good quality Cape at..... \$1.00
<b>Special Millinery Sale.</b>	Plush Capes at..... \$1.25
Ladies dress hats worth \$1.50 for \$1.00	Others range from \$1.25 to \$10.00
Ladies dress hats worth 2.00 for 1.25	A Big Line of Skirts from \$1.00 to \$6.00.
Ladies dress hats worth 2.50 for 1.75	
Ladies dress hats worth 3.50 for 2.50	
Ladies dress hats worth 4.50 for 3.00	
Ladies walking hats " 1.50 for 1.00	
Ladies walking hats " 1.25 for .75	
Ladies walking hats " .75 for .50	

We have just completed a handsome brick store in which we have a magnificent line of

## Heavy and Fancy Groceries.

WE STILL SELL YOU

Lyons, Arbuckles and Cordova Coffees at

**\*8 \* LBS. \* FOR \* 1.00.\***

We also handle Stoves, Furniture, Hardware, Saddles and Harness, and

**FLORENCE WAGONS,**

Which we sell you at lowest prices.

We Pay the Highest Market Prices for Cotton and Country Produce.

Yours to serve,

**COLUMBIANA MERCANTILE CO.**

### STATEMENT OF CONDITION

—OF—

**GORDON DUBOSE, Banker,**

Columbiana, Ala.

At the close of business October 8, 1900.

Loans.....	\$40,467 28	Capital.....	\$15,000 00
Real Estate.....	7,000 00	Deposits.....	29,104 00
Cash.....	19,007 72	Re-discounts.....	22,371 00
Total.....	\$66,475 00	Total.....	\$66,475 00

I, E. E. Chapman, cashier of said bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true and correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

E. E. CHAPMAN.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 8th day of October, 1900.

J. R. WHITE, Register in Chancery.

## Montevallo Coal & Transportation Co.

—MINES AT—

**Aldrich, Shelby County, Ala.**

MINERS AND SHIPPERS OF

THE CELEBRATED MONTEVALLO COAL.

The Best Domestic Coal in the United States.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

We have been mining from the same vein of coal since

**— 1874 —**

Write for prices to

**JAMES L. McCONAUGHY, Sec.,**  
**ALDRICH, ALA.**

### THE PEOPLE'S ADVOCATE

SOCIAL AND LOCAL NEWS.

**Points About People You Know and Some You Don't Know. News From Different Beats.**

Eggs are very scarce in our city.

Rev. J. E. Bird is visiting friends at Geneva.

Jack frost has made himself felt this week.

J. R. Hill, of Calera, was in the city Monday.

C. A. Mason, of beat 9, was in town Monday.

The Alabama State Fair closed last Saturday.

W. P. Lovett, of beat 2, was in town Saturday.

W. M. Connell, of beat 2, was in town Monday.

Thursday, November 29th is Thanksgiving Day.

R. T. Johnson, of Shelby Springs, was in town Monday.

Commissioners court was in regular session this week.

Nurserymen have struck our town with a lot of fruit trees.

Mrs. W. G. Parker is on a visit to friends at Tuscaloosa.

C. E. Abraham, of Birmingham, was in the city Tuesday.

H. Fox, of Shelby, was in the city Monday on business.

J. W. Millstead, of Sylacauga, was in the city yesterday.

Dr. B. H. Smothers, of Weldon, spent Monday in the city.

Bemish & Meyer's fine candies for sale at J. H. Hammond.

Overcoats and cloaks have made their appearance this week.

J. L. Walthall, of Harpersville, was in town last Saturday.

Cotton is being brought to the gin in our town quite lively.

Mack Williams, of Childersburg, visited friends here this week.

Mrs. S. A. Vest, of Montevallo, visited friends here this week.

John M. Fancher, of Montevallo, was in the city Monday on business.

W. A. Tallant and family have moved to Calera, their future home.

E. Williamson, of Wilsonville, was in the city a short while Tuesday.

Commissioner Shaw, of Aldrich, was in the city several days this week.

The heavy frost Tuesday morning looked like a small fall of snow.

Frank Robertson, of Yellow Leaf, spent Sunday in the city with home folks.

H. L. D. Phillip, of Shelby Springs, was a visitor to the city Monday.

Miss Ida Lyons, of Calera, visited relatives here Saturday and Sunday.

Charlie Pearson and wife returned Monday from a visit to relatives at Bridgeton.

Lyman Clarady, of Talladega, spent a few days in the city this week on business.

Prof. W. H. Bird, of Six Mile, spent Saturday and Sunday in the city with his family.

J. W. M. Page and wife, and Mrs. J. T. Cromwell spent Sunday with Shelby friends.

J. S. Pearson and family returned home last Saturday from a visit to relatives at Gary.

Rev. T. P. Roberts filled his regular appointment at the Methodist church Sunday night.

Miss Mary Thompson, of Birmingham, visited the family of Rev. W. I. Sinnott last week.

Phillip Erlick, of the Columbiana Mercantile Co., spent Sunday at Weldon with friends.

Last Sunday morning there were three new members added to the roll of the Methodist church.

As the weather grows colder the "blind" tigers seems to be prowling around our town quite often.

Madam Rumor says the wedding bells will soon ring out their lively tones in our midst again.

Rev. T. K. Roberts preached an interesting sermon at the Methodist church Sunday at 11 a. m.

In another column will be found the advertisement of the Alabama Mineral Land Co., of Anniston.

Again the ex-slave pension agents are making their rounds in the state, it is strange that our colored people are contributing to the support of these fakes.

Ed. Strickland and Miss Anna Strickland returned Monday from a visit to relatives in Birmingham.

Cupid has again been at work in our community, and the result is a marriage on the 28th of this month.

Two dozen pure bred barred Plymouth Rock roosters for sale at \$1.00 each. Address P. O. Box 229, Columbiana, Ala.

All who have cook stoves needing repairs will do well to address J. R. Bently, Columbiana, Ala. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Tax Collector Robertson and Assessor Pitts are on their second round collecting and assessing taxes for the year 1900.

For the first time in a long time the Local freight on the Southern Railway came down on schedule time Tuesday morning.

The colored people had a meeting at the courthouse on last Monday night in the interest of the ex-slave pension movement.

Miss Pearl Norris has accepted a position as saleslady in the Dry Goods department of the Columbiana Mercantile Co's store.

The little word "if" is said to be the largest word in the English language, and ranks with the smallest, yet it means a great deal.

J. B. Elliott is having him a new building erected on the vacant lot he recently purchased from the John S. Leeper estate on Main street.

We were shown a large sweet potato last week that tipped the beam at the four and a half notch, and was raised by David Spearman on Fourmile.

The trusts are beginning to squeeze the poor farmers in order to get back some of the liberal donation to the Galveston sufferers, they have added one cent a pound to the price of meat.

The finishing touch is being put upon the handsome brick store of J. P. Pearson & Co., in the shape of neatly painted sign on the front of the building, and it will add to the beauty of the structure.

Mary Langley, who has been an inmate at the Poor-house for the past twenty years, died last Friday. Mary was well known in the county, but adversity overtook her on the rugged road of life, and necessity placed her an inmate at the Poor-house.

Postmaster received a letter last week from a firm in Chicago informing him that they had an order for goods to be shipped to this place, but failed to sign their name, in order that the order may be filled a poster was sent calling attention to the error made by the writer.

Call on Mrs. J. W. Peers for sewing of all kinds, prices as cheap as is consistent with good work. At Morgan's place on West College street. Also for sale Sofa pillows, Chair cushions, Pin cushions and other fancy articles nice for Xmas presents. All done in crazy patch work.

We want a good correspondent from every beat in the county. If you will write us the news every week from the different places in the county, we will send you The Advocate free. Be sure and get your communication to us not later than Tuesday noon, and write on only one side of paper.

We specially call the attention of our many readers to the change in this issue of the Columbiana Mercantile Co's double column 'ad'. You can find in their mammoth stock of Dry Goods, Clothing, Notions and Groceries anything that you may need. They have corps of clerks to wait upon customers.

Mr. Frank Turpin who was convicted of assault upon Mr. Wade, at Calera, at the last term of Circuit court, was given a pardon last week by the Governor. A large petition signed by the best citizens of the county was sent to the Governor, and after reviewing the testimony of the case, saw fit to give Mr. Turpin his freedom.

The Sunday School Rally at the Methodist church last Sunday afternoon was well attended, and the program was interesting. Those who were expected to read papers on the different topics did themselves much credit. The Rally has, we believe, instilled in the hearts of our people a greater enthusiasm in the Sunday School work.

Buy your groceries and crockery where you can buy them the cheapest. So go to

**J. H. HAMMOND,**

Cash Groc.

All blacksmith work guaranteed at Shelby by J. A. Barker.

### To Our Columbiana Girls.

All the girls of our town regardless of denomination, from 16 years old down, are hereby cordially invited to come to the Parsonage promptly at 3 p. m. Saturday, November 17th, 1900. Girls, I have something to show you and something to tell you. Don't fail to come. God bless you!

"BROTHER TOM."

### County Court Jurors.

The following is a list of petit jurors drawn to serve at the November term, which convenes the 26th:

M. M. Taylor, J. L. Foust, C. S. Frost, J. G. Jinks, John McGiboney, Walter E. Lester, J. L. Stout, W. T. Donnell, W. W. Kirkland, L. B. Frost, J. H. Keith, G. S. Upshaw, P. H. Harris, J. H. Ray, Joe A. McDaniel, J. M. Carden, H. M. Baker, J. L. Riddle, J. D. Ruffin, W. P. Cox, Green E. Abbott, J. M. Killough, T. W. Elliott, A. A. Stracener.

### Good Luck of an Editor.

"For two years all efforts to cure Eczema in the palms of my hands failed writes Editor H. N. Lester, of Syracuse, Kan., 'Then I was wholly cured by Bucklen's Arnica Salve.' It's the world's best for Eruptions, Sores and skin diseases. Only 25c at Hall Drug Store.

### Spring Creek.

Health not very good.

Cotton crops are about gathered.

Wheat and oats sowing and potatoe digging is the order of the day.

Potatoes are turning out very well.

Green Merrell, of near Shelby, has been quite ill for some time, though he is now convalescing we are glad to state.

Wm. H. Crawford and family, of Shelby, are very ill, we hope they may soon recover.

Rev. W. P. Hale, of Shelby, pastor of Bethlehem church preached an able sermon to a large attentive audience on the fourth Sunday of last month.

The way that T. R. is interested across the Coosa river, we hope ere long to eat some pound cake.

Success to the Advocate.

GRANGER.

### That Throbbing Headache.

Would quickly leave you, if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for sick and nervous headaches. They make pure blood and build up your health. Only 25 cents. Money back if not cured. Sold by Hall the Druggist.

### Pointed Paragraphs.

From the Chicago News.

What man has done woman wants to do.

True wit is never injurious to others.

Conceit is but the self-esteem of the other fellow.

A dentist says teeth are like verbs—regular, irregular and defective.

The lazy man's bed is too short for him because he is too long in it.

Attend to trifles today and the important matters will come along in due time.

Grass is not necessarily older than yourself because it happens to be past-urage.

### Millions Given Away.

It is certainly gratifying to the public to know of one concern which is not afraid to be generous. The proprietors of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds have given away over ten million trial bottles and have the satisfaction of knowing it has cured thousands of hopeless cases. Asthma, Bronchitis, La Grippe and all Throat, Chest and Lung diseases are surely cured by it. Call on Hall, the Druggist and get a ten cent trial bottle. Regular size 50c and 1.00. Every bottle guaranteed.

The solemn look on the father's face when he gives his daughter away at the marriage altar is amusing when one recalls how anxious he has been to get rid of her during the past ten years.

Get your horse shod at Shelby

J. A. Barker.

Because a girl sneezes is no sign she is up to snuff.

The untruth of today is called a lie; the untruth of a hundred years ago is called a legend.

Practical horse shoer at Shelby,

J. A. Barker.

## The Fall of The Year HAS COME!

## —AND— The Fall of Prices Has COME ALSO!

## We are now in our NEW BRICK BUILDING

With the best stock of Dry Goods, Notions, Shoes, Etc., ever brought to

THIS MARKET.

**Figures Dont Lie!**

LISTEN HOW THEY TALK!

All Wool Jeans Pants.....	98 cents
Good Bleached Domestic.....	6 cents
Calico, good quality, per yard.....	5 cents

**Our Line of Ladies and Gents Shoes Can't be surpassed in quantity or quality.**

LISTEN TO THE WAY WE TALK ON GROCERIES.

20 Pounds Best Y. C. Sugar for.....	\$1.00
15 Pounds Best Granulated Sugar for.....	\$1.00

In Order to Make Room for a Car Load of Flour now on the Road WE Offer:

Best Half Patent Flour **50 Cents.**

8 Pounds of Good Coffee for \$1.00.

2 full Pound Bar Soap for 5 cents.

**ALL GOODS NEW AND FRESH.**

**J. P. PEARSON & CO.**

COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA.

## LOOK, READ

AND

THINK HOW CHEAP THE FOLLOWING

**GOODS ARE:**

**thousand of dollarsworth** of Dry Goods cheaper than any other store in the county.

Fifty thousand yards of Prints at 4 1/2 to 6 cents a yard.

Thousands of yards of Dress Plaids 6 to 20 cents a yard.

A large assortment of Fancy Dress Goods.

In Wool, Silk and Silk finished goods cheaper than any store in town.

One thousand 5 lb. bundles of remnant Percale Outings and Prints from 90 cents to \$1.00 a bundle.

Five hundred pair Boys' and Mens' Suspenders from 10 cents to \$1 a pair.

Five hundred Mens' and Ladies' Handkerchiefs from 2c to 75 cts. each.

Five hundred Mens' and Boys' Hats from 20 cents to \$5.00 each.

A large stock of Shoes for Men, Ladies and Children from 30 cents to \$5.00 a pair.

**CLOTHING.**

My Clothing is the best selected stock in town and I can safely say I will save you 25 per cent on your purchase. Mens' suits worth \$5.00 for only \$2.00.

Mens' suits worth \$10.00 for only \$5.00. Boys' suits worth \$10.00 for only \$5.00.

Ladies', Gents', Boys' and Childrens' winter underwear cheaper than ever before.

Ladies', Misses and Childrens' trimmed Hats going very cheap.

Ladies' and Misses fine Capes, cheap est, anywhere from 40c to \$5.00 each.

Ladies' Dress Skirts from \$1.00 to \$6.00.

**GROCERIES.**

My stock of groceries is complete with every good thing your wants demand, at a cheaper price than you can find anywhere.

**FURNITURE.**

My stock of Furniture is pretty well complete with all the Staple Furniture and at a very LOW PRICE.

**STOVES!**

I am selling Stoves cheap, and give with every Cook Stove 50 different pieces of cook vessels, etc.

**W. E. MERRELL.**  
Shelby, Alabama

## LAND FOR SALE.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY A

FARM OR TIMBER TRACT...

Our lands are for sale in lots of forty acres or more

on very liberal terms of payments. Do not wait for an

agent to call but write us, naming forty you want....

**ALABAMA MINERAL LAND CO.,**

ANNISTON, ALABAMA.

If you are needing any dental work drop Dr. J. M. Lovett at Bessemer, Ala., a card and when he returns to Columbiana, he will call on you. Satisfaction guaranteed and prices reasonable







# THE PEOPLES ADVOCATE.

"THE LOVE OF COUNTRY GUIDES."

VOL. IX.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1900.

NO. 29.

## CURRENT STATE TOPICS

Summary of News Gleaned From Various Parts of Alabama.

### COL. SAMFORD'S SON ISSUES STATEMENT

Death of Dr. R. A. Moseley Announced. Young Man Kills His Father—Investigating Clay Deposits—Improving Raccoon Dam.

In response to the numerous telegrams and letters that have been received Captain T. D. Samford, law partner and son of Governor-elect William J. Samford, Friday night gave out the following statement to the press:

"We are aware of and deeply grateful for the tender solicitude of the people of Alabama and elsewhere at the illness of my father. He is still quite sick and is receiving the very closest care and attention possible. His symptoms are somewhat better than they were ten days ago and the physicians think unless some additional complications arise that he will be restored to his normal condition of health, though his attack is very serious and any improvement must necessarily be gradual. In view of the numerous enquiries and of the conflicting reports I feel constrained to make this statement."

(Signed) T. D. SAMFORD.

#### Dr. R. A. Moseley Dead.

The state department at Washington has been informed that Dr. R. A. Moseley, consul general of the United States at Singapore, died a few days ago at Yokohama, Japan. He was granted leave of absence by the department some weeks ago upon representation that his health demanded a change of climate. Dr. Moseley was appointed to his post on January 27, 1899, from Alabama.

Dr. Moseley was about 56 years old, and was born near Montgomery; but much of his life was spent in Talladega county. For thirty years he had been conspicuous as a republican leader, and at various times conducted newspapers, having sold his Birmingham newspaper, the Times, to go to Singapore. From 1889 to 1898 he was collector of internal revenue in Alabama under President Harrison, and discharged his duties faithfully. He was for a long time chairman of the state republican executive committee.

#### Improving Raccoon Dam.

Captain J. N. Fritz and a party of men are at work on Raccoon dam, seven miles above Florence, making repairs and extending wing dams on either side of the dam to lessen the current and the fall of the stream. Raccoon bar has for many years been a menace to navigation, and a number of steamers and barges have hung up at this place. The river and harbors committee on their visit last year recommended that a lock and canal be put in at this point, and it is only a question of time till the canal and locks will be extended to Florence.

#### Investigating Valuable Clay Banks.

The clays along the line of the Mobile and Ohio railroad are beginning to attract the attention of parties in New Jersey and Pennsylvania. There is already a party of prospectors representing potteries in the latter state who are examining the clay banks of Ten Mile Hill. They are prospecting on glass clays. Two gentlemen from Trenton, N. J., arrived Friday and are examining the clay resources near Ethelville. These parties are interested in the manufacture of all classes of art pottery.

#### Killed His Father.

Parties from Coker's beat, in Tuscaloosa county, bring information of the killing of Tom Booth, a respected white farmer, by his 16-year-old son, with a gun a few days ago. The son owned an interest in a beef, which his father had sold, and words arose between them. Death was instantaneous. The boy was sent off by the family to notify some neighbors and had not returned when the parties left there.

#### Annisston Yarn Mills.

Announcement is made that the Woodstock Cotton Mill, one of the three new yarn mills built in Anniston this year, will begin operations on or about December 1. The Woodstock is larger than the other two mills. The Adelaide mill started up Monday. The Woodstock mill will give employment to a good number of people.

## WRECK ON THE SOUTHERN.

Three Men Killed and Six Others Seriously Injured.

A disastrous wreck occurred on the Selma division of the Southern railway Saturday night at 10 o'clock, in which three men were killed and several others seriously wounded.

Two freight trains, No. 639 east-bound and No. 80 westbound collided at full speed. The accident occurred between Blocton and Hargrove.

Engineer Ped Oldham on the west-bound train and a negro brakeman were instantly killed. Engineer Bullock on the eastbound train was seriously injured, his skull being fractured. He will probably die. Ed McKey, fireman, had one leg mashed off, and was injured internally, and died shortly afterward.

Robert Gunlock, fireman on No. 80, saw the headlight from engine No. 639 and remarked to Mr. Oldham, his engineer, "Ped, I see a headlight." He then jumped off the engine, and in the fall which followed had his left arm broken.

Charlie Tillery, had a leg broken; a negro brakeman had his skull fractured. The following is a list of passengers on No. 80 who were injured: Mr. Bearden, of Campbelltown, Blocton, bruised and gashed in head; Mrs. Bob Lawley and little daughter, bruised and several ribs broken; Bob Gardner, head bruised; two negro men bruised.

#### Governor Johnston Ready to Vacate.

Governor Johnston, in an interview relative to the illness of Governor-elect Samford and the complications that might arise should the latter die before December 1, said:

"I have neither consulted authority nor asked for an opinion from legal counsel on the subject. The constitution, as has been stated, says that the governor shall serve for two years; and until his successor is elected and qualifies. I am ready to go out at the prescribed time. I am not only ready, but willing to leave the office at the legally stated time. As I have stated, I have sought advice from no legal authority on the subject, nor have I considered what I will do next month when the time comes for me to withdraw from the office. I dislike all this discussion of the matter. I am not able to say what will be done in the dilemma."

#### Sheriffs' Association Formed.

The Sheriffs' Association of Alabama was formed in Montgomery Saturday at a meeting of about twenty sheriffs of the state.

The following officers were elected: President, W. R. Waller, Montgomery; vice-president, John F. Powers, Mobile; treasurer, Hugh M. Wilson, Lee; secretary, T. J. Williams, Elmore; assistant secretary, A. J. Taylor.

The meeting was held behind closed doors, but it is understood that legislation regarding the sheriffs of the various counties was under discussion.

#### Shot at Car and Hit Man.

At Adger Tom McKnight, a well-known citizen, was shot and it is feared was fatally hurt. The shooting was accidental and was done by a negro named Jack Phillips. A cow got into Phillips' garden and in chasing the animal out he fired at it with a shotgun. The charge missed the cow and struck Mr. McKnight, who was some distance away, in the abdomen, inflicting a very dangerous wound.

#### Caddell Gets the Death Penalty.

The trial of Festus Caddell, at Centerville, charged with the murder of his wife, Mamie Caddell, at Blocton, May 29, ended Saturday with a verdict of murder in the first degree and a sentence to hang December 28. The trial was had before Hon. John Moore, judge of the fourth judicial circuit.

#### Coosa River Improvements.

Congressman Theodore E. Burton, of Ohio, chairman of the rivers and harbors committee of the house, is at Gadsden this week, where he will go over the Coosa river with a party of local business men. This river is the one which it is desired to open in Alabama, in order to give a deep water outlet to the sea from the Alabama coal fields.

#### Death Sentence Commuted.

Governor Johnston has commuted the death sentence of Nathan Ragland, colored, of Talladega, to imprisonment for twenty years, with allowance for good conduct.

#### Baptists to Meet at Brewton.

The seventy-ninth annual session of the Baptist state convention has completed its work at Tuscaloosa and adjourned to meet in Brewton.

## CHINESE PRINCES' PUNISHMENT.

Tuan and Chwang Receive Life Imprisonment Sentences.

Minister Wu has received from Director of Ports Sheng the following cablegram, which he communicated to Secretary Hay:

"An imperial decree of November 13 deprives Prince Tuan and Prince Chwang of their ranks and offices and orders them to be imprisoned for life; Prince Yih and Secondary Prince Ying to be imprisoned; Secondary Prince Lien to be deprived of his rank; Duke Ian and Yug Nien, to be degraded in rank; Kang Yi being dead, no penalty can be imposed upon him, and Shao Shu Chiao to be degraded, but retained in office, and Yu Hsien to be exiled to the farthest boundary."

The Chinese officials mentioned in the decree are among the highest in China and comprise most, if not all, of those against whom the powers demanded punishment.

#### MCKINLEY WILL OPPOSE

Any Movement of a Reduction in Representation of Southern States.

A Washington dispatch says: The opinion is growing among public men who are in the confidence of the president that he will oppose any movement looking to a reduction of the congressional representation of the southern states, on account of charges of the disfranchisement of the colored voters. The president is said to be opposed to reviving ill-feeling, which he thinks would be the result of a bill thus touching the south's suffrage. He has been told from many sources recently that an important element of southern business men, manufacturers and others is at heart with the republicans, and that the nucleus of a future revolution against existing political methods in the south has been securely established, and should not be dissipated by legislation that would be regarded as sectional.

On account of the president's attitude there is a growing opinion that legislation looking to the reduction of the southern representation will not be pressed by party leaders in congress.

#### ROYALISTS WON.

Wilcox, Their Candidate, Elected Delegate to Congress.

A Honolulu dispatch says: Robert W. Wilcox, the independent royalist candidate, has been elected Hawaiian delegate to congress by a small majority over Samuel Parker, republican candidate. His strong vote among the native districts carried the day.

The result of the election produced much depression among all whites, as Wilcox was opposed by republicans and democrats alike. His campaign was an anti-white canvass, with promises on the part of some of his campaign workers that if he were elected Queen Liliuokalani would be restored to the throne. The vote shows the native bitterness over annexation to be still alive.

#### Destructive Earthquake.

Gov. Candler Calls Maritime Congress. Gov. Allen D. Candler, of Georgia, has issued a call for a national maritime congress at Brunswick, January 30, next. The call says:

"Impressed with the importance of creating an interest in the maritime business of the United States and a sentiment that may tend to restore its former prestige as a great carrying power, I have deemed it proper to issue a call for a national maritime congress to assemble at Brunswick, Ga., January 30, 1901."

#### Armor Plate Contracts Awarded.

Secretary Long has announced the conclusion of the long controversy over the price of armor plate for naval vessels and an agreement with the Carnegie and Bethlehem companies for Krupp armor at \$420 a ton, with the possible addition of royalty fees, making the maximum price \$455 52 a ton. The amount of armor involved is the largest ever placed at one time by the government, and it is said to equal all the armor for seventeen ships now in various stages of construction, including eight battleships, six armored cruisers and three protected cruisers.

#### Handsome Fee Offered Mr. Bryan.

The Martin-Engel association, the Tammany Hall organization of the Eight Assembly District, New York, has formerly voted to offer Wm. J. Bryan a handsome fee to come to New York and take charge of the legal defense of the district captains of the Eight Assembly District, indicted for alleged violations of election laws.

## FIGHTING IN PHILIPPINES

Several Small Engagements Reported on Island of Luzon.

### AGGRESSIVE MOVEMENT BY AMERICANS

A Rebel Stronghold Dislodged From the Mountains in Which Fifty Filipinos Were Killed and Many Others Wounded.

Manila, Philippines.—Last week witnessed a considerable increase in rebel and American activity in the field. Many skirmishes occurred and several small engagements in northern and southern Luzon. The termination of the rains permits a resumption of operations on both sides.

The Americans are undertaking a series of aggressive movements against the insurgents, notably upon the island of Samar, against General Lukban, whose forces hold the entire island with the exception of three coast towns, each of which is garrisoned by two companies of the Twenty-ninth infantry and a platoon of artillery.

The rebels are continually shooting into the garrisoned towns and our forces have not been sufficient to retaliate effectively.

The Fourteenth Infantry, which recently arrived from China, will relieve the Twenty-first Infantry from duty in Manila, and the Twenty-first will relieve the Thirty-eighth Infantry in Southern Luzon, the Thirty-eighth proceeding to the island of Panay to reinforce the troops there. The Twenty-eighth Infantry will reinforce the garrisons in the island of Mindanao, particularly at Kagayan, where an armed truce between the rebels and the Americans has existed for months past.

General Wheaton, commanding the department of northern Luzon, is sending reinforcements to General Young's provinces, where the natives, under Generals Tinio and Aglipay, the excommunicated Filipino priests, are showing signs of restlessness, deserting the domiciles they have occupied during the rainy season and joining, under compulsion of fear, the insurgents in the mountains.

Notable among the week's engagements was General Grant's advance with Maccabee and American scouts upon a rebel stronghold thirty-five miles north of Manila, which was defended by 200 insurgents armed with rifles. After skirmishing and fighting for the greater part of a day and night, the enemy was dislodged from the mountain fastness and immense quantities of rice and stores, with ammunition, were destroyed. Fifty Filipinos were killed and many others wounded. The insurgents carried off their dead. The American losses were eleven privates and one officer wounded and one Maccabee killed.

#### Intended Victim of a Mob Escapes.

A mob which intended to lynch a negro at Albermarle, N. C., only succeeded in liberating the prisoner. On being refused entrance the mob battered down a section of the jail walls, smashed the negro's cell door and dragged him out, pushing him through the hole in the wall. As soon as the negro touched ground he ran and escaped. The negro was accused of poisoning Dr. Love, who died several months ago.

#### Hot Fight With Bolomen.

A Manila dispatch says: Two hundred Bolomen, with fifty rifles, attacked Bugazon, Island of Panaya, October 30. The Americans lost three men killed—Lieutenant H. M. Koontz, Sergeant Kitchen and Corporal Burns—all of company F, Forty-fourth infantry. The enemy lost 100 killed, 21 wounded and 20 prisoners.

Died at Hong Kong.

News was received at Washington of the death from typhoid fever of Mrs. McKinley's nephew, Assistant Paymaster J. S. Barber, at Hong Kong.

#### One Hundred Corpses Found.

The United States surveying corps Saturday found over one hundred dead bodies in a swamp just west of Galveston, Tex., where they had been deposited by the storm. The unburied dead were in an out of the way place near the county road and had not been discovered by the burying parties sent out after the storm.

## BOERS TO BE CORRALLED.

The Reconcentrado Plan to Be Adopted by the British.

The Natal Mercury reports that among the measures to be adopted in order to pacify the Boers is the reconcentrado plan of Lord Roberts. Lord Kitchener has decided to take this step, owing to the difficulty of dealing with the armed Boers while hampered by the civilian population in the outlying small towns.

It is understood in London that the statement in the Natal Mercury means that Lord Kitchener will depopulate the small towns and concentrate their populations in the larger towns, otherwise following out a reconcentrado policy.

#### Boers Attack a Railroad.

The Boers heavily attacked the railroad at Edenburg November 15. It is reported that the Boers were completely cut up. One report has it that seventy-five of the party were killed or wounded.

#### AMERICAN CLAIMS

Will Be Paid by China in Installments.

The American consul at Canton has been notified that the board of reconstruction has been ordered to pay \$10,000 as the first installment in settlement of American claims. All the consuls are pressing for indemnity for the destroyed missions. A special deputy has been appointed for each district to estimate the damage done, the Chinese apparently realizing that settlement of the claims is the only method of ridding of foreign gunboats.

A fire has occurred in Canton which destroyed between 200 and 300 houses.

#### EMPEROR WILLIAM ATTACKED.

An Ax Hurler at the Monarch, Which Struck the Carriage.

Emperor William, of Germany, was the object of an attempted outrage at Breslau, which, however, failed. As he was driving in an open carriage to the Cuiraassiers' barracks, accompanied by the hereditary Prince of Saxe-Weiningen, a woman in the crowd hurled an ax at the carriage. The rapidity with which the vehicle was passing saved its occupants. The woman was immediately arrested and is believed to be insane. The outraged crowd threw themselves on his majesty's assailant, but the prompt interference of the police saved the woman from injury.

#### Bank Looted by a Cashier.

United States Bank Examiner Tucker has taken possession of the German National Bank at Newport, Ky., and posted a notice that the bank would remain closed pending an examination. Examiner Tucker also announced unofficially that Frank M. Brown, the individual book-keeper and assistant cashier, was missing, and that a partial investigation showed that Brown was short about \$201,000. Brown had been with the bank eighteen years, was one of the most trusted men ever connected with this old bank. The capital stock of the bank is only \$100,000.

Intended Victim of a Mob Escapes. A mob which intended to lynch a negro at Albermarle, N. C., only succeeded in liberating the prisoner. On being refused entrance the mob battered down a section of the jail walls, smashed the negro's cell door and dragged him out, pushing him through the hole in the wall. As soon as the negro touched ground he ran and escaped. The negro was accused of poisoning Dr. Love, who died several months ago.

#### Hot Fight With Bolomen.

A Manila dispatch says: Two hundred Bolomen, with fifty rifles, attacked Bugazon, Island of Panaya, October 30. The Americans lost three men killed—Lieutenant H. M. Koontz, Sergeant Kitchen and Corporal Burns—all of company F, Forty-fourth infantry. The enemy lost 100 killed, 21 wounded and 20 prisoners.

#### Died at Hong Kong.

News was received at Washington of the death from typhoid fever of Mrs. McKinley's nephew, Assistant Paymaster J. S. Barber, at Hong Kong.

#### One Hundred Corpses Found.

The United States surveying corps Saturday found over one hundred dead bodies in a swamp just west of Galveston, Tex., where they had been deposited by the storm. The unburied dead were in an out of the way place near the county road and had not been discovered by the burying parties sent out after the storm.

## THE LEGISLATURE.

Summary of the Doings of Alabama's Law Makers at Montgomery.

There was a flood of bills introduced into the lower house of the general assembly Wednesday. Fifty-seven bills was the day's record. Outside of the introduction of bills there was nothing of special importance brought up before the sessions.

A number of very important bills were presented in the house. The first in importance was presented by Mr. Oliver, of Chambers, providing for the calling of a constitutional convention in Alabama. This bill provides for the submission of the question to a vote of the electors of the state as to whether a convention shall be held.

Another bill of importance was by Mr. Gunnel, of Calhoun, seeking to grade the public schools of the state. Mr. Bulger, of Tallapoosa, also presented a bill to provide for a uniform system of text books for the free schools.

A bill was introduced seeking to prohibit the sale of cigarettes, cigarette paper or cigarettes in the state.

An important bill was presented by Mr. O'Brien of Jefferson, providing for a survey of the several counties in the state to ascertain more perfect county boundaries.

Mr. Pettus, of Limestone, presented a bill seeking to make June 8 of each year, Jefferson Davis' birthday, a legal holiday.

In the senate a bill was introduced to regulate primary elections in the state and another to appropriate \$25,000 to aid the Alabama Insane hospital.

Thursday's session of the legislature was without special interest except the passage by the house of bills Nos. 1 and 2, relating to the governorship and the administration of the oath of office to the chief executive, which were introduced the first day of the session.

The house was in session but an hour. The passage of two and the introduction of sixty-seven bills marked the day's work.

On motion of Mr. Tunstall, of Hale, the regular order was suspended and the passage of bills taken up. Mr. Tunstall said that he made the motion because of the very urgent demand for the passage of house bills 1 and 2. The Bulger bill, amending section 1953 of the code, so that any officer eligible to administer an oath of office shall be eligible to administer an oath to the governor, was called up, read a third time and passed without debate. The vote was 83 ayes and 1 nay.

The Tunstall bill, prescribing who shall assume the duties of the office of governor in case of the death of the governor-elect, or of his failure to qualify, was read a third time and passed without debate by a vote of 83 to 0.

At night Hon. John T. Morgan was nominated by the democratic caucus for his fifth term in the senate of the United States. He received all of the votes cast in the caucus, 115.

The feature of the proceedings in the house Friday was a bill which was introduced by Mr. Lacy, of Jefferson county, who resides at Bessemer, a town of some 6,000 inhabitants, which is situated twelve miles from Birmingham, providing for the creation of a new county to be known as Bessemer county and to be created by carving slices out of the counties of Bibb, Shelby, Walker, Tuscaloosa and Jefferson. This bill produced the first lively discussion of the session. It was referred for consideration to a special committee to be composed of the representatives from the counties interested.

Mr. Graves, of Montgomery, introduced a bill for the election of the members of the board of revenue of Montgomery county by the people. At present they are appointed by the governor.

Mr. Whitson, of Talladega, offered a joint resolution petitioning the secretary of state to consent to no arrangement that would cause the Chinese ports to close their markets to cotton goods.

Speaker Pettus announced the standing committees for the session.

In the senate, Mr. Blackburn introduced a bill to exempt from state, county and municipal taxation the Mr. Windham introduced a bill which is of great interest to farmers. It provides that where a laborer has made one contract and makes another without giving notice of the first, he shall be punished by a heavy fine.

The senate, before adjournment, announced its standing committees. There is one good thing about these Arctic explorers. If they are jealous of one another they take care not to show it.

## POPULAR SCIENCE.

There are mountains all over Porto Rico ranging in height from 1000 to upward of 2000 feet. They rise in points for the most part, having no flat surface at their tops. They are not covered with forests, and are often cultivated to their very tops.

A German physicist, G. Tammann, has recently discovered some hitherto unnoted facts concerning ice and the freezing point of water. He finds that not only does the freezing point vary with the pressure, but that three different kinds of ice can be produced, each possessing its own crystalline structure. Thus water may now be said to have five known forms, namely, water vapor, water as a liquid, ordinary ice, called by Tammann ice I., ice in its second form, or ice II., and ice in its third form, denominated as ice III.

Dr. Thorvald Thoroddsen in recent papers gives a curious picture of life and scenes in Iceland. Settlements are limited to the lowlands, yet even these are not safe places of abode, for they are exposed to lava floods, river floods and showers of volcanic ashes. When the glaciers of the dome-shaped mountains are suddenly melted by volcanic heat, overwhelming torrents, bearing immense masses of ice and fragments of rock, sweep down the river-beds. Yet with all their disadvantages, the inhabitants of the narrow lowlands of Iceland enjoy universal education, and among them more books and newspapers are published per head of the population than in any other country.

Lord Rayleigh, in discussing our ability to tell the direction from which sound proceeds, calls attention to an interesting difference between the eyes and the ears with regard to the size of the waves that strike them. The average wave-length of light is about one ten-thousandth of the diameter of the pupil of the eye. On the other hand, "the waves of sound issuing from a man's mouth," says Lord Rayleigh, "are about eight feet long, whereas the diameter of the passage of the ear is quite small, and could not well have been made a large multiple of eight feet." One consequence of the minuteness of light-waves in comparison with the size of the eyes is that the lenses of the eyes are able to concentrate rays of light upon the retina with great efficiency.

Some curious submarine features of the coast of Western Europe formed the subject of a late paper to the Royal Geographical Society by Professor Edward Hull. The land along much of this coast was at one time several thousand feet higher than today, joining France and England together, and extending far out into what is now the sea. On the subsidence of the land great rivers sunk into the ocean. In the centre of the English Channel is one of these old river gorges, which can still be traced from the Straits of Dover westward for seventy miles, and which reaches a depth of 200 to 250 feet below the bed of the Channel. It is known from its discovery, as "Hurd's Deep." The Adour, in France, once flowed through a ravine that can now be followed for sixty or seventy miles on the sea's bed, and an ancient island in this river is now fifty miles from land and 9000 feet beneath the water's surface. In these river courses must have been magnificent cataraacts, the descent being in some cases as much as 10,000 feet in a mile.

#### Charm of Exploration.

The Duke of the Abruzzi has got nearer the north pole than any previous explorer, and had been an ordinary man, and not a seion of royalty, he would now be able, if he chose, to make a comfortable little fortune by writing a book and lecturing in England and America. The north pole presents to explorers the same attraction that the summit of Everest presents to mountaineers. No one has reached either, and until the difficulties are conquered, men will spend large sums of money in making the attempts. The astonishment of the Thibetians, through whose country the easiest side of Everest is reached, that any man should be anxious to try to get to a place where he would be very uncomfortable has always been great. The only solution of the problem was that British mountaineers are mad, and, as all madmen are considered holy men in the East, the Alpine climbers who have at one time or another found their way over the Sikkim passes have been protected by a halo of sanctity in no way claimed by them. The class of explorers whom the ungentle Thibetan turns out of his country with more asperity than any other is the naturalist. Before Sikkim was annexed a man of science had been through the country collecting specimens of the animal and vegetable life of the little kingdom, and the Thibetans are now firmly convinced that any man who collects moths is really trying to grab territory. It is a draw to cross into Thibet with a drawn sword in one's hand than with a butterfly net.—London Sketch.

#### A Small Boy's Pluck.

In a New Bridge tram, the other day, says the London Mail, a small boy was observed to be suddenly agitated, but regained his self-control after a few moments. Soon after the conductor appeared and asked for fares. When he stood before the small boy there was a slight pause, and, says the West London Observer, the passengers were surprised to hear the following:

"Please charge it to my papa; I've swallowed the money."



## COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Representative—G. B. Deans.

## CIRCUIT COURT.

Circuit Judge—John Pelham.  
Circuit Solicitor—T. W. Coleman.  
Circuit Clerk—John P. Pearson.  
Sheriff—R. F. Cox.

Terms of Court—Eighth Monday after the fourth Monday in January and July, continuing three weeks.

## CHANCERY COURT.

Chancellor—R. B. Kelly.  
Register in Chancery—J. R. White.  
Terms of Court—First Thursday after second Monday in March and September.

## COUNTY COURT.

County Judge—A. P. Longshore.  
County Clerk—John P. Pearson.  
County Solicitor—W. R. Oliver.  
Terms of Court—Fourth Monday in February, May, August and November.

Probate Court—Second Monday in each month.

## COUNTY OFFICERS.

Probate Judge—A. P. Longshore.  
Clerk—John P. Pearson.  
Sheriff—R. F. Cox.  
Treasurer—L. J. Carden.  
Supt. of Education—E. Williams.  
Tax Collector—J. H. Robertson.  
Tax Assessor—John S. Pitts.  
County Surveyors—W. F. Bell and A. P. R. Dahl.

## COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

First District—L. R. Kendrick.  
Fourth District—John T. Glaze.  
Second District—Pleasant Shaw.  
Third District—R. J. Griffin.  
Terms of Court—First Mondays in January, April, July and October. Special Terms—Second Mondays in May and July and first Monday in June.

## JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

Beat 1—B. L. Moore, Columbiana; terms of court every Thursday.  
Beat 1, box 2—W. E. Seale, Shelby; terms of court every Wednesday.

The Populist party must continue to do business at the old stand.

The old Advertiser is a "Lulu." As soon as Bryan was defeated, it was "eh hi! I told you so."

The Democratic party don't want men elected for the good of the people and the government, but for the good of the party.

As we go to press the condition of Governor-elect Samford is reported as being critical and is liable to pass away at any moment.

When you trot out a man that is eented with Populist doctrine, let it be for the good of the country or not, organized Democracy raises all its powers against him.

It is gratifying to see so many noble men of this country tearing themselves from under the clutches of party slavery, and saying: "I propose to vote for men and not the party."

San Francisco is going to shame New York by erecting a handsome monument to commemorate Dewey's victory at Manila. The design, which has been accepted is the work of Mr. G. T. Brewster, a New York artist.

Some of the so-called Democrats are crying, "Down with Bryanism-Populism," but don't say anything about bossism. The fact that Bryanism and Populism are in full accord and seek to relieve this country of "bossism" is too much for organized Democracy.

The war in South Africa has at last taught the English government the necessity for reform in its army organization and methods, just as our war with Spain taught us. The English have taken steps towards remedying their troubles, but we are going on in the same old way.

Nearly all the leading Democrats think that the Democratic party ought to be reorganized. The Advocate is of the same opinion; those who believe in the principles of Jefferson should unite with the Populist party, and those who believe in the gold standard should be branded and turned over to Mark Hanna.

## Thanksgiving Day.

Next Thursday, Nov. 29th, is the time set apart by our government as the day for returning thanks, and at no time in the century just drawing to a close have the people of the United States had so many reasons to return thanks to God for the many blessings showered upon them in the year 1900. No section has been blessed in a greater degree than our Sunny South.

The rich fields have responded to the touch of the plow and brought forth good crops, and our farmers were blessed with good weather in which to gather their crops and harvest the small grain, and they have enjoyed better prices for their crops than for several years past.

## "The Hope of Populism."

In another column will be found an article from the Montgomery Advertiser, commenting upon a short editorial in last week's issue of The Advocate. The Advertiser seems to be somewhat disconcerted over the fact that Bryan and his followers have endorsed the principles of Populism. We think The Advertiser has just grounds for alarm; the principles of the Populist Party are so deeply rooted in a majority of the Democratic Party that they will split the party wide open, rather than submit to Clevelandism, with all of its attendant evils. The Advocate is proud of the fact that the voters of the United States have been educated up to where they can no longer be handled like "dumb driven cattle"; but they have studied the great question of civil government until they are ready to declare their political independence. They have become thoroughly convinced that the principles advocated by Thos. Jefferson are the foundation stones upon which rest this great government of ours. The Advertiser and its adherents follow Jefferson pretty closely until they reach the financial question and there they separate as far as the poles; Jefferson was as bitterly opposed to the gold standard as Bryan is today. From the foundation of this government down to 1873, it has been the settled policy of this government to use and coin both gold and silver as its money, and while Secretary of the Treasury, in his report, Alexander Hamilton said of gold and silver: "To annul the use of either metal is to abridge the quantity of the circulating medium." In reference to the report from which the above is quoted, Thos. Jefferson said on returning the report which had been submitted to him for perusal: "I return again the report on the mint, I concur with you that the unit must stand on both metals." With these facts staring The Advertiser in the face, how can the editor claim to be following Jefferson?

## Impotence of Powers in China.

China was guilty of grave crimes against the Powers and their representatives, crime for which reparation, punishment of the guilty of rank and general indemnity in money is due. And the Powers, confronted by the Chinese inertia and duplicity, are awaking to their powerlessness to exact such reparation. They are awakening to a realization of the fact that they cannot exact a money indemnity without trading on their own toes. An indemnity of \$200,000,000 in the aggregate is mentioned as about right. But China can not pay it; for the loose organization known as the Chinese government has not the means. But China can give bonds? True; but how to secure payment of the interest and principle? But one way suggests itself, the raising, the doubling of the Chinese customs duties on imports on foreign goods. And this seems much like asking the Powers to themselves pay the indemnity due them. True, it does not amount to just this. The increase in duties might be passed on to the Chinese and paid by them as an increase in price for foreign goods they consume. But such increase might result in restricting the markets for foreign goods, the markets that all the powers are so bending themselves to extend. And so to some extent might the exacting of an indemnity from China work to defeat their prime Chinese policy. It is true the rate of import duties are now very low, limited by treaty to five per cent. And a doubling of them would not make them higher or in sense prohibitive. But any raising of duties must discourage import trade.—American.

## China was guilty of grave crimes

If you have a law upon the statute book, why not enforce it (?) and not let it be a dead letter.

## The Hope of Populism.

The People's Advocate, published at Columbiana, one of the few Populist papers still doing business in Alabama, discussing the subject of a reorganization of the Democratic Party, says:

This is just what we have been expecting, the Democratic Party is composed of two opposing factions, one contending for the principles enumerated by Jefferson, the other contending for the gold standard with all its attendant evils. W. J. Bryan is the exponent of the one and Cleveland of the other. The time will come when these two factions must separate, and when that is done the Populist Party will be ready to unite with the representatives of the pure Democracy, but until then we shall keep house by ourselves.

Passing by the exploded fallacy that the advocates of the 16 to 1 policy are the advocates and exponents of Democracy as it was explained and followed by Jefferson, the remarks of The Advocate are significant in that the paper expects and desires a permanent split in the Democratic Party, and that the larger portion of the Party will adopt the principles of Populism, so that the Populist Party will "be ready to unite with the representatives of the pure Democracy," as it styles the free silver advocates. That it expects this new organization to control the country is evident from its boast that "four years from now, ten millions of voters of the United States will endorse the principles of the Populist Party."

As ten million voters would elect a President, it is plain that The Advocate expects to see a majority of the citizens of the United States converted to Populism, and expects to see this come about by and through the degradation of Democrats and the surrender of Democratic principles. That events during the last four years have given cause for the hopes of Populists is not to be denied, but we are persuaded that they are badly mistaken if they hope for a continuance of the course which has only brought defeat and discredit to Democracy.

We do not for a moment believe that the great body of Democrats will elect to continue the suicidal, as well as un-Democratic, policy which has so nearly made a total wreck of the Party. Already many of the strongest and most conscientious advocates of free coinage have become convinced that it is nothing but "an iridescent dream" which cannot and should not be realized. It is dead beyond hope or fear of resurrection, and the great masses of the Party, having seen the error of such a policy, will be ready to listen to the old and genuine Democracy which made the country great and prosperous, and which is the only political doctrine fully in accord with the theory of a republican form of government.—Montgomery Advertiser.

## Irl R. Hicks 1901 Almanacs.

Whatever may be said of the scientific causes upon which the Rev. Irl R. Hicks bases his yearly forecast of storm and weather, it is remarkable fact that specific warnings of every great storm, flood, cold wave and drouth, have been plainly printed in his now famous Almanac for many years. The latest startling proof of this fact was the destruction of Galveston, Texas, on the very day named by Prof. Hicks in his 1900 Almanac, as one of disaster by storm along the gulf coast. The 1901 Almanac by far the finest, most complete and beautiful yet published, is now ready. This remarkable book of near 200 pages, splendidly illustrated with charts and half-tone engravings, goes as a premium to every subscriber who pays one dollar a year for Prof. Hicks' journal, Work and Works. The Almanac alone is sent prepaid for only 25c. Order from Word and Works Publishing Company, 2201 Locust St., St. Louis, Mo.

## Does It Pay to Buy Cheap?

A cheap remedy for coughs and colds is all right, but you want something that will relieve and cure the most severe and dangerous results of throat and lung troubles. What shall you do? Go to a warmer climate? Yes, if possible; if not possible for you, then in either case take the ointment remedy that has been introduced in all civilized countries with success in severe throat and lung troubles, "Boschee's German Syrup." It not only heals and stimulates the tissues to destroy the germ disease, allays inflammation, cause easy expectoration, gives a good night's rest, and cures the patient. Try one bottle. Recommended many years by all druggists in the world. Sold by Hall Drug Co.

## Spalding Talks on Labor.

In opening his remarks he stated that any criticisms he might present against the proposed legislation were against the measures and not the individuals who had introduced or were supporting them—that he knew all the parties for men honest in their views and free from ulterior motives.

"My first position," said Mr. Spalding, "is that movement in favor of this legislation is inspired in New England, is fostered and encouraged at that point for the reasons."

"1st, That the New England mill owners do not want to be forced to move their mills into the fields."

"2d, Because they want to destroy the competition which arises by the erection of new mills in the South."

"3d, They want to keep down and control the price of cotton in the future, as they have in the past—which they see they cannot do under the continued growth of the Southern mills."

"We do not have to rely upon mere conjecture as to the course is being pursued by the mill men of New England. You have seen all during the spring and summer an advertisement standing in the columns of the Atlanta Constitution offering employment to mill operatives in New England at largely increased wages over what they are getting in the South, at the very time when the news columns were filled with reports of the locking out at various New England mills and when there were at least 30,000 or 40,000 idle operatives in the Fall River district."

"I read from an editorial of a paper published at Boston, Mass., November 3d, known as the Boston Journal of Commerce and Textile Industries, as follows:

"Since the time when the mills in the south began to become serious competitors of our northern mills, and the talk about the difference in labor conditions of the two sections causing our northern mills to be able to compete with their Southern competitors, we have always affirmed that it would be but for a short time before the laws of the Southern states would be as stringent in regard to the employment of children and women as are those of the northern states. We never approved of the plan to move our northern mills south that they might be better able to compete with those of that section. We believed, and still believe, that the mills in the north have a successful field before them, and that they will soon find that they are working on the same footing as their brethren. . . . We believe that it will be but a matter of a few years between now and the time when all the southern states will have laws on their books that will govern this matter, and when that day comes all of our northern mills, north and south, will be competing on more nearly even terms."

"I am reliably informed that the meeting held in Augusta was addressed by gentlemen from Massachusetts, who urged upon the representatives of the operatives in Georgia that they should demand a ten-hour law, and if it was not passed up by, I believe May 1st, next, that they ought all walk out."

"Anyone at all familiar with this movement is aware of the fact that the northern mill owners are bending every energy to place the mills of the South—and especially the new mills—under disadvantages and under such burdens as will prevent successful competition with their mills and as will prevent them from the necessity of moving to this section in order to successfully operate, and as will prevent the price of cotton from being largely fixed at the homes of the cotton raisers, rather than by them and at distant markets."—Atlanta Constitution.

## JAMES I. ABERCROMBIE,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,  
COLUMBIANA, ALA.

Will practice in all of the Courts.

## Notice.

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Honorable A. P. Longshore, Judge of Probate for Shelby county, Alabama, I will sell at public auction in front of the Court House of Shelby county, Ala., on Monday the 17 day of December, 1900, the following described real estate belonging to the estate of E. F. Vest, deceased, to-wit: Fraction C, D, E, M and F, of section 21, township 22, range 1 west, situated in Shelby county, Alabama.

Terms of sale, cash.  
S. A. VEST,  
Adm. of Estate of E. F. Vest, deceased.

## THE FALL OF PEKIN

Regardless of their overwhelming numbers, the Chinese forces fall, scatter and disappear before allied army, and likewise all competitors fall, scatter and disappear when the

## COLUMBIANA MERCANTILE CO.'S

Dry Goods, Clothing, Shoes, Ladies and Gents Furnishing goods are brought to

## THE FRONT,

Where quality and prices counts, we win. So call on us before you buy anything in this line for we always save you from

20 TO 30 PER CENT.

in your purchases. Below we quote you a few PRICES:

Dress Goods.	Clothing.
Worsted single width at..... 8 c	All wool Cheviot suits former price \$3.00, now \$5.00.
Cashmere double width, all color 12 1/2 c	Cashmere Serge suits former price \$10.00, now \$7.50.
Better quality Cashmere, colors 20 c	Black clay worsted suits, former price \$12.00, now \$8.00.
Henrietta Silk finish, all colors. 40 c	Scotch Plaid suits former price \$15.00, now for 10.00.
We have a few fall dress patterns left, former price \$1.25 will close them out at..... 90 c	Fine black heavy cheviot suits, former price \$5.00, now for \$3.00.
	Good heavy Brown striped suits, former price \$4.00, now for \$2.25.
	Boys knee suits from 60c to \$4.00.
	Good extra heavy jeans pants at 50c.
	Better quality jeans pants from 75c to \$1.00.
	Mens heavy wool pants' former price \$1.25, now for 75 cents.
	Big line of fine dress pants from \$1.00 to \$5.00 per pair.
Calicoes and Outings.	Mens Hats.
One lot dress Calicoes at..... 4 1/2 c	Good mens black and brown hats former price 75 cents, will close them out at 25 cents.
Dress Outing flannels at..... 5 c	Better quality hats from \$1.00 to \$3.00.
Dress Flannels 10c quality at..... 8 c	One lot of Boys hats former price 25 cents, will close them out for 10c.
Dress Flannels 15c quality at..... 10 c	Each. Better quality from 25 cents to \$1.00.
Bleaching.	Jackets and Capes.
Good soft finish Bleaching at..... 6c	Come and see our BIG LINE of Ladies' and Children's JACKETS and CAPES. We have them in all kinds and sizes, and prices. Here is a few of our offers:
Good heavy checks at..... 4 1/2 c	Black Cheviot Cape at..... 25 cts
10-4 Brown sheeting worth 20c per yard our price..... 15 c	Extra quality Cape at..... 50 cts
10-4 Bleached sheeting worth 20c a yard, our price..... 15 c	Extra Good quality Cape at..... \$1.00
Big line of bleached & unbleached cotton flannels price from 6 to 12 1/2 c	Plush Capes at..... \$1.25
	Others range from \$1.25 to \$10.00
	A Big Line of Skirts from \$1.00 to \$4.00.
Hostery and Notions.	
Good Ladies black hose at..... 5c	
Extra heavy Ladies hose at..... 10c	
Children ribbed black hose from 5 to 25 Ladies, Mens and Children handkerchiefs at 4 cents and up.	
Good Ladies Corsets at..... 25c	
Better quality at..... 50c	
Special Millinery Sale.	
Ladies dress hats worth \$1.50 for \$1.00	
Ladies dress hats worth 2.00 for 1.25	
Ladies dress hats worth 2.50 for 1.75	
Ladies dress hats worth 3.50 for 2.50	
Ladies dress hats worth 4.50 for 3.00	
Ladies walking hats " 1.50 for 1.00	
Ladies walking hats " 1.25 for .75	
Ladies walking hats " .75 for .50	

We have just completed a handsome brick store in which we have a magnificent line of

## Heavy and Fancy Groceries.

WE STILL SELL YOU

Lyons, Arbuckles and Cordova Coffees at

\*8 \* LBS. \* FOR \* 1.00.\*

We also handle Stoves, Furniture, Hardware, Saddles and Harness, and

## FLORENCE WAGONS,

Which we sell you at lowest prices.

We Pay the Highest Market Prices for Cotton and Country Produce.

Yours to serve.

## COLUMBIANA MERCANTILE CO.

## STATEMENT OF CONDITION

—OF—

GORDON DUBOSE, Banker,  
Columbiana, Ala.

At the close of business November 20, 1900.

Loans.....	\$31,866 63	Capital.....	\$15,000 00
Real Estate.....	7,000 00	Deposits.....	32,469 63
Cash.....	21,974 00	Re-discounts.....	13,371 00
Total.....	\$60,840 63	Total.....	\$60,840 63

I, E. E. Chapman, cashier of said bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true and correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

E. E. CHAPMAN.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 20th day of November, 1900.

J. R. WHITE, Register in Chancery.

## Montevallo Coal &amp; Transportation Co.

—MINES AT—

## Aldrich, Shelby County, Ala.

MINERS AND SHIPPERS OF

## THE CELEBRATED MONTEVALLO COAL.

The Best Domestic Coal in the United States.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

We have been mining from the same vein of coal since

— 1874 —

Write for prices to

JAMES L. McCONAUGHY, Sec.,  
ALDRICH, ALA.J. L. PETERS  
PETERS & BEAVERS  
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

Will practice in all the courts of the State, and in the United States District Courts. Homestead entries made and perfected. All claims placed in his hands will receive prompt attention. Money to lend in amounts from \$10.00 to \$100.00 on gilt-edge security.

J. R. BEAVERS  
YOU CAN PATENT  
anything you invent or improve; also get CAVEAT, TRADE-MARK, COPYRIGHT or DESIGN PROTECTION. Send model, sketch, or photo. for free examination and advice.  
BOOK ON PATENTS FREE. No Atty's fee before patent.  
Write to  
C. A. SNOW & CO.  
Patent Lawyers, SHAWANO, D.C.

## Tax Collectors Notice.

I will attend the following places at the times named below for the purpose of collecting the State and county taxes for the year 1900. Additional cost after January first.

## SECOND ROUND.

Helena, beat 6, Monday, Nov. 12.  
Turners Sta., beat 5, Tuesday, Nov. 13.  
Gurnee, beat 4, Wednesday, Nov. 14.  
Aldrich, beat 4, Thursday, Nov. 15.  
Montevallo, beat 4, Friday, Nov. 16.  
Calera, beat 3, Saturday, Nov. 17.  
Bold Springs, beat 13, Monday Nov. 19.  
Highland, beat 12, Tuesday Nov. 20.  
Pelham, beat 17, Wednesday Nov. 21.  
Ganadurque, beat 7, Thurs. Nov. 22.  
Martins, beat 8, Friday, Nov. 23.  
Springs Creek, beat 2, Sat., Nov. 24.  
Days X Road, beat 11, Mon. Nov. 26.  
Sterrett, beat 15, Tuesday, Nov. 27.  
Dunnnavant, beat 18, Wed., Nov. 28.  
Vandiver, beat 14, Thurs. Nov. 29.  
Vincent, beat 16, Friday, Nov. 30.  
Creswell, beat 10, Saturday, Dec. 1.  
Harpersville, beat 10, Mon., Dec. 3.  
Wilsonville, beat 9, Tuesday, Dec. 4.  
Columbiana, beat 1, Wednesday, Dec. 5.  
Shelby, beat 1, Thursday, Dec. 6.

Will be in Columbiana from December 19th to the last of December, except the 25th. On all taxes not paid by January 1, 3 per cent interest and 50 cents collector's fee will be charged. Poll taxes are delinquent after December 1, and 8 per cent interest will be charged from then.

JOHN H. ROBERTSON,

Tax Collector.

## Tax Assessors Rounds.

I will attend the following places at the times named below, for the purpose of assessing the state and county taxes for the year 1900. Additional cost after January first.

## SECOND ROUND.

Helena, beat 6, Monday, Nov. 12.  
Turners Sta., beat 5, Tuesday, Nov. 13.  
Gurnee, beat 4, Wednesday, Nov. 14.  
Aldrich, beat 4, Thursday, Nov. 15.  
Montevallo, beat 4, Friday, Nov. 16.  
Calera, beat 3, Saturday, Nov. 17.  
Bold Springs, beat 13, Monday, Nov. 19.  
Highland, beat 12, Tuesday, Nov. 20.  
Pelham, beat 17, Wednesday, Nov. 21.  
Ganadurque, beat 7, Thursday, Nov. 22.  
Martins, beat 8, Friday, Nov. 23.  
Springs Creek, beat 2, Saturday, Nov. 24.  
Days X Road, beat 11, Monday, Nov. 26.  
Sterrett, beat 15, Tuesday, Nov. 27.  
Dunnnavant, beat 18, Wednesday, Nov. 28.  
Vandiver, beat 14, Thursday, Nov. 29.  
Vincent, beat 16, Friday, Nov. 30.  
Creswell, beat 10, Saturday, Dec. 1.  
Harpersville, beat 10, Monday, Dec. 3.  
Wilsonville, beat 9, Tuesday, Dec. 4.  
Columbiana, beat 1, Wednesday, Dec. 5.  
Shelby, beat 1, Thursday, Dec. 6.

Tax-payers will please meet me promptly with a full complete description of all real estate. Otherwise, under the law, I cannot assess it. Bring a full and complete list of all your personal property and correct list. Will be in Columbiana from December 19 to the last day of December, except the 25th.

JOHN S. PITTS,

Tax Assessor for Shelby County.

## Non Residence Notice.

The State of Alabama, Shelby county. Martha Etta Bertram by her next friend, J. A. Grimes, complainant, vs. G. W. Bertram, Defendant. In Chancery. Sixth District, Northern Chancery Division.

In this cause, it is made to appear to the Register by the affidavit of J. A. Grimes that the defendant G. W. Bertram's residence is to alicant unknown and further, that in the belief of said alicant, the defendant G. W. Bertram is over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered, by the Register, that publication be made in the Peoples Advocate, a newspaper published in the city of Columbiana, Ala., once a week for four consecutive weeks requiring him the said G. W. Bertram to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 3rd day of December, A. D., 1900, or in 30 days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against him.

Done at office, in Columbiana, Ala., this 31st day of October, A. D., 1900.

J. R. WHITE,

Register.

## Estray Notice.

To Whom It May Concern: Notice is hereby given that R. T. Horton, of Calvary, Ala., did on the 15 day of October 1900, take up about his plantation the following estrays: One light bay mare with hind feet white to about the ankles, with fore lop trimmed back about 5 inches, age 4 years old, height 4 feet 10 1/2 inches: One colored filly with black mane and tail, both hind feet white with small white spot in forehead, height 4 feet 8 1/2 inches, about 3 years old; also one black mare mule with white nose and breast, small light streak up back of fore leg, tail half sheered with long switch, height 4 feet 9 1/2 inches, age 3 years. Said above described animals appraised at one hundred and fifty five dollars. Proceedings had before N. M. Davis, Esq., of Coahly, Ala., a justice of the peace. This October 23rd, 1900.  
A. P. LONGSHORE,  
Judge of Probate.

## A FREE PATTERN.

Our selection to every subscriber. Beautiful colored lithographed plates and illustrations. Original, latest, artistic, exquisite and strictly up-to-date designs.

McCALL'S 50 YEAR MAGAZINE

Dyeing, economic, fancy work, household hints, short stories, current topics, etc. Subscribe today. Only 50c. yearly. Lady agents wanted. Send for terms.

For ladies, misses, girls and little children. That one

McCALL'S 100c BAZAR PATTERNS 15c

Easily put together. Only 10 and 15 cents each. Highly recommended. Write for them. Absolutely free latest up-to-date styles.

THE McCALL PATTERN CO., NEW YORK, N. Y.

125 West 11th Street, New York City, N. Y.



W. A. PARKER,  
Livery and Feed Stables.  
COLUMBIANA, ALA.

# PLANTATION CHILL CURE is Guaranteed.

Sold by HALL DRUG COMPANY.

If it fails to cure go to your merchant  
AND GET YOUR MONEY BACK.  
We will refund to him. Price 50 cts.  
VAN VLEET-MANSFIELD DRUG CO.,  
Sole Proprietors, MEMPHIS, TENN.

## THE PEOPLE'S ADVOCATE

### SOCIAL AND LOCAL NEWS.

Points About People You Know  
and Some You Don't Know.  
News From Different Beats.

C. B. Elliott was up from Shelby Saturday.

It is only about one month to Christmas.

G. W. Nivens, of beat 9, was in town Saturday.

John T. Cromwell spent Monday in Birmingham.

J. F. Pope, of Wilsonville, was in the city Monday.

W. D. Bailey, of Vincent, was in the city Saturday.

Sheriff Cox made a business trip to Calera Tuesday.

H. W. Nelson spent a short while Sunday at Renfro.

F. M. McEwen, of Fourmile, was in the city Saturday.

Dr. B. H. Smothers, of Weldon, was in town Tuesday.

Red caps were very prominent on our streets Tuesday.

M. S. Wilson, of Longview, was in town last Saturday.

The merchants are beginning to receive their Xmas goods.

J. H. Smith, of beat 9, was in town Monday on business.

Mrs. H. W. Nelson is visiting relatives at Renfro this week.

Mrs. A. E. Finley, of Calera, visited relatives here last week.

Mrs. F. W. Gist, of Calera, visited friends here last Friday.

Mrs. Emmett Pilgreen visited relatives at Calera last Friday.

Miss Lula Downs, of Cooper's Station, is visiting relatives in the city.

James E. Webb, of Birmingham, was in the city yesterday on business.

Dr. A. J. Massey, of Birmingham, was in town this week fixing teeth.

Cecil Whitmire, of Birmingham, spent Sunday in the city with friends.

Mrs. Margaret Edwards, of Childersburg, is visiting relatives in the city.

Sam Lefkowitz, of Bessemer, spent a few days in the city this week on business.

Will Avery and Josh Glenn, of Shelby, were in the city Tuesday afternoon.

J. R. Beavers returned last Saturday from a business trip to Birmingham.

Rev. A. E. Burns, of Sylacauga, spent a few days in the city last week with friends.

Will Milnor, of Birmingham, spent a few days in the city this week with relatives.

Mrs. J. W. Dykes, of Easonville, visited the family of Rev. H. M. Millstead this week.

County court will convene on next Monday, it being the fall term of county court.

J. T. Leeper and Max Lefkowitz spent apart of Sunday and Monday in Talladega with friends.

Rev. A. E. Burns filled his regular appointment at the Baptist church Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Byrdie Vincent, a charming young lady from Vincent, is visiting the family of John S. Pitts.

Misses Bessie Carter and Temple Wade, of Shelby, spent last Friday afternoon with friends in the city.

The store vacated by E. D. Hall has been overhauled and given a new coat of paint by Mr. Clarady.

Miss Myrtle Thompson left last Sunday for Six Mile, where she goes to assist Prof. W. H. Bird in his school at that place.

W. B. Walls, a popular conductor on the L. & N. road between Birmingham and Montgomery, visited his family here last week.

The Sunday schools of our little city are enjoying a good attendance, but we regret to see so little interest taken in the Sunday school by the parents.

Last Sunday afternoon quite a delegation of our citizens went to the Sunday school beat meeting at Bethel church about three miles northeast of the city.

The Christian Endeavor held a meeting at the Baptist church last Sunday afternoon. There were several speeches made; some interesting papers read in regard to the work of the Christian Endeavor as a helping adjunct to the church.

Frank Harwell spent yesterday in Talladega on business.

Charlie Brooks, of Illinois, is visiting relatives in the city.

Bemish & Meyer's fine candies for sale at J. H. Hammond.

J. I. Abercrombie made a business trip to Wilsonville Tuesday.

Get your horse shod at Shelby J. A. Barker.

Mrs. J. R. Beavers returned yesterday from a visit to relatives at Cordova.

As the Christmas holidays draws near, the "blind tigers" are getting to be a little bold in their work.

Claude Glenn, of Shelby, spent Sunday in the city with friends. Look to your laurels Claude or you may lose them yet, for there is many a slip between the cup and lip. There is a pair of blue eyes looking your way.

In this issue will be found a statement of Gordon DuBoise, the banker, at the close of business on November 20. This is an institution that Columbian should be proud of and should be given liberal support by our business men.

The Farmers Mutual Insurance Association met in the courthouse last Saturday for the purpose of organizing a permanent Association. A good many of the promoters were present and permanent organization was effected.

Miss Belle Huyett's Sunday school class held an enjoyable meeting last Friday evening at the residence of Mrs. Huyett on Depot street. It would be well for all of the Sunday school teachers to follow the example of Miss Belle.

An amusing incident happened on our streets last Saturday evening and all about a small dog. "I never saw a man try to take a small dog away from another in broad daylight," remarked one to the other, which caused several blows to be passed.

Call on Mrs. J. W. Peers for sewing of all kinds, prices as cheap as is consistent with good work. At Morgan's place on West College street. Also for sale Sofa pillows, Chair cushions, Pin cushions and other fancy articles nice for Xmas presents. All done in crazy patch work.

The business of the county has outgrown the size of the present structure in which the officers of the county have to transact the business of the county. We think the county needs a new courthouse in which there will be sufficient room for all the officers to transact their business. The Probate Judge needs more room, the Clerk's office is entirely too small; the Register's office is not adequate for his business. The Tax Assessor and Tax Collector needs an office in which to attend to their business, as it is they have to use the clerk's office.

Who says farming does not pay? Below we give a list of what has been raised on forty acres by J. C. Mooney, of beat 9, this year:

8 bales of cotton.....\$400 00  
Cotton seed.....45 50  
270 bushels of corn.....135 00  
2000 pounds of fodder.....22 50  
1000 pounds of hay.....10 00  
200 bushels of oats.....100 00  
38 bushels of wheat.....19 00  
89 gallons of syrup.....35 20  
75 bushels of potatoes.....37 50

Total.....\$807 70  
He will kill about twelve or fifteen hundred pounds of pork this year, in addition to the above list he has about 70 or 80 gallons of ribbon cane syrup to be made.

An Old Man

Was refused insurance by a company because he was 94 years old. "What of that?" he cried. Look at your statistics, fewer persons die at 94 than at any other age. You see he was right, but not reasonable! So you are right when you say you can get along without buying at J. P. Pearson & Co's, the peoples store. But is it reasonable not to give this new store a single trial? A wagon, you know, can get along without grease, but it goes hard!

County Court Jurors.

M. M. Taylor, J. L. Foust, C. S. Frost, J. G. Jinks, John McGibony, Walter E. Lester, J. L. Stout, W. T. Donnell, W. W. Kirkland, L. B. Frost, J. H. Keith, G. S. Upshaw, P. H. Harris, J. H. Ray, Joe A. McDaniel, J. M. Carden, H. M. Baker, J. L. Riddle, J. D. Ruffin, W. P. Cox, Green E. Abbott, J. M. Killough, T. W. Elliott, A. A. Stracener.

Buy your groceries and crockery where you can buy them the cheapest. So go to J. H. HAMMOND, Cash Groc.

## Mass Meeting.

There will be a Mass Meeting of the citizens of Columbiana at the Courthouse to-morrow evening, Friday, at 7 o'clock, to discuss the advisability of having a Dispensary established in Columbiana. A full attendance is desired; the ladies are especially invited.

Cupid's Cunning Capers.

On last Sunday afternoon, cupid with his message of love was capering on almost all sides of us. At 2:30 o'clock, near Calera, the bonds of affection were joined in holy matrimony between Mr. Walter B. Seale, of Shelby, and Miss Lena Browning, of near Calera, Rev. A. T. Clark, of Shelby, officiating. The groom is one of Shelby Iron Company's employees, and enjoys the confidence and respect of the company in holding a good position, having charge of one of the steam shovels at the ore mines at that place. The bride is a cultured young lady of rare accomplishments, and the many friends of each hope for them a happy and contented future. The Advocate extends to the happy couple warm congratulations.

At the same hour, Mr. J. T. Lee and Miss Daisy Stone, of Wilsonville, were happily married at the home of the bride's father, Rev. A. E. Burns, of the Baptist church of Columbiana, officiating. The young couple are both highly respected in their community, and the well wishes of all attend them.

Sunday School Beat Meeting.

On last Sunday afternoon a Beat meeting of the organization of the Sunday Schools of Beat One was held at Bethel church, three miles north of this place. At an early hour in the afternoon a large concourse of the Sunday School workers of our neighboring city Shelby, passed through our town, who were joined by a large number of like laborers here. Shelby and Columbiana were both well represented, and the Sunday School at Bethel was also well represented. A large crowd was present, and it could easily be seen that the interest in this great work was keenly felt.

At the hour appointed, the President, Mr. Henry Milner, of Columbiana, opened the meeting and briefly stated the program for the evening. The minutes of the last meeting were read by the Secretary, Miss Maud Clark of Shelby, and approved, after which the program was taken up, which consisted of the way and mode of Sunday School teaching. The meeting had to be brought to a close before the program was finished because of the lack of time. It was manifested that the interest in this noble work is rapidly growing, and we believe that much aid to Sunday School teachers and hence much good to the Sabbath Schools will result from this organization.

The next meeting will be held at this place the third Sunday in January.

Millions Given Away.

It is certainly gratifying to the public to know of one concern which is not afraid to be generous. The proprietors of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, coughs and colds have given away over ten million trial bottles and have the satisfaction of knowing it has cured thousands of hopeless cases. Asthma, Bronchitis, La Grippe and all Throat, Chest and Lung diseases are surely cured by it. Call on Hall, the Druggist and get a ten cent trial bottle. Regular size 50c and 1.00. Every bottle guaranteed.

Organization.

The Farmers Insurance for Shelby county convened in the courthouse last Saturday morning at 11 o'clock. The President, Rev. J. G. Walker called the meeting to order and made some appropriate remarks, after which Rev. T. M. Nelson led the Association in prayer. The Secretary called the roll of members, and reported property insured amounting to \$97,000, and one-third of the county only worked.

Mr. Newton, General Agent, addressed the Association, then several members made short interesting addresses. There was much enthusiasm manifested in the meeting. Churches and school houses are insured free of cost and exempt from assessment by resolution of the Association.

This county Association was organized and the insurance went into effect at 12 o'clock noon Saturday last. The general agent and his assistants will continue the canvass in Shelby county and run the insurance to \$200,000.

L. J. CARDEN,  
Sec. Treasurer.

That Throbbing Headache.

Would quickly leave you, if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for sick and nervous headaches. They make pure blood and build up your health. Only 25 cents. Money back if not cured. Sold by Hall the Druggist.

## Longview Snaps.

Health very good at this writing. Miss Leila Wilson is on the sick list this week.

J. P. Atkinson has purchased him a new typewriter. Look out girls.

J. P. Hawkins will leave in a few days for New York to spend a few weeks with homefolks.

Miss Hixie Thomas, a charming young lady of Birmingham, is visiting relatives here this week.

G. L. Scott will leave in a few days for Jacksonville, Fla., to spend several weeks for his health.

Messrs. Atkinson and Hicks have left Longview, found a boarding house at Saginaw. Now boys is it just a boarding house you are hunting?

The debate is not dead at Camp branch yet, and the society has secured some able speakers for Saturday night, November 24. Everybody invited, ladies more especially.

Mr. Hawkins was out very late last Thursday night, 3 o'clock, we do not understand why he was out so late, he must have been out looking for another escaped convict. How about it Mr. Hawkins?

Mr. Hicks, engineer on the S. S. & V. V. railroad, run over Frank Garret with his engine last Thursday, seriously but not fatally injuring him, the train covered a little more ground than Frank thought for, and he realized his mistake too late.

We learn that their was a social party given at Saginaw Thursday night and it was a select crowd. Invitations was given special and pointed only to the elite of Longview was invited, and no ones name was found shining with a sufficient brightness as to merit an invitation but Atkinson and Hicks, and they must have got a taste of some most luxurious food, as they have gone there to board. Never mind girls, we the forgotten of Longview have a broader invitation than you can give us, complete with a warning to forgive our neighbors, hence we forgive you. God gives us collectively and individually an invitation, and if we accept we will meet at that grand social gathering and there co-operate in shouting the praises of eternal happiness. Sisters we make no distinguished discrepancies as you did with us, we are transit men here on earth, no place to lay our worried heads that we can call ours, no home to invite you to, but we forgive you and invite you to travel with us in that heavenly walk which leads to that unparallel social gathering above to which God is hostess.

BESSIE.

Good Luck to an Editor.

"For two years all efforts to cure Eczema in the palms of my hands failed writes Editor H. N. Lester, of Syracuse, Kan. 'Then I was wholly cured by Bucklen's Arnica Salve.' It's the world's best for Eruptions, Sores and skin diseases. Only 25c at Hall Drug Store.

Practical horse shoer at Shelby, J. A. Barker.

Vandiver Dots.

The farmers are about through gathering their light corn crop, about one-tenth of a full crop. Cotton about one-third of a crop.

Wheat sowing is the order of the day in our community.

Health of the people somewhat improved.

We are sorry to state that Capt. J. N. Warren is in very feeble health, and has gone to Birmingham for treatment.

S. H. Collins who has been in bad health for a long time, is some better at present.

Dr. J. L. Abercrombie is in very ill health and has been for several months, and no visible signs of improvement, he is one of the ablest physicians that has practiced in this county.

J. L. Vaneiver made a flying trip to Birmingham last week.

Mr. Oliver, of this place made a flying trip to Vincent last Saturday.

There are three charcoal colliers running here, giving work to a good many men.

The old residence of J. L. Vandiver was burned by fire Saturday.

Elder D. F. Funderburg delivered a fine sermon to a good sized congregation at Pleasant Grove Baptist church Sunday.

A. D. Elliott and E. L. Walker visited their families Sunday, both are railroad trussel men, a fine turkey was prepared for their coming. Your writer partook of the fine dinner. Those men returned to the works Sunday night.

HIGH TARIFF.

All blacksmith work guaranteed at Shelby by J. A. Barker.

## Bethel News.

Health of community good. Farmers are preparing for sowing their wheat and oats.

The Sunday school convention held at this place Sunday afternoon was greatly enjoyed by all who attended.

Taylor Armstrong and Miss Salie Bridges, of Fourmile, attended services at Bethel Sunday afternoon.

Will Walton spent Sunday on Fourmile with friends.

RAMBLING BOY.

Spread Like Wildfire.

When things are "the best" they become "the best selling" Abraham Hare a leading druggist, of Belleville, O., writes: "Electric Bitters are the best selling bitters I have handled in 20 years. You know why? Most diseases begin in disorders of the stomach, liver, kidney, bowels, blood and nerves. Electric Bitters tones up the stomach, regulates the liver, kidneys and bowels, purifies the blood, strengthens the nerves, hence cures multitudes of maladies. It builds up the entire system. Put new life and vigor into any weak sickly, run down man or woman. Price 50 cents. Sold by Hall the Druggist.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

From the New York Press.

A blind man never sees anything he wants.

Watches and rivers seldom run long without winding.

The baggage man doesn't stop a trunk when he checks it.

One good action is worth more than a hundred good intentions.

The boy who is afraid he will never amount to anything seldom does.

If you are needing any dental work drop Dr. J. M. Lovett at Bessemer, Ala., a card and when he returns to Columbiana, he will call on you. Satisfaction guaranteed and prices reasonable. Painless methods used. Will be back here in a few days.

Some church-goers would take chances and go the other way if salvation wasn't free.

A Chicago artist has just finished a fine picture of still life. It is entitled "St. Louis After 9 p.m."

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Condensed Schedules in Effect May 6, 1900.

No. 22 No. 18 STATIONS. No. 15 No. 21

7:00pm 3:30pm Lv. Mobile 4:10pm 7:30am

1:00pm 5:30pm Lv. Selma 4:30pm 1:40pm

4:30am 9:45am Birmingham 6:30am 6:30pm

6:40am 1:40pm Lv. Chattanooga 8:00pm

6:40pm 1:40pm Lv. Knoxville 8:00pm

6:40pm 1:40pm Lv. Bristol 8:00pm

6:40pm 1:40pm Lv. Nashville 8:00pm

6:40pm 1:40pm Lv. Washington 8:00pm

6:40pm 1:40pm Lv. New York 8:00pm

No. 22 and 21 carry Pullman sleeping cars between Mobile and Chattanooga and Chattanooga and New York. Dining car service meals en route.

No. 48 STATIONS. No. 47

6:30am 1:00pm Lv. Jacksonville 7:00pm

6:30am 1:00pm Lv. Savannah 7:00pm

6:30am 1:00pm Lv. Marion 7:00pm

6:30am 1:00pm Lv. Union 7:00pm

6:30am 1:00pm Lv. Marion 7:00pm

6:30am 1:00pm Lv. Marion 7:00pm

6:30am 1:00pm Lv. Marion 7:00pm

6:30am 1:00pm Lv. Marion 7:00pm

6:30am 1:00pm Lv. Marion 7:00pm

6:30am 1:00pm Lv. Marion 7:00pm

6:30am 1:00pm Lv. Marion 7:00pm

6:30am 1:00pm Lv. Marion 7:00pm

6:30am 1:00pm Lv. Marion 7:00pm

6:30am 1:00pm Lv. Marion 7:00pm

6:30am 1:00pm Lv. Marion 7:00pm

6:30am 1:00pm Lv. Marion 7:00pm

6:30am 1:00pm Lv. Marion 7:00pm

6:30am 1:00pm Lv. Marion 7:00pm

6:30am 1:00pm Lv. Marion 7:00pm

6:30am 1:00pm Lv. Marion 7:00pm

6:30am 1:00pm Lv. Marion 7:00pm

6:30am 1:00pm Lv. Marion 7:00pm

6:30am 1:00pm Lv. Marion 7:00pm

6:30am 1:00pm Lv. Marion 7:00pm

6:30am 1:00pm Lv. Marion 7:00pm

6:30am 1:00pm Lv. Marion 7:00pm

6:30am 1:00pm Lv. Marion 7:00pm

## The Fall of The Year HAS COME!

## —AND— The Fall of Prices HAS COME ALSO!

## We are now in our NEW BRICK BUILDING

## With the best stock of Dry Goods, Notions, Shoes, Etc., ever brought to THIS MARKET.

## Figures Dont Lie!

## LISTEN HOW THEY TALK!

All Wool Jeans Pants.....98 cents

Good Bleached Domestic.....6 cents

Calico, good quality, per yard.....5 cents

## Our Line of Ladies and Gents Shoes Can't be surpassed in quantity or quality.

## LISTEN TO THE WAY WE TALK ON GROCERIES.

20 Pounds Best Y. C. Sugar for.....\$1.00

15 Pounds Best Granulated Sugar for.....\$1.00

In Order to Make Room for a Car Load of Flour now on the Road We Offer:

Best Half Patent Flour 50 Cents.

8 Pounds of Good Coffee for \$1.00.

2 full Pound Bar Soap for 5 cents.

## ALL GOODS NEW AND FRESH J. P. PEARSON & CO. COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA.

## LOOK, READ AND THINK HOW CHEAP THE FOLLOWING GOODS ARE!

thousand of dollarsworth of Dry Goods cheaper than any other store in the county.

Fifty thousand yards of Prints at 4 1/2 cents a yard.

Thousands of yards of Dress Plaids 6 to 20 cents a yard.

A large assortment of Fancy Dress Goods.

In Wool, Silk and Silk finished goods cheaper than any store in town.

One thousand 5 lb. bundles of remnant Percale Outings and Prints from 90 cents to \$1.00 a bundle.

Five hundred pair Boys' and Mens' Suspenders from 10 cents to \$1 a pair.

Five thousand Mens' and Ladies' Handkerchiefs from 20 to 75 cts. each.

Five hundred Mens' and Boys' Hats from 20 cents to \$5.00 each.

A large stock of Shoes for Men, Ladies and Children from 30 cents to \$5.00 a pair.

CLOTHING.

My Clothing is the best selected stock in town and I can safely say I will save you 25 per cent on your purchase. Mens' suits worth \$5.00 for only \$2.00

Mens' suits worth \$10.00 for only \$5.00

Boys' suits worth \$5.00 for only \$2.50

Ladies' Gents' Boys' and Children's winter underwear cheaper than ever before.

Ladies' Misses and Childrens' trimmed Hats going very cheap.

Ladies' and Misses



# LIBBY'S Premier Soups

**TEN CENTS**

Libby's soups are as good as soups can be. Some cooks may know how to make soups as good. None can make them better—none so cheaply. Six plates of delicious soup for 10 cents—and think of the bother saved!

Oxtail, Mulligatawny, Chicken, Mock Turtle, Tomato, Vegetable, and Chicken Gumbo.

At your grocers, in cans ready for instant serving—just heat them.

**LIBBY, McNEILL & LIBBY**  
Chicago

Write for our booklet, "How to Make Good Things to Eat."

**Dr. Bull's** Safe, sure cure for all throat and lung troubles. People praise it. Doctors prescribe it. Quick, sure results. Refuse substitutes. Get Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

**FREE** COURSE GIVEN. POSTS GUARANTEED. \$5,000 DEPOSIT. R. R. FARE PAID. Write quick. GA. A. L. BUS, COLLEGE, Macon, Georgia.

**DROPSY** NEW DISCOVERY. gives quick relief and cures water on chest, stomach and 10 days' treatment. Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box 2, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—Salesmen in each State to sell Tobacco and Cigars. Experience not actually necessary. FACTORY 215, Thornton, Va.

Am. N. U. No. 47, 1900.

**PISO'S CURE FOR** CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by Druggists.

**CONSUMPTION**

Growth of Golf.

Six years ago there were only five clubs in the United States Golf Association. Now there are twenty-five associate and 225 allied clubs on the roll. There are now in existence about twenty state or other branch leagues subordinate to the United States Golf Association, and that in many instances a golf club is content to remain only a member of its local organization. It is shown by the record in Newman's Official Golf Guide for 1900, which gives a list of nearly 900 regularly organized clubs. New York heads the list, with 153. The same authority estimates that there are at least 200,000 golfers in the United States.

Cool Under Fire.

That "man gets used to anything" has been shown again by the extraordinary cases of coolness under fire at the front in the South African war. At Labuschagne's nek a private in the deadly zone of fire tore open a letter from his sister and began to read it eagerly; a wounded batsman at Lady-smith finished his run at cricket before dropping dead; a trooper named Charles Hands kept his cigarette alight between falling from his horse with a fractured thigh and being taken to the hospital.

Wants a Plain Funeral.

A rich widow at Topeka, Kan., has given her lawyer these instructions: "I want my body embalmed. I want a pine coffin, to cost not more than \$10. There must not be more than the hearse and two carriages at my funeral."

# FADED IN HER YOUTH

Pretty faces and graceful forms of young women! Why is it they are so soon replaced by plainness and lameness? It is because the young girl just entering into womanhood does not know how to take care of herself and has no one competent to instruct her. It is not necessary that there should be anything weakening or wearying about the functions of a female organism. Parents of young girls should inform themselves and prevent their dear ones from making costly errors.

That young woman has a just cause of complaint, who is permitted to believe that great periodic suffering is to be expected, that severe mysterious pains and aches are part of her natural experience as a woman. These things are making constant war on her health, her disposition and her beauty. It is a wanton sacrifice, absolutely unnecessary and cruel. It is more—it is criminal.

**Dr. Greene's NERVURA**  
for the Blood and Nerves

Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, is the right medicine for every young girl who is just entering the first stage of womanhood. It prepares the system in every way to act normally. It enriches the blood supply, and keeps the nerves calm and steady. Fortified with this great medicine, all the womanly duties may be undertaken and experienced without the slightest jeopardy to health. It preserves the gifts of nature and assists their development into glowing, healthful beauty.

Mrs. MARY FRANCES LITTLE, of 2 Hunter Alley, Rochester, N. Y., says:

"I was very bad and delicate—had no color. I took Dr. Greene's Nervura, blood and nerve remedy, and now I am well and strong, my face is plump, and cheeks red, and my complexion pure."

Mrs. WILLIAM BARTELS, 239 East 87th St., New York City, says:

"Dr. Greene's Nervura made a wonderful improvement in my health, and that dark, yellow look left my face. My friends hardly know me. I have gained flesh and am like a different person."

The nervousness in women which invariably comes with pain is of itself certain to stop the development of beauty in face and figure. Excited nerves make sharp lines and hasty speech. The beautiful curves which make women so attractive are not possible when the female organism is out of order, as it surely is when discomfort and pain are always or even periodically present. It is only necessary to look in the faces of young women everywhere to see that this must be so. Else why are they so pale and thin?

**GET FREE ADVICE FROM DR. GREENE**

Real beauty is rare. It belongs to perfect health. It is possible to every woman who takes the matter in hand intelligently. Get advice from Dr. Greene, the great specialist in these matters. He will tell you why all this is so, and show you how to avoid the stumbling blocks that bar woman's way to happiness. You may consult Dr. Greene without cost by calling or writing to him at his office, 35 West 14th Street, New York City. Don't throw away your beauty. Write to Dr. Greene to-day.

# LAND OF HUMMING BIRD.

Phenomenon That Follows Digging in Trinidad's Asphalt Lake.

The tourist may take passage to the "land of the humming bird"—as Trinidad people like their country to be called—and after securing accommodation at the only decent hotel in the colony, proceed to the lake by one of the small government steamers plying coastwise three times weekly, disembark at the Brighton pier, and proceed to the scene of "digging." Of all the crude, rough and ready means of extracting wealth from mother earth, the Trinidad asphalt operations are the most striking, says a writer in the New York Post. The Visitor arrives on a fairly level plateau, spotted here and there with tiny pools of water, beneath which the soft shiny substance known as asphalt glitters in the reflections of a fierce tropical sun. Seated over the surface of the lake dozens of swarthy negroes are plying pick and hoe, extracting the tar-coal looking stuff from the earth. One may sit in the shade of a near-by shrub or under the protecting shelter of an umbrella and watch the negroes pile heap after heap of the asphalt into the end of the endless chain of tubs that hurry along to the pier, from which one has but recently landed, until a yawning excavation of twenty or more feet suggests to the supervising dandy that the time has come to move a bit further on. In the course of a few hours the excavation resulting from the morning's diggings begins to look less deep, and by the evening the spot from which more than five or ten tons have been dug is again level with the surrounding earth and ready to be dug over by the gang of noisy blacks. From the point of digging to the pier is about a mile or less of endless-chain descent; moored to the pier are big sailing vessels and sometimes steamers, into whose capacious holds the tubs discharge the pitch at the rate of two or three hundred tons per day.

Chinese Learning.

There is much to be learned after the world captures China. Many scientists believe that the nucleus of great events is imbedded amid the mysteries of that great region of country, which may not be so benighted as is generally supposed. The preservation of grapes, to make use of one illustration of Chinese industry, is one of the many things that is only known in that country. Millions have been spent in civilized countries in futile attempts to preserve this fruit. The Chinese have known the secret for many centuries and millions more have been vainly used in the effort to drag them from the recipe.

Judges Need Not Be Lawyers.

In Colorado it is not necessary that judges of county courts shall be lawyers. The result has been that decisions of such tribunals, when appealed, are reversed in almost half the cases. It is found that in nearly all cases county courts get at the equity all right, but err as to technicalities, and it is suspected that more or less unscrupulous lawyers lay traps to bring about just such results.

Undergraduate a Milk Maid.

Oxford has among its undergraduates a married Lancashire millhand, 23 years of age, who worked his way into the university by studying after factory hours, with the help of free libraries and university extension lectures. He has won a scholarship worth £80 a year.

# THE ALL-CONQUERING GOAT.

Even a Bulldog Fell Before the Onslaught of His Head.

That a billie goat with a propelling force of fifty or more pounds behind a pair of horns and a two-inch frontal bone is a creature to inspire a great amount of respect from the average person is a fact too well established to admit of dispute, but that a brindle bulldog with a long list of victories to his credit could meet ignoble defeat at the hands—or, rather, at the horns and head—of a young goat was hardly to be believed. Yet Dewey, a thoroughbred brindle bulldog, the pride of the fashionable guests of the Hyde Park Hotel, Fifty-fourth street and Lake avenue, is to-day nursing injuries that promise well, according to a veterinary surgeon, to put him out of the fighting class for months to come. On the other hand, "Bill," the goat, is munching weeds in the rear of the hotel in a most contented manner, keeping an eye, however, constantly upon the hole in the fence through which Dewey escaped. The dog is owned by one of the employees of the Hyde Park Hotel, and is said to have been victorious in several battles with some of the best bred dogs in Hyde Park. Yesterday afternoon "Bill," who is the mascot of the Hyde Park Hotel livery stables in Lake avenue, incurred the displeasure of Dewey. The two had been friends for months, but their friendship was forgotten and it was war to the teeth. Dewey had many teeth, long and sharp, and made a savage attack on the goat. The goat, however, eluded the dog's rush repeatedly, and when his opportunity came he lowered his head and rushed toward his antagonist. Dewey landed twenty feet away, pulled himself together and renewed the attack. Again he was butted several feet. After two or three buttings the bulldog was decidedly "grozgy" and very much puzzled. Evidently he was not used to this sort of fighting, and sought to escape. Around the stable, out into the street and down the alley the goat chased the now terrified bulldog, who finally escaped through a hole in the fence. A crowd of 100 persons, mostly guests of the Hyde Park Hotel, watched the battle and cheered "Bill," as with a loud bleat of disgust, he gave over his efforts to crawl through a hole through which Dewey had escaped. "A bulldog can lick most any animal to be found, and that dog is a good one, too," said one of the stablemen, who is familiar with fighting dogs, "but that goat had a foot movement and some head work that was too much for him. We are going to challenge every bulldog in Hyde Park, winner to take all the purse."—Chicago Chronicle.

Under Charity's Cloak.

"That chap who used to work for you has asked me for a job," said one Griswold street business man to another. "You told me once that he was as shrewd and capable a man as you ever had, but you must have had some reason for letting him go."

"Say, he's capable; capable of most anything. As to his shrewdness you can judge for yourself. After the men in my neighborhood had sent money to the Galveston sufferers, we decided to make up a carload of stuff such as they might be in need of down there, and ship it. I told this fellow we're talking about to get together whatever he could find about the place that he thought would be useful to the sufferers, and left it all to him."

"Within a week I went to look for my \$140 bicycle. It was gone, and he explained that he thought some poor fellow in Galveston might need it in getting to and from work."

"I had a fine clinker boat stored in the barn. That went to the sufferers, according to his statement, for what they especially needed down there in case of an emergency was boats."

"My shot gun and rifle were both gone. Those in the stricken city might have to depend largely on game, and then they had to protect property until things were settled. My hunting clothes had disappeared, my fishing tackle and even my field glasses. You can guess the first time whether I made Rome howl or not. I took a careful invoice of what I had left, escorted him off the premises and told him that if he ever invaded them I'd have him arrested. I've seen him on the bicycle since, and they tell me he's letting the boat out. What he didn't send of mine to the sufferers was worth \$600 or \$700. I'd rather lose it than be laughed at, but I still say that he is shrewd."—Detroit Free Press.

A Convenience for the Golfists.

"I've just invented a golf bag," said the clerk in the leather store, "which is going to be a great success, although it will not hold a club or a ball. But for all that it's wonderfully useful. When officers in the militia are compelled to wear swords with full dress they really have a dummy scabbard which can be separated at the middle and packed in a travelling case. It is possible to draw out a dummy blade for a few inches, but the thing is in reality no sword at all. That is the system on which my golf bag is invented. It looks as if it were filled with clubs and these handles may be drawn out an inch or two. But they're only dummies and from a few inches below the top of the bag it is entirely hollow. It will hold as much as a dress suit case or a large hand-bag and it has the advantage of making the person who carries it seem to be doing just the proper thing. It has none of the awkwardness of a dress suit case and I expect to make a success."—New York Sun.

It is now said that the Queen of Holland, in selecting a husband, was opposed strongly by her Cabinet. The fact that she had the strength of mind to go her own gait ought to make her the most popular of sovereigns.

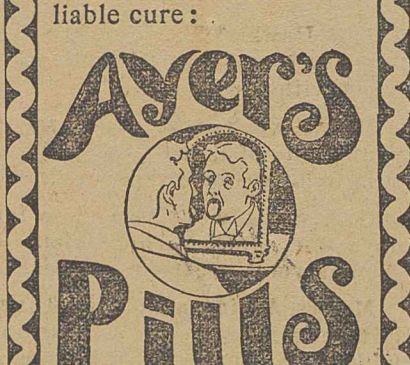
In Mexico school teachers, both men and women, usually have a cigar in their mouths. Even the criminals before the bar are allowed to smoke.

# Coated

Look at your tongue. Is it coated?

Then you have a bad taste in your mouth every morning. Your appetite is poor, and food distresses you. You have frequent headaches and are often dizzy. Your stomach is weak and your bowels are always constipated.

There's an old and reliable cure.



**Ayer's Pills**

Don't take a cathartic dose and then stop. Better take a laxative dose each night, just enough to cause on good free movement the day following.

You feel better the very next day. Your appetite returns, your dyspepsia is cured, your headaches pass away, your tongue clears up, your liver acts well, and your bowels no longer give you trouble.

Price, 25 cents. All druggists.

"I have taken Ayer's Pills for 35 years, and I consider them the best made. One pill does me more good than half a box of any other kind I have ever tried."

Mrs. N. E. TALBOT, March 30, 1899. Attington, Kans.

# JACKSON'S PERIL.

Almost Forgotten Attempt on the President's Life.

On March 30, 1835, Gen. Jackson was attending the funeral of Warren R. Davis, a member of congress from South Carolina, at the capitol, and while walking in procession to take a carriage on the east front of the capitol he was approached by a man named Richard Lawrence, who presented a pistol within a few feet of him. The cap exploded, but did not ignite the charge. Lawrence threw the pistol away and drew another, which also missed fire. Gen. Jackson was on the arm of Mr. Woodbury, secretary of the treasury, but pursued the assassin with raised cane. Lieut. Gedney of the navy knocked Lawrence down, and the friends of the president tried to restrain him, but he said: "Let me go, gentlemen; I am not afraid. They can't kill me. I can protect myself." Lawrence was arrested and arraigned before Judge Cranch and committed. At the trial he behaved much as Guiteau did, interrupting the proceedings and talking all the time, until the judge ordered him to be removed from the court room. A commission appointed to examine into his condition reported him of unsound mind. He was committed to an insane asylum, where he lived for many years. There was an attempt made to involve some political adversaries of Gen. Jackson in this attempt on his life, but the examination and trial revealed nothing but that it was the act of a madman. Gen. Jackson's escape from death was providential. The pistols were loaded very heavily, and after the arrest of Lawrence and sending the balls through several inches of plank. It was stated that Gen. Jackson said at the time that he knew where the attempt originated.

ZOLA AND FATHER.

Slanders Published About the Latter Must Be Set at Rest.

A new grief has come into the turbulent life of Emile Zola, the distinguished French novelist, and it has almost prostrated him. Hitherto he has only suffered for himself; now the memory of his dead father has been attacked, and he is almost frantic. His partnership for Dreyfus in his battle for honor against the machinations of the army officials has brought this sorrow upon Zola. It seems that years ago his father, who was a skilled engineer, emigrated to Austria and assisted in the construction of the first railroad built in Europe. Having completed this work, he entered the French army, served in the Algerian division and retired in 1835 as a civil engineer to Marseilles. The original plans for an extension of the Marseilles harbor were prepared by him. Others were chosen, however, to see the work done, and, disappointed, Francois Zola went to Aix, where the triumph of his labors was to be his lot. The municipal authorities trusted him with the building of the great canal which yet bears his name. In 1847 he died suddenly. Now the enemies of his son are declaring that death was due to suicide in the effort to escape punishment for defrauding the municipality of Aix in the matter of the harbor contract. To vindicate his father's name Emile Zola now avers he will devote his entire life to the annihilation of the military power, and declares that he will never rest until all suspicion of misfeasance shall be blotted from the name of a father whom he dearly loved.

The Jeolander eats dried fish and butter just as we eat bread and butter.

# BY CAT'S EYES.

Chinese Tell the Hour by the Line in the Feline Visual Organ.

It must be conceded that in some qualities of primitive, but practical resourcefulness the Chinese are ahead of most civilized nations. All travelers agree that if in a district where clocks and watches are unknown you ask a Chinaman the time of day he will, if well disposed, at once proceed to ambuscade and capture the household cat, and after pushing up the lids and looking for a moment into its eyes he will tell the time with astonishing accuracy. The explanation is a simple physiological one. The pupils of the cat's eyes constantly contract until midday, when they become like a fine line, as thin as a hair drawn perpendicularly across the eye; after twelve they begin again to dilate. It is to be hoped that if the practice is ever introduced into this country watches and clocks will continue to be made, as there will probably be many who will not care to run after a cat whenever they want to know the hour, or who may fear some danger to their own eyes from too close an examination of hers. The Chinese have by no means a monopoly of the cat as a perambulating time-piece. The negroes of Jamaica are very well acquainted with the method of telling the time by looking at the effect of the sun on pussy's eyes, and those who twenty years ago were quite illiterate and could not tell the time by a watch used to resort to this method for discovering the time of day. I have myself repeatedly, watch in hand, asked a negro to tell the time in this way, and it was very rare indeed for him to be five minutes out by the clock.

Oriental as Soldiers.

No European nation has succeeded in holding or controlling tropical possessions without the aid of native troops. Moreover, these can be maintained at a much smaller cost than white soldiers, not to speak of the great expense of transportation. Two-thirds of the Dutch army in Java is composed of native troops. Spain, before the insurrection, had over 13,000 natives doing military service in the Philippines, and England's success in converting the Egyptian fellahs into good soldiers is another example of how apparently poor material can be utilized.

Best For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. CASCARETS Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

It requires no experience to dye with PEARL LADDER DYES. Simply boiling your goods in the dye is all that's necessary. Sold by all druggists.

It is reported that Prince Herbert Bismarck has decided to publish a complete collection of the letters written by his father, Prince Bismarck to his wife between the years 1847 and 1892.

Wanted.

A traveling salesman in each southern state; \$50 to \$100 per month and traveling expenses; experience not absolutely necessary. Address Penicks Tobacco Works Co., Penicks, Va.

There are 235 institutions under the control of the board of education of the Methodist church, with 3,500 teachers and 100,000 students, and they have \$300,000 invested in their schools.

Good Position.

Trustworthy men wanted to travel. Experience not absolutely necessary. For particulars address Fearless Job Wks., Bedford City, Va.

The Missouri department store law has been declared invalid. The law tried to prevent the carrying on of these stores by requiring a license at a cost of \$50 to \$100 for each department.

The Best Prescription for Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTEFUL CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

The British museum authors' catalogue is now completed, after twenty years' labor, and has cost \$300,000. It consists of 400 vols. unms and seventy supplements.

Indigestion is a bad companion. Get rid of it by chewing a bar of Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti after each meal.

The distinction of being the smallest man in the British army belongs to Maj. Percival Scrope Marling, V. C., of the Eighteenth Hussars.

To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE TABLETS. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

The Buffalo Bird Protective society defends the English sparrows, and the birds of the disappearance in that vicinity of the canker-worm.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nervine. \$2.00 per bottle. Free trial bottle. Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Romania is to have three new railway lines constructed at a cost of \$16,546,000, exclusive of rolling stock.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 23c. a bottle.

Pipe's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. SAMUEL, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

Beware of Quinments for Catarrh That Contain Mercury.

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure to get the genuine. It is taken internally, and is made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

23c. Sold by Druggists, price 75c. per bottle. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Model Tenement Houses.

Three hundred plans were submitted in an architects' competition in New York for model tenement houses and the first prize plan is to be used at once. The new buildings will be fire proof throughout and will occupy 70 per cent of the ground space, leaving 30 per cent for light and air. In each room a window will open into the outer air and each apartment will be connected with private hall and baths, play grounds, clothes drying chambers and storage rooms. It is calculated that a rental of \$1 a week per room will give satisfactory profit.

Inflicted with work eye use; Thompson's Eye Water

# How Mothers may Help their Daughters into Womanhood



Every mother possesses information of vital value to her young daughter. That daughter is a precious legacy, and the responsibility for her future is largely in the hands of the mother. The mysterious change that develops the thoughtless girl into the thoughtful woman should find the mother on the watch day and night. As she cares for the physical well-being of her daughter, so will the woman be, and her children also.

When the young girl's thoughts become sluggish, when she experiences headaches, dizziness, faintness, and exhibits an abnormal disposition to sleep, pains in the back and lower limbs, eyes dim, desire for solitude, and a dislike for the society of other girls, when she is a mystery to herself and friends, then the mother should go to her aid promptly. At such a time the greatest aid to nature is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It prepares the young system for the coming change, and is the surest reliance in this hour of trial.

The following letters from Miss Good are practical proof of Mrs. Pinkham's efficient advice to young women.

Miss Good asks Mrs. Pinkham for Help.

February 12th, 1899.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I have been very much bothered for some time with my monthly periods being irregular. I will tell you all about it, and put myself in your care, for I have heard so much of you. Each month menstruation would become less and less, until it entirely stopped for six months, and now it has stopped again. I have become very nervous and of a very bad color. I am a young girl and have always had to work very hard. I would be very much pleased if you would tell me what to do."—Miss PEARL GOOD, Cor. 29th Avenue and Yeslar Way, Seattle, Wash.

The Happy Result.

February 10th, 1900.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I cannot praise Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound enough. It is just simply wonderful the change your medicine has made in me. I feel like another person. My work is now a pleasure to me, while before using your medicine it was a burden. To-day I am a healthy and happy girl. I think if more women would use your Vegetable Compound there would be less suffering in the world. I cannot express the relief I have experienced by using Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."—Miss PEARL GOOD, Cor. 29th Avenue and Yeslar Way, Seattle, Wash.

\$5000 REWARD

Owing to the fact that some skeptical people have from time to time questioned the genuineness of the testimonial letters we are constantly publishing, we have deposited with the National City Bank, of Lynn, Mass., \$5,000, which will be paid to any person who can show that the above testimonial is not genuine, or was published before obtaining the writer's special permission.—LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO.

THE MAN WHO SMOKES

Old Virginia Cheroots

has a satisfied, "glad I have got it" expression on his face from the time he lights one. He knows he will not be disappointed. No matter where he buys one—Maine or Texas, Florida or California—he knows they will be just the same as those he gets at home—clean—well made—burn even—taste good—satisfying!

Three hundred million Old Virginia Cheroots smoked this year. Ask your own dealer. Price, 3 for 5 cents.

THE MILNER & KETTIG CO.

Machinery, \* Engines and Boilers

Write for Prices and Catalogue.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

Commission Merchant.

I will sell your CHICKENS, EGGS AND PRODUCE, remit promptly and guarantee the highest market prices. A trial order will convince you. Reference: Barney National Bank, by permission. L. E. McTAEFF, 1718 First Avenue, Birmingham, Ala.

JUST THE BOOK YOU WANT

CONDENSED ENCYCLOPEDIA OF UNIVERSAL KNOWLEDGE, is our handy

upon about every subject under the sun. It contains 620 pages, profusely illustrated, and will be sent, postpaid for 50c. in stamps, postal note or silver. When reading you doubtless find many things which you do not understand, and which you will want to refer to easily. This book is a rich mine of valuable information, presented in as interesting manner, and is well worth to any one many times the small sum of Fifty Cents which we ask for it. A study of this book will prove of incalculable benefit to those whose education has been neglected, and of great value to those who cannot readily command the knowledge they have acquired. BOOK PUBLISHING HOUSE, 134 Leonard St., New York City.

AN ENCYCLOPEDIA

FOR 50c.

Plantation Chill Cure is Guaranteed

To Cure or Money Refunded by Your Merchant, so Why Not Try It? Price 50c.



# THE PEOPLES ADVOCATE.

VOL. IX.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1900.

NO. 30.

The Chinese government will never be able to explain why, with its autocratic discipline, its lavish use of torture and its ruthless application of the death penalty, it has been so utterly unable to handle a lot of Boxers.

The board of health of Woodstock, Ont., has decided to compel bakers to give up the present system of giving small tickets to their customers, as they consider the distribution of these around to different houses is liable to spread disease.

The Duke of Sutherland has been elected president of the Scottish Self-Control society, whose members are bound (1) not to drink intoxicants before noon or except at their regular meals; (2) not to "treat"; (3) not to give alcoholic drink in return for services rendered.

Experts who have examined rye straw are of the opinion that a very high grade of paper, not only adapted to newspapers, but suitable for books as well, can be made from that material, of which Louisiana produces thousands of tons that are now got rid of as a waste product.

A Frenchman, M. de Regnier, has written a book in which he says New York City and Chicago are the ugliest things he ever saw; also that all other American cities are unlovely. M. de Regnier must have passed through when the people who made it a part of their business to entertain foreign cadets were away for the summer.

Twenty millions of American capital is to be planted underground in London to provide its inhabitants with up-to-date means of rapid transit. John Bull's American cousin gives him a constant series of surprises, lends him money when it used to be the other way, builds and runs his railroads, and gives him new points in the construction of warships, and is otherwise forward and unconventional in his conduct.

It is said in England that the Ashanti trouble is due largely to the carelessness in matters of dress of the British representative, Sir Frederick Hodgson. When the chief met last March for a great "durbur" they came in all the glory of paint, beads and feathers, while the English official wore a shabby shooting costume without a medal or decoration of any kind. The chiefs were offended, thought him an impostor and soon began to rise in revolt.

The will of the late Dr. Lewis A. Sayre disposed of property valued at \$93,430. Why is it that most of our doctors die relatively poor? Dr. Sayre was one of the most eminent of American physicians and surgeons. In addition to the revenues of a large and long-extended practice and from many daring and difficult operations, he was the patentee of several surgical instruments and devices in general use. And yet his total estate is very small compared with the property accumulated by a lawyer of equal rank or by business men of moderate success. A leading physician said recently that it was very rarely that a member of the profession dies in possession of as much as \$25,000. Is it because their style of living must be expensive, or are the collections poor?

An analysis of the award of the ten fellowships of Byrn Mawr college for the year is interesting as showing the range of higher scholarship among the women students of America and the wide diffusion of the zeal for those higher studies. Of the 10 fellowships three are from Wisconsin, one each from Massachusetts, Nebraska, Ohio and Pennsylvania and Canada and one not assigned. Their college degrees were obtained, three from the University of Wisconsin and one each from Mount Holyoke, Radcliffe, Nebraska, Wooster, Pennsylvania, Edinburgh and Toronto. The departments of learning in which the fellowships are awarded are Greek, Latin, English, Teutonic philology, Romance philology, history, philosophy, physics, chemistry and biology.

**Lace-Making as an Art.**  
The most difficult of all lace-making are the pillow laces, so called from the cushion that supports the pins and bobbins while the weaver works. Mechlin, Bruges, real point-lace and duchesse are pillow laces, though many are made on black parchment, which is far easier. The pattern once fixed in the weaver's mind, the shuttles are worked in and out, minute threads are tied, flowers are formed like magic under the tireless fingers. In many hand-made laces tiny beads or infinitesimally small threads are used to outline the pattern, but so careful are they needed into flowers, leaves, and stems that they defy the closest scrutiny, and stand for what they really are—hand-made laces.—Harper's Bazar.

## THANKSGIVING DAY IN OLDEN TIMES.



Thanks we give for friendship old,  
For Love's blessings manifold.  
Thanks for all that time has brought,  
All the kindness it has wrought.

In our hearts, oh! still may we,  
Looking back o'er life's rough sea,  
Keep and honor while we may,  
Thoughts of thee, Thanksgiving Day.



THE week before Thanksgiving the sewing circle in our village met at Mrs. Nathan Tucker's and there was a full meeting, though everybody was very busy cooking for Thanksgiving.

The Tucker house was redolent with spice and mince-meat. Mrs. Tucker had told several confidentially that she did not know how to have the circle. The members were most of them late, with the exception of Rebecca Todd. She is a widow and lives alone and has nobody to cook for, except herself, and besides she was invited to spend Thanksgiving with her brother.

Rebecca Todd is a very fast sewer, and she had a missionary apron almost finished by the time the others arrived; she had talked every minute too. Mrs. Todd is noted for her conversational powers. She politely gave an inkling of the topic under discussion to every newcomer, took up the threads, as it were, for her inspection, then proceeded. Everybody, with the exception of Maria Hopkins, listened respectfully. Mrs. Todd is considered a very smart woman, and besides she is well to do, has the finest house in town and the best furniture. Maria Hopkins, who has her own opinions, listened rather contemptuously; once in a while she sniffed in a way she has, and she screwed her forehead very tight over her sewing. She never liked Rebecca Todd since they



"DID THAT SIX-MONTH-OLD BABY GO TO MEETING?" SAID MARIA, WITH ONE OF HER SNIFFS, AND MRS. TODD GLARED AT HER.

were girls together. Mrs. Todd talked, and talked; scarcely any one else said a word. When the last corner, Mrs. Pendergrass, entered she had just begun to relate a Thanksgiving experience of hers, which she considered remarkable, as Maria whispered she considered most experiences of her own. "I should think she would be astonished because they never put the day she was born into the almanac, to calculate the weather from," whispered Maria, and the minister's wife who sat next her and is considered too young and giddy by some folks for a minister's wife, giggled, and then was so scared because she had that she turned pale.

"I was just saying," said Mrs. Todd, very politely, to Mrs. Stephen Pendergrass, who is tall and meek and slides into the first chair as if she were unworthy to sit anywhere, "that everybody has Thanksgiving, but I thought that not every body had had Thanksgiving, as it were."

Mrs. Pendergrass, who is always afraid to speak before more than two bowed solemnly and colored up and down, and looked as if she had done something awful every Thanksgiving Day of her life, and Mrs. Todd went on sewing all the time as fast as she could drive her needle.

stand out, as it were. That was the first one when I ever cooked the whole dinner myself without any help."

## Methuselah's Thanksgiving



When Pa bro't Methuselah Green to the farm, T' help him an' Jabez do chores, I don't think I ever seen sich a thin man. His fingers wuz nothin' but claws. His cheeks near the top were jest chuck full of bones.

Like the Indians that Uncle Si makes: An' his feet, stuck in cowhides, went clump when he walked. Jest th' way that an' ol' wagon shakes. I felt kinder bad fur a man thin ez that. His legs wuz no use to him no more. So the night when he come here I went up an' sez,

"Mr. G. ec., wuz yer alvus so thin?" Methuselah Green he jest leaned back and laffed. Then he winked, and he sed, "Wal, I wuz I alvus so thin? Do tell, wanter know?"

"Why, I alvus gits thin about now." He let down the bars to go after th' cows. An' he wouldn't say anythin' more. Till one day in th' barn, we was plim' th' hay.

An' a turkey walked in at the door. You jest orter seen our new hired man t' en.

He leaned on th' rake an' he looked, "A fine heily bird," sed Methuselah Green. "But th' best way t' see 'em is cooked."

"When I wuz a boy, not a great shtill ago, Fur, I callate, a month eb'ry fall, I'd skin out of eatin' whenever I dared, I dressed five children that morning, besides all the rest."

"I suppose that was the first Thanksgiving after you were married," said Mrs. Henry Mixer, who is a very gentle, soft-spoken woman; she admires Mrs. Todd very much and tries to be intimate with her. "No, it was not," Mrs. Todd said, with an important nod the like of which I never saw in anybody else. "No, it was not; it was before I was married, and I cooked the dinner for fifteen and had it ready by 12 o'clock, by the time they got home from meeting, besides putting the house in a special order. Mother wasn't very pie-pie order. Mother wasn't very strong, and my sister Lizzy's little Sammy was only six months old. I washed and dressed little Sammy that morning, too, and I washed and dressed brother Henry's twins—his wife wasn't able to do much, and she had a run-around on her thumb—and I curled little Minerva's hair in two rows of curls.

Day, and we all felt impressed, all except Maria Hopkins. She sniffed—

"How long was that before you were married, Mrs. Todd, may I ask?" said she.

Rebecca Todd looked sharply at her—"Much as ten years," said she. "Why?"

"Nothing," said Maria, but I could see that she was figuring in her head. After a while, when Mrs. Todd was talking about something else, she broke right in. "I've got something to say."

"I reckon she'll take the prize," said she. "You were seventeen years old when you were married, Rebecca Todd, and now you are trying to make it out that you were only seven years old when you did such a day's work as that."

Rebecca Todd colored as red as a beet, and a kind of quiver seemed to go all over her, but she looked Maria full in the face. "Well, what of it?" said she. "I don't believe one word of it," said Maria. "You can believe it or not, just as you're a mind to," said Rebecca Todd, "but I'm telling it, and I was never known to tell a lie in my whole life."

Well, Mrs. Todd's special Thanksgiving has divided our sewing circle. Half side with her, and half believe she told a wicked lie, and it not fit to associate with in mission work. To this day nobody knows whether she really had that special Thanksgiving, when she was seven years old or not; but the sewing circle is divided, and this week, before Thanksgiving, one part meets with Mrs. Henry Mixer, and the other part meets with Mrs. Mary E. Wilkins, in the New York World.

An Undersized Turkey.  
An' at times I'd eat nothin' at all. I'd give you the lunch that I bro't up t' school. An' I'd come home tu late t' get tea, An' mebbe I wuzn't at Thanksgiving time. Thin as latus; why, you hev no idee, I got in the way when a boy, 'bout your size. An' I can't quit th' hold on it now. This fall I've bin purty nigh starvin' myself. Why, I've lost twenty pound, that I vow."

Methuselah Green then went back to the hay. Where he chuckled an' laffed fit t' split. I sed, "Mr. Green, he yer laffin at me?" Methuselah sed, "Not a bit."

I never could see what Methuselah ate. Cause he lived in a house down th' hill. But once I wuz helpin' him mend th' stum full.

An' he says to me, "Looka there, Bill, Jest peep at them beech nuts way up in th' tree. Jest look at them punkins an' squash. Jest look at th' turkey; he's fat, an' I'm thin; Thanksgiving time's comin' b' Gosh."

Thanksgivin' time come an' th' turkey wuz killed. The pies wuz all made an' the sauce. Methuselah sez t' me, "Bill, kin yer eat?" And I sez to Methuselah, "Course."

Pa bro't all the farm hands ter dinner that day. But before sittin' down he looked round, An' asked each one what he felt thankful for most;

Fur a minnit there wuzn't a sound, Then Methuselah riz in his seat an' he sed, "I kin offer up thanks th' I'm thin. I've bin trainin' fur this since October fiftenth."

An' I wish to the lots you'd begin." —Arthur H. Folwell.

In cobwebs, and she hadn't more'n gone before I burnt my own finger lifting out the turkey to baste, so I've got the scar of it now. Well, I lived through it, and that dinner was all on the table at 12 o'clock, when they got home from meeting, and me in my best, all ready to help them out and take off the children's things. Well, as I was saying, that Thanksgiving has always seemed to me a special one, and kind of stands out, as it were."

Mrs. Todd stopped and looked around as if she were waiting for admiration. "I call that a Thanksgiving to be remembered," said Mrs. Henry Mixer, in her genteel way. "I never heard of such a day's work, and you so young, too."

We all reflected that we had never done anything like it, though we had worked hard enough on Thanksgiving

Day, and we all felt impressed, all except Maria Hopkins. She sniffed— "How long was that before you were married, Mrs. Todd, may I ask?" said she. Rebecca Todd looked sharply at her—"Much as ten years," said she. "Why?"



"I reckon she'll take the prize," said she. "You were seventeen years old when you were married, Rebecca Todd, and now you are trying to make it out that you were only seven years old when you did such a day's work as that."

Rebecca Todd colored as red as a beet, and a kind of quiver seemed to go all over her, but she looked Maria full in the face. "Well, what of it?" said she. "I don't believe one word of it," said Maria. "You can believe it or not, just as you're a mind to," said Rebecca Todd, "but I'm telling it, and I was never known to tell a lie in my whole life."

Well, Mrs. Todd's special Thanksgiving has divided our sewing circle. Half side with her, and half believe she told a wicked lie, and it not fit to associate with in mission work. To this day nobody knows whether she really had that special Thanksgiving, when she was seven years old or not; but the sewing circle is divided, and this week, before Thanksgiving, one part meets with Mrs. Henry Mixer, and the other part meets with Mrs. Mary E. Wilkins, in the New York World.

An Undersized Turkey.  
An' at times I'd eat nothin' at all. I'd give you the lunch that I bro't up t' school. An' I'd come home tu late t' get tea, An' mebbe I wuzn't at Thanksgiving time. Thin as latus; why, you hev no idee, I got in the way when a boy, 'bout your size. An' I can't quit th' hold on it now. This fall I've bin purty nigh starvin' myself. Why, I've lost twenty pound, that I vow."

Methuselah Green then went back to the hay. Where he chuckled an' laffed fit t' split. I sed, "Mr. Green, he yer laffin at me?" Methuselah sed, "Not a bit."

I never could see what Methuselah ate. Cause he lived in a house down th' hill. But once I wuz helpin' him mend th' stum full.

An' he says to me, "Looka there, Bill, Jest peep at them beech nuts way up in th' tree. Jest look at them punkins an' squash. Jest look at th' turkey; he's fat, an' I'm thin; Thanksgiving time's comin' b' Gosh."

Thanksgivin' time come an' th' turkey wuz killed. The pies wuz all made an' the sauce. Methuselah sez t' me, "Bill, kin yer eat?" And I sez to Methuselah, "Course."

Pa bro't all the farm hands ter dinner that day. But before sittin' down he looked round, An' asked each one what he felt thankful for most;

Fur a minnit there wuzn't a sound, Then Methuselah riz in his seat an' he sed, "I kin offer up thanks th' I'm thin. I've bin trainin' fur this since October fiftenth."

An' I wish to the lots you'd begin." —Arthur H. Folwell.

In Clover.  
We're invited out Thanksgiving Every single year; I think we never in all our lives Have had Thanksgiving here.

Of course, it is very pleasant Going with father and mother; But just one feast is so little to have— Then wait a whole year for another!

And the next day our dinner's so common, And I think of the day before, With turkey and duck and ice cream and tarts, And I'm sorry I didn't eat more.

But this year I'm going to be jolly— Oh, I tell you, I'm in clover! We're to have Thanksgiving here at home, And won't there be lots left over!

—Youth's Companion.

Her Reflection.  
"You must not eat too much," said the small girl's mother. "If you are careful, you will be perfectly well tomorrow when so many other little children are sick."

"Yes," answered the small girl, "and then wouldn't I be dreadfully out of style?"

Stuffing.  
"Some folks stuffs their turkey 'fore they cook it, but I stuffs mine after it's cooked."

## REDUCTION OF WAR TAX

Ways and Means Committee Decides on a Decrease of \$30,000,000.

## FOR AN ARMY OF 100,000 MEN

The Committee Hears a Good Financial Report From Secretary Gage—Plans For Bringing Home Volunteers From the Philippines Will Be Suspended Pending the Action of Congress.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—The Ways and Means Committee has decided on a reduction of about \$30,000,000 in the war revenue taxes. A few days ago Secretary Gage expressed the opinion, after a meeting of the Cabinet, that a reduction of only about \$15,000,000 should be made. Later the President expressed the intention of recommending a reduction of \$20,000,000, but the announcement of the Ways and Means Committee shows that there is a tendency to indorse the views of Senator Aldrich and members of the Senate Finance Committee, calling for a sweeping reduction. President McKinley's determination to ask Congress for an army of 100,000 men, increased naval expenditures and prospects of the passage of the Nicaragua Canal, Ship Subsidy and Pacific Cable bills were taken into consideration by the Republican members of the House Committee on Ways and Means when they met to consider the problem of reducing the war revenue taxes.

Secretary Gage was before the committee, and presented the financial condition of the Government in rather better light than had been expected. He predicted that the surplus of receipts over expenditures for the present fiscal year would amount to about \$80,000,000, this in spite of the fact that it is only a little more than \$8,000,000 up to date. The heaviest receipts and the lightest expenditures usually fall within the latter half of the fiscal year.

All preparations for bringing home the volunteer troops now in the Philippines have been suspended pending the action of Congress with reference to the Army Reorganization bill. It is now almost certain that the work of transporting the volunteers back to the United States will not begin until about January 1.

Recent reports from the Philippines, including General MacArthur's declaration that he could not spare any of the military force now in the archipelago, has convinced the War Department authorities that there can be no material reduction of the troops in the Philippines for some time, and that every volunteer regiment will have to be replaced if returned to the United States. To do this will require the passage by Congress of a bill authorizing an army of about 100,000 men, and the present intention of the Secretary of War is to have presented to Congress as soon as possible a bill for the reorganization of the army. It is expected that by January 1 it will be apparent what Congress will do along the line, and the War Department officials can then plan for a general reorganization of the military force in the Philippines. Reports from recruiting officers in this country, however, show that there will be no trouble whatever to secure men to raise the regular army to 100,000 men.

**PROFESSOR GILMAN RESIGNS.**  
Head of Johns Hopkins University Will Retire at Close of Scholastic Year.

Baltimore, Md. (Special).—President Daniel Coit Gilman, of Johns Hopkins University, has notified the Board of Trustees of his intention to retire at the close of the present scholastic year, after a service of a quarter of a century.



Dr. Gilman in a letter to the trustees referred to his approaching seventieth birthday, and said he felt it was time for a younger man to take hold. An unwritten law recognizes seventy years as the age limit for university presidents.

Rochester Girl Slain in the Street.  
The body of Miss Theresa Keating, a respectable young woman, who lived with her two sisters at Rochester, N. Y., was found in a vacant lot near the New York Central Railroad tracks. The girl had been robbed of \$30, assaulted and then choked to death. The police can find no clue to the murderer.

"Conscience" Payment to Uncle Sam.  
Treasurer Roberts, at Washington, has received a "conscience deposit" of \$200 from Boston, Mass. The letter accompanying the money stated that it was due on account of internal revenue.

New Trial For Dr. Kennedy.  
Because of errors at his trial the Court of Appeals at Albany, N. Y., has granted a new trial to Dr. Kennedy, the dentist who was convicted of the murder of "Dolly" Reynolds at the Grand Hotel, New York City.

Some folks stuffs their turkey 'fore they cook it, but I stuffs mine after it's cooked."

## THE NEWS EPITOMIZED

### WASHINGTON ITEMS.

In an interview Count Cassini, the Russian Ambassador, emphasized his country's unselfish aims in China.

The House Committee on Ways and Means has decided not to remove the tax on tea.

Postmaster-General Smith has concluded a parcel post convention with Venezuela.

Lieutenant-General Miles advocated in his annual report a reorganization of the military service and a standing army of one for each 1000 inhabitants. Secretary Long formally announced that the price for armor plate agreed upon between the Government and the Carnegie and Bethlehem companies was \$455.53, including \$35.53 royalty.

Senator-Admiral Bradford recommended that the Marconi wireless telegraph system be used on naval vessels.

### OUR ADOPTED ISLANDS.

The natives control both branches of the Hawaiian Legislature, but have not a two-thirds majority.

The Philippine Commission at Manila discussed a bill for a provincial government in Benguet.

Commander Lucien Young, Captain of the Port of Havana, called for proposals for removing the wreck of the Maine from the bottom of Havana harbor.

Elections in Hawaii resulted in the success of the royalist party, which defeated Democrats and Republicans, both for delegate to Congress and control of the Legislature.

The censorship on cable dispatches at Manila has been removed.

Brigadier-General James F. Smith has been appointed Collector of Customs at Manila.

Secretary Root, Governor-General Wood and a party of American officials left Havana for a trip along the south coast of Cuba.

### DOMESTIC.

John Beert, of Chicago, died from fear of hydrophobia after fighting a strange dog with his own teeth and hands.

Major-General Fitzhugh Lee arrived at New York City from Havana to take command of the Department of the Missouri.

The anti-noise ordinance was defeated in the City Council of Chicago.

Rear-Admiral Roger N. Stembel (retired), ninety years old, died from pneumonia, after one week's illness, at New York City.

The faculty of the University of Chicago has forbidden class rushes.

Cornelius L. Alvord, Jr., the defaulting note teller of the First National Bank, of New York City, was held for the United States Grand Jury.

Bernard Stein, bookseller, was convicted at Chicago of receiving indecent literature from another State by express.

Paul Fuaz, of St. Louis, Mo., a student at Columbia University, at New York City, was asphyxiated in his room.

A movement to close liquor saloons was begun in many cities and towns of Maine.

The two-year-old daughter of R. W. Bennett, of Elsie, was burned to death at Waycross, Ga. The child had been left in a room.

Six persons were killed in a collision between a Pennsylvania freight and a Lake Shore express at Polk, Penn.

Thirty-two survivors of the Irish Ambulance Corps arrived at New York City from South Africa and praised the conduct of the Boers in their struggle for independence.

John C. Hoffmeier, foreman, and two Chinese were killed by an explosion at the Grand Order Company's works, Sobrante, Cal.

Frank K. Alderman, a wealthy real estate man, blew out his brains at Fort Wayne, Ind.

William A. Miller, of Roseland Plantation, was shot without warning and instantly killed at Fairview, Miss., by Joseph Miller.

### FOREIGN.

European powers are preparing to dismember the Chinese empire by overloading it with debts in paying indemnities.



# THE PEOPLE'S ADVOCATE.

Published Every Thursday

J. F. MORRIS, Editor and Manager.

Entered at the postoffice at Columbia, Ala., as second-class mail matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:  
One copy one year, \$1.00  
One copy six months, .50  
One copy three months, .25

COLUMBIANA, NOV. 29, 1900.

## COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Representative—G. B. Deans.

Circuit Court.

Circuit Judge—John Pelham.

Circuit Solicitor—T. W. Coleman.

Circuit Clerk—John P. Pearson.

Sheriff—R. F. Cox.

Terms of Court—Eighth Monday after the fourth Monday in January and July, continuing three weeks.

CHANCERY COURT.

Chancellor—R. B. Kelly.

Register in Chancery—J. R. White.

Terms of Court—First Thursday after second Monday's in March and September.

COUNTY COURT.

County Judge—A. P. Longshore.

County Clerk—John P. Pearson.

County Solicitor—W. R. Oliver.

Terms of Court—Fourth Monday in February, May, August and November.

Probate Court—Second Monday in each month.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Probate Judge—A. P. Longshore.

Clerk—John P. Pearson.

Sheriff—R. F. Cox.

Treasurer—L. J. Carden.

Supt. of Education—E. Williams.

Tax Collector—J. H. Robertson.

Tax Assessor—John S. Pitts.

County Surveyors—W. F. Bell and A. P. R. Dahl.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

First District—L. R. Kendrick.

Fourth District—John T. Glaze.

Second District—Pleasant Shaw.

Third District—R. J. Griffin.

Terms of Court—First Mondays in January, April, July and October.

Special Terms—Second Mondays in May and July and first Monday in June.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

Beat 1—B. L. Moore, Columbiana;

terms of court every Thursday

Beat 1, box 2—W. E. Seale, Shelby;

terms of court every Wednesday.

Populism Will Come Again.

We need not remind our readers

that fusion, as a policy, is simply

the auction block. You fetch your

goods to the market and you sell

to the highest bidder. You want

office—that is all you want. You

sell to Democracy in one state and

to Republicanism in another. In

North Carolina you are particularly

happy—you can sell to both parties—

cheat both. But while all this is

a luxury to the office-getters of the

fusion Populism, it is death to the

principles of the party. It has

saddened, disheartened and

disgusted the thousands of honest

reformers who broke away from

both the old parties and sought to

find a party free of the crimes of

both. A magnificent army of nearly

two millions has been melted away.

There is no enthusiasm—how could

there be? How could men grow

earnest over the paltry dickerings of

spoilsmen? Populists who have

labored tirelessly in the cause, spent

their time and money, and their

talent, to speed it onward, hang

their heads in shame, and being

unable to prevent the sell-out

manipulated by the leaders, they

stand at home, "work harder and

talk less," and let the mad world

wag its way. Populism has much to

say that the world must hear, must

heed, must obey. It will come

again.—Thomas E. Watson.

The above from the lips of the

famous Thos. E. Watson, of Georgia,

comes with good grace, and should

sink deep into the minds of all

true patriots of America. The

unpurchasable Tom as he has been

called, has been silent in the great

cause of reform, and one can easily

see and know the cause from

reading the above. Listen to the

words of one of the greatest men

America has ever known: "Populism

has much to say that the world

must hear, must heed, must obey.

It will come again." Truly this is

encouraging to the people, coming

from the source it does. Coming

from a man who has welfare of the

people of this great nation at heart

and who will rise again to champion

this great cause of reform. Let the

Populist of this country of ours

heed these words and adopt the

plans and measures of this great

statesman. Thos. E. Watson is a

man whom the people cheerish and

love, and we believe that in him the

The legislature seems to have it

in for Governor Johnston.

That the principles of Populism

are the true principles of self

government is being demonstrated

every day.

It seems now certain that there

will be a constitutional convention,

and it behooves the people to begin

to organize for the fray, let the

best and ablest men in each county

be sent to the convention.

The Age-Herald says Chairman

Jones says that the silver question

will settle itself in the next four

years by the increased output of

gold. This may be a fact, it is just

as the Populist have contended all

along, it don't make any difference

what the money is made out of, so

there is sufficient amount to do the

business of the country.

Hoke Smith, of Georgia, says

Bryan ought to forsake the Chicago

platform, he seems to think that

it makes no difference whether the

principles of the Chicago platform

are right or not; the question with

him seems to be what kind of a

platform will we have to have

in order to win, office and not

principle, seems to be his motto.

Direct Legislation.

One of the strongest, we would

say the strongest argument that

can be urged in favor of the extension

of direct legislation in our

system of government, is that it

would destroy the power of money

in politics, or, at least, give the

people power to destroy the power

of money. If the power to make a

binding sale, a binding grant of

valuable rights, privileges or fran-

chises were taken from the people's

representatives, the power of those

with money to buy such grants and

franchises would largely be taken

from them. They might buy the

people's representatives, but such

representatives could not make a

binding sale. And in such case

they would not be so likely to buy

such representatives, the people's

representatives would not be sub-

jected to such temptations as now.

And it is the conferring of the right

of the referendum upon the people,

the right to pass upon the acts of

their representatives by popular vote,

that would take this power away.

If the people had the right of the

referendum, it is conceivable that

a municipal legislation might be

corrupted and give away so far as

the people themselves are concerned,

sell so far as the corrupted mem-

bers of that legislature were con-

cerned, some valuable public fran-

chises, but the people, thus outraged

would have power to rise in their

might and cancel such sale, such

franchise—rise in their might, de-

mand by petition the submission

to popular vote of the legislation

granting such franchise and then

a majority voting to cancel it, it

would stand cancelled. And, ob-

viously, if the people had this

power, the corrupting of their

representatives would not be so

common as now, when they can

make a binding sale. The representa-

tives might be just as willing to

sell, but the corruptionists would

not be so willing to buy.

And so, on the other hand, if the

veto by executive officer of legis-

lation taking away special privileges,

or the defeat of such legislation in

a legislative body was not final,

but the people had the power to

take up such legislation and by

direct vote pass it over the heads

of their representatives, the corrup-

tionists would know that the

corrupting of the people's representa-

tives would not suffice to defeat

measures, that the corrupting of

legislative bodies to defeat legis-

lation might all be in vain, all go

for naught. In such case would the

corrupting of the people's representa-

tives be discouraged. And so

would the conferring upon the

people of the right of the initiative

discourage corruption. For this

is what the initiative, as spoken of

in connection with direct legisla-

tion, means—giving the people power

to say that the defeat of the legis-

lation by their representatives is not

final, to command the submission

of any measure that their representa-

tives may fail to enact to popular

vote and by a majority vote to en-

act such measure over the heads

of their representatives, over the

Fight On!

The Populist vote cast in the

country on Tuesday, November 6,

was regrettably small. And now,

in the presence of the verdict of

American people expressed at the

ballot-box, a verdict upholding the

policies of the Administration, up-

holding anything but the policies

which we stand, and before going

on with the fight, may we pause

for just one moment and ask ourselves:

Are we right? Each man must

ask this of himself, each must an-

swer it for himself. And if, when

he finds this answer, it is yes, there

is but one course for the true man,

the man worthy of the name to

pursue. And that is; Fight on—

fight on for the right, unto death,

or until it does prevail.

We have asked ourselves this

question as we have taken note of

the judgments just rendered by the

American people, judgments so

averse to us, and contained in the

Democratic and Republican vote

alike, and as we often have before

and the answer stands out clearly

before us. It is yes. And that

answer points out the path of duty.

We feel the American people have

voted in blindness, it is for us to

use our mite to enlighten them that

the right prevail, that the power of

money in our government be de-

stroyed, that our people be not

stripped of their heritage, "right

to life, liberty and the pursuits of

happiness," the right to life, which

is the right to work and draw

wealth and sustenance from na-

ture's inexhaustible resources; the

right to liberty, which is to

labor and enjoy the fruits thereof

without payment of tribute to any-

one enjoying special privileges, and

in such way as one may choose, so

long as the rights of others are not

trespassed upon; the right to hap-

piness, the assurance of which is

the opportunity to reach higher

and better things for self and for

one's children.



# CHRISTMAS GOODS OF ALL SORTS

## J. H. HAMMOND.

Toilet Sets, Dinner Sets, with a full Line of Fancy Plates, Salad Bowls and Cake Plates. Dolls of all size and description. Fireworks to burn, Candy enough for Old and Young.

FRUITS OF ALL KINDS, in fact Old St. Nicholas has established his Headquarters at

**J. H. HAMMOND'S.**

Children and Ladies given special attention. Select your XMAS Goods now and have them laid away. Our regular CUSTOMERS will be given the customary TIME on all goods. Shelby see here! every THURSDAY

I WILL DELIVER goods FREE of charge in SHELBY until January 1st, 1901. I WANT YOUR TRADE!

**J. H. HAMMOND, The Cheap Cash Grocer.**

W. A. PARKER,

Livery and Feed Stables.

COLUMBIANA, ALA.

### "La Creole" Will Restore those Gray Hairs of Yours

Sold by HALL DRUG COMPANY.

"LA CREOLE" HAIR RESTORER

A Perfect Hair Dressing and Restorer.

If your Merchant doesn't handle, send \$1.00 to us and

get one bottle, or \$5.00 and get six bottles.

CHARGES PREPAID to any part U. S. or Canada.

**VAN VLEET-MANSFIELD DRUG CO.,**

Sole Proprietors, MEMPHIS, TENN.

#### THE PEOPLE'S ADVOCATE SOCIAL AND LOCAL NEWS.

Points About People You Know  
and Some You Don't Know.  
News From Different Beats.

Today is Thanksgiving.

Max Lefkowitz spent Sunday in Talladega.

J. M. Crenshaw, of beat 8, was in town Monday.

S. J. May, of Shelby, was in town Monday.

F. M. McEwen, of beat 9, was in town Monday.

Judge Milner visited friends at Leeds Monday.

J. A. Holmes, of Shelby, was in town Saturday.

W. A. Tallant, of Calera, was in the city Tuesday.

Ollie Tinney has a position with J. H. Hammond.

Matrimonial bonds are not always a safe investment.

J. E. Pope, of Wilsonville, was in the city Monday.

The merchants are now receiving their Christmas goods.

Capt. J. L. Walthall, of Klein, was in the city Saturday.

J. H. Mason spent Monday in Birmingham on business.

Mrs. W. G. Parker visited relative at Stanton this week.

H. Fox, of Shelby, was in the city a short while Monday.

Mrs. Gordon DuBose is visiting relatives in North Alabama.

E. W. Bell, of Vincent, was in the city Monday on business.

Several of the Shelby boys were in the city Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. A. W. Strickland visited relatives at Pulham last week.

Tuesday a good many bales of cotton were brought to market.

Solicitor W. R. Oliver, of Calera, attended county court this week.

County court convened Monday, Judge A. P. Longshore presiding.

Miss Nellie Parker is visiting relatives and friends in Montevallo.

Wm. Tinney, of Wilsonville, was in town last Saturday on business.

Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Chestor, of Chicago, is visiting friends in the city.

Cranberries and turkey will be served for dinner today by our citizens.

Miss Ethel Millstead visited relatives at Wilsonville Saturday and Sunday.

Will Page has a position with the Columbiana Mercantile Co., as salesman.

Madame Rumer says there are several weddings spoken of in our community.

J. S. Falkner and J. T. Sammons spent Sunday with friends near Fayetteville.

I. P. O. Horton and Miss Lizzie Horton, of Coalville, were in the city Saturday.

J. S. Jackson and his daughter, Miss Alma, of Lewis, spent Saturday in the city.

There was no preaching at any of the churches Sunday on account of the weather.

J. F. McGraw and family, of Harpersville, spent Sunday in the city with friends.

E. B. Teague, Jr., of Fourmile, spent a few days in the city last week with friends.

Mrs. M. E. Thomas returned last Friday from a visit to relatives at Montevallo.

Miss Jennie Cosper, of Sterrett, visited the family of J. W. Mason a few days last week.

Mrs. F. A. Thomas and Miss Georgia Thomas, of Wilsonville, visited relatives here last Friday.

The mercury on last Monday took a tumble and did not recover itself till it went below freezing point.

J. T. Barnett moved last week to the Tinney residence on West College street near the Methodist parsonage.

Sheriff Cox has had a new fence built round the jail yard which adds much to the appearance of the building.

John Upshaw and his sister, Miss Blanche, of Talladega Springs, visited relatives in the city Saturday and Sunday.

Rev. T. P. Roberts, Rev. J. G. Walker and J. R. White are attending the North Alabama Conference at Decatur.

Thanksgiving services will be held at the Presbyterian church today at 11 a. m. Rev. T. K. Roberts will occupy the pulpit.

A good many country people were in town the first of the week shopping. Some of them came to purchase articles for Thanksgiving.

The social entertainment given at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Weaver last Friday evening was enjoyed by all who attended.

We call attention to the large advertisement of J. H. Hammond in this issue. Call and inspect his stock of groceries and Christmas toys.

In another column will be found a card of Dr. A. J. Massey, and all who need the service of a dentist will do well to consult him when in the city.

The average small boys are now heralding the approach of Christmas holidays with the sound of the horn, like the rooster crowing before daybreak.

The large show windows of the new brick stores are beginning to look like those of a large city, as they are being decorated with Christmas goods.

A farmer living near our city made fifty-four gallons of ribbon syrup on not quite an eighth of an acre of land which would have netted him \$27.00. How is this?

Dr. A. J. Massey will be at the Huxett House, Columbiana, Ala., on Monday, December 3d, 4th, 5th and 6th. Now come promptly all wishing his services, he will be glad to do your dental work.

County court convened last Monday morning, and after organizing the jury adjourned till Tuesday morning 8:30, and on assembling Tuesday not a single client or lawyer being present at the appointed hour, and the judge adjourned the court till 10 o'clock, thus giving all a chance to appear, and upon failure to appear will in the future take forfeiture against the bondsmen.

At a Mass Meeting of the citizens of Columbiana on last Tuesday night to consider the question of having a Dispensary for the city of Columbiana, the Dispensary was voted in by a vote of 16 to 12. A motion was carried to appoint a committee to frame a Bill to be sent to the representatives in the Senate and House to pass the Dispensary law for Columbiana, Judge Longshore, W. F. Thetford and D. R. McMillan were appointed on said committee.

A happy marriage occurred at Vincent, at 12 o'clock yesterday at the home of Supt. Eugene Williams, the contracting parties, being Mr. Frank Robertson of this place and Miss Mattie Chancellor of Vincent. Mr. Robertson is a son of Tax Collector J. H. Robertson, and is a young man of sober industrious habits and has many friends here. The bride is one of Vincent's most excellent and accomplished young ladies, and is one who is loved by all who know her. The Advocate extends warm congratulations to the happy couple.

Call on Mrs. J. W. Peers for sewing of all kinds, prices as cheap as is consistent with good work. At Morgan's place on West College street. Also for sale Sofa pillows, Chair cushions, Pin cushions and other fancy articles nice for Xmas presents. All done in crazy patch work.

We will take anything in the way of eatable, such as eggs, turkeys, potatoes, and syrup in payment for subscription for our paper. Don't forget us when you come to town.

See Sheriff's sale in another column.

#### Christian Endeavor Society.

Consecration meeting Sunday afternoon at three o'clock at the Presbyterian church. D. R. McMillan leader.

Subject—Spending time and taking pains for Christ.

Song. Prayer. Voluntary. Prayer. Scripture reading, Matt. 25:1-13. Roll call.

Song. Paper—"Why should we spend any of our time for Christ?"—Miss Zemma Pitts.

What is to be learned from politicians about winning souls for Christ? Collection. Song. Benediction.

#### County Court Doings.

The following cases have been disposed of in county court this week up to time of going to press:

The State vs. Tom Eason, withdrawn.

The State vs. Tom Eason and et. als, continued.

The State vs. James Patterson; withdrawn.

The State vs. John Clute; dismissed.

The State vs. Thos. Hill and James Patterson; forfeiture and continued.

The State vs. Lum Willis; continued.

The State vs. Wm. Kirkpatrick; continued.

The State vs. Oce Kirkpatrick; forfeiture and continued.

The State vs. Wiley Nelson, assault and battery; jury and verdict guilty, fine one cent.

The State vs. Gus Harlow; forfeiture and continued.

The State vs. Guss Harlow and et. als; Si. Fa., final.

The State vs. Guss Harlow; forfeiture and continued.

The State vs. Dick Kirkland; nol prossed.

The State vs. Wm. Glass; forfeiture and continued.

Cards are out announcing the marriage of Miss Lucie Leeper to Mr. A. G. Patterson, which takes place at nine o'clock of the morning of December 5th, at the residence of Frank Nelson, Anniston, Ala. Miss Lucie was reared here, and is well known by most all our people and is a young lady of many admirable traits of character. She is a sister of our clever townsman, Office Leeper. We congratulate Mr. Patterson on winning Miss Lucie for his life mate and wish for them a long and happy life.

Yesterday a party of our young people attended the marriage of Miss Mattie Chancellor to Mr. Frank Robertson, at Vincent. The party left early Wednesday morning driving through the country. Among those who went from this city were: Misses Bessie Robertson, Etta Robertson, Cora Morgan, Onzelle Verchot, Lallage Longshore, and James Robertson and Alphonse Verchot.

Today is the day all should return thanks for the many blessings that have been showered upon them during the year. The year 1900 has been a prosperous one to our country, and the soil has responded to the touch of the plow and brought forth bountiful crops and the farmers have received better prices this year than ever.

Call on Mrs. J. W. Peers for sewing of all kinds, prices as cheap as is consistent with good work. At Morgan's place on West College street. Also for sale Sofa pillows, Chair cushions, Pin cushions and other fancy articles nice for Xmas presents. All done in crazy patch work.

We will take anything in the way of eatable, such as eggs, turkeys, potatoes, and syrup in payment for subscription for our paper. Don't forget us when you come to town.

See Sheriff's sale in another column.

#### HONOR ROLL

Of Columbiana Public School for Month Ending Nov. 23rd.

First Grade—Clarice White, Nellie Leonard.

Second Grade—Celia McMillan, Bessie Trent.

Third Grade—Willie Longshore, Charlie Tinney, Florence Holcomb.

Fourth Grade—Vin Pitts, Lois Mason, Johnnie Barnett, Eva Thompson, Mary McMillan, Howard Trent.

Fifth Grade—Myra Browne, Dinnie Mae Rowe, Mildred White, Erma Elliott, Bertie Pearson, Emma Strickland.

Sixth Grade—Annie Longshore, Ina Sinnott, Mamie Millstead.

High School, Junior—J. N. Robertson, Annie Finley.

High School, Senior—Lallage Longshore, Oza Hammond, Fannie Mae Payne, Carrie L. Rowe, W. J. Bird, W. R. Hale.

#### How Is This?

I see in last week's Advocate of some big farming done in beat 9 by J. C. Mooney on forty acres of land. Will Mr. Mooney please inform us how many plows he run, and how many hands it took to cultivate his crop? M. H. B. Jones cultivated thirty-four acres of land on Waxahatchie hills in beat 1 with one mule and \$25.00 hired help and made:

6 Bales of cotton.....\$300 00

Cotton seed.....40 00

300 Bushels corn.....150 00

3000 Pounds of fodder.....30 00

Irish potatoes sold.....25 00

300 Bushels oats.....150 00

30 Bushels sweet potatoes 45 00

Total.....\$740 00

How is that for one mule and one hand?

J. E. DYKES.

#### Good Luck of an Editor.

"For two years all efforts to cure Eczema in the palms of my hands failed writes Editor H. N. Lester, of Syracuse, Kan., "Then I was wholly cured by Bucklen's Arnica Salve." It's the world's best for Eruptions, Sores and skin diseases. Only 25c at Hall Drug Store.

#### Make Your Wife

and daughter happy, your cotton is bringing you a good price. Now, make your family happy by buying a nice set of Plates and Dishes for your table. J. H. Hammond will sell you crockery ware so cheap that you will be sure to be pleased with your purchase.

#### That Throbbing Headache.

Would quickly leave you, if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for sick and nervous headaches. They make pure blood and build up your health. Only 25 cents. Money back if not cured. Sold by Hall the Druggist.

Notice is hereby given that a bill will be introduced into the general assembly of Alabama to prevent the running at large of hogs in Beat No. 1, Shelby county, Alabama. This the 26th day of November, 1900.

#### A CITIZEN.

If you are needing any dental work drop Dr. J. M. Lovett at Bessemer, Ala., a card and when he returns to Columbiana, he will call on you. Satisfaction guaranteed and prices reasonable. Painless methods used. Will be back here in a few days.

Buy your groceries and crockery where you can buy them the cheapest. So go to J. H. HAMMOND, Cash Grocer.

Get your horse shod at Shelby J. A. Barker.

Bemish & Meyer's fine candies for sale at J. H. Hammond.

All blacksmith work guaranteed at Shelby by J. A. Barker.

#### Mass Meeting.

A mass meeting of the citizens of Shelby county is hereby called to meet at Columbiana, Ala., on Friday December 14th, to consider ways and means of improving the public roads of the county. Every beat in the county is earnestly requested to send a delegation of its best and most enterprising citizens.

A. P. Longshore, Judge of Probate.

R. J. Griffin, L. R. Kendrick, Pleasant Shaw, John T. Glaze, Commissioners.

#### To Teachers.

I will examine teachers at Columbiana, Ala., December 3d, at 10 o'clock a. m. I regret that I cannot obtain copies of Alabama school laws with which to supply the teachers and trustees throughout the county. Chapter 100, Article 1 to 17 of the Code of 1896 gives full information of the laws governing public schools of Alabama.

Eugene Williams, Supt. of Education.

#### Millions Given Away.

It is certainly gratifying to the public to know of one concern which is not afraid to be generous. The proprietors of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, coughs and colds have given away over ten million trial bottles and have the satisfaction of knowing it has cured thousands of hopeless cases. Asthma, Bronchitis, La Grippe and all Throat, Chest and Lung diseases are surely cured by it. Call on Hall, the Druggist and get a ten cent trial bottle. Regular size 50c and 1.00. Every bottle guaranteed.

#### Dunnivant Items.

We are blessed with good health at present.

Crops are all harvested, and oats and wheat are being sowed.

Weather is getting cold enough to kill hogs.

L. B. Nickerson, section foreman, paid Birmingham a flying trip this week.

S. R. Byers and family, of this place, have moved to Texas, where they will reside in the future.

H. Davis, of this place, caught a possum last week that weighed 7 pounds net.

E. R. & J. L. Isbell who are running a gin at this place, has bought a saw mill which they will put up at their gin location.

J. B. Byers is putting up a new residence in West Dunnivant, where he will reside in the future.

From the way L. B. N. goes up the road, we expect to partake of some cake. How about it L. B. N? Cow Boy.

#### Spread Like Wildfire.

When things are "the best" they become the best selling! Abraham Hare a leading druggist, of Belleville, O., writes: "Electric Bitters are the best selling bitters I have handled in 20 years. You know why? Most diseases begin in disorders of the stomach, liver, kidney, bowels, blood and nerves. Electric Bitters tones up the stomach, regulates the liver, kidneys and bowels, purifies the blood, strengthens the nerves, hence cures multitudes of maladies. It builds up the entire system. Puts new life and vigor into any weak sickly run down man or woman. Price 50 cents. Sold by Hall the Druggist.

Practical horse shoer at Shelby, J. A. Barker.

Everything to Make You Pretty.

I Carry a Full Line of CORSETS.

Please call and examine my goods before purchasing elsewhere.

MRS. L. C. ARMSTRONG.

### The Fall of The Year HAS COME!

### —AND— The Fall of Prices Has COME ALSO!

### We are now in our NEW BRICK BUILDING

With the best stock of Dry Goods, Notions, Shoes, Etc., ever brought to

THIS MARKET.

Figures Dont Lie!

LISTEN HOW THEY TALK!

All Wool Jeans Pants.....98 cents

Good Bleached Domestic.....6 cents

Calico, good quality, per yard.....5 cents

Our Line of Ladies and Gents Shoes Can't be surpassed in quantity or quality.

LISTEN TO THE WAY WE TALK ON GROCERIES.

20 Pounds Best Y. C. Sugar for.....\$1.00

15 Pounds Best Granulated Sugar for.....\$1.00

In Order to Make Room for a Car Load of Flour now on the Road WE Offer:

Best Half Patent Flour 50 Cents.

8 Pounds of Good Coffee for \$1.00.

2 Full Pound Bar Soap for 5 cents.

ALL GOODS NEW AND FRESH.

J. P. PEARSON & CO.

COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA.

LOOK, READ

AND

THINK HOW CHEAP THE FOLLOWING

GOODS ARE!

thousand of dollarsworth of Dry Goods cheaper than any other store in the county.

Fifty thousand yards of Prints at 4 1/2 to 6 cents a yard.

Thousands of yards of Dress Plaids 6 to 20 cents a yard.

A large assortment of Fancy Dress Goods.

In Wool, Silk and Silk finished goods cheaper than any store in town.

One thousand 5 lb. bundles of remnant Percal Outings and Prints from 90 cents to \$1.00 a bundle.

Five hundred pair Boys' and Mens' Suspenders from 10 cents to \$1 a pair.

Five thousand Mens' and Ladies' Handkerchiefs from 2c to 75 cts. each.

Five hundred Mens' and Boys' Hats from 20 cents to \$5.00 each.

A large stock of Shoes for Men, Ladies and Children from 80 cents to \$5.00 a pair.

My Clothing is the best selected stock in town and I can safely say I will save you 25 per cent on your purchase. Mens' suits worth \$5.00 for only \$2.00

Mens' suits worth \$10.00 for only \$5.00

Boys' suits worth \$3.00 for only .75

Boys' suits worth \$10.00 for only \$5.00

Ladies', Gents', Boys' and Children's winter underwear cheaper than ever before.

Ladies', Misses and Children's trimmed Hats going very cheap

Ladies' and Misses fine Capes, cheap

est, anywhere from 40c to \$5.00 each.

Ladies' Dress Skirts from \$1.00 to \$6.

GROCERIES.

My stock of groceries is complete with every good thing your wants demand, at a cheaper price than you can find anywhere.

FURNITURE.

My stock of Furniture is pretty well complete with all the Staple Furniture and at a very LOW PRICE.

STOVES!

I am selling Stoves cheap, and give with every Cook Stove 50 different pieces of cook vessels, etc.

W. E. MERRELL.

Shelby, Alabama.

DENTISTRY.

First-class Dentistry at

DR. A. J. MASSEY'S OFFICE

21st Street between 1st & 2d Ave

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

Painless extraction. If not satisfied no charge. Will make periodical visits to Columbiana. Watch for his card.

YOU CAN PATENT

anything you invent or improve; also get CAVEAT, TRADE-MARK, COPYRIGHT or DESIGN PROTECTION. Send model, sketch, or photo. for free examination and advice.

BOOK ON PATENTS FREE. No Atty's fee before patent.

Write to C. A. SNOW & CO.

Patent Lawyers, WASHINGTON, D. C.



# BY OSMOSIS.

Sugar in Solution Easily Passes Through Animal Membranes.

Sugar is a substance that dissolves easily and in considerable quantity in water. When in solution it easily passes through an animal membrane by osmosis, and so the question of its absorption seemed simple enough. The disease diabetes showed, however, that sugar might exist very plentifully in the blood, and yet the nutrition of an individual suffer very much for the lack of it. Something else besides its mere presence in the system was necessary to secure its consumption by the tissues. Bernard thought that the liver was active in the consumption of sugar, and that disease of this organ caused diabetes. He therefore secured some of the blood going to the liver of a living animal, and some of the blood that was just leaving it. To his surprise the blood leaving the liver contained more sugar than that entering it. After assuring himself that his observations were correct, he tried his experiments in different ways. He found that even in the blood leaving the liver of an animal that had been fed only on substances containing no sugar, sugar could be demonstrated. Even in a fasting animal the liver itself and the blood leaving it showed the presence of a form of sugar. The only possible conclusion from this was that the liver was capable of manufacturing this form of sugar out of non-sugar-containing material, or even from the blood of a fasting animal. This was the first time in physiology that the idea of an internal secretion was advanced. Glands within the body that gave off a secretion always possessed a duct by which the secretion was conducted to where it was to produce its effect. The idea that glands exist which poured their secretion directly into the blood stream had not occurred.—Catholic World.

There is a far more widespread interest in politics among the women of England than among their sisters on this side of the Atlantic. The smart set in London all take an active part in affairs. There is a Tory women's club in the English capital known as the Primrose Dames, and a more serious body, the Women's Liberal Federation, makes its influence felt in constituencies.

Then there are large numbers of women who do not register under any banner, but they can be counted upon to forward such political questions as appeal to them.

## HAIR

Wealth of hair is indeed, especially to a woman. Every other physical attraction is secondary to it. We have a book we will gladly send you that tells just how to care for the hair.

If your hair is too thin or losing its luster, get—

## AYER'S Hair Vigor

Growth becomes vigorous and all dandruff is removed. It always restores color to gray or faded hair. Retain your youth; don't look old before your time.

\$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

"I have used your Hair Vigor now for about three years and I have found it splendid and satisfactory in every way. I believe I have recommended this Hair Vigor to hundreds of my friends, and they all tell me the same story. If any body wants the best kind of a Hair Vigor I shall certainly recommend to them just as strongly as I can that they get a bottle of Ayer's Hair Vigor."

Mrs. N. E. HAMILTON,  
Nov. 28, 1888. Norwich, N. Y.

Write the Doctor.

If you don't obtain all the benefits you desire from the use of the Vigor, write the Doctor at once.

Dr. J. C. AYER,  
Lowell, Mass.

## \$3.00 W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES \$3.50

UNION MADE

The real worth of W. L. Douglas shoes is shown by the fact that \$3.50 shoes compared with other makes is \$1.00 to \$2.00.

Our \$4 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equaled at any price. Over 1,000,000 satisfied wearers.

WE USE FAST COLOR EYELETS

One pair of W. L. Douglas \$3.50 shoes will outlast two pairs of ordinary \$3 shoes.

FACTORY, BROOKLYN, MASS.

We are the largest makers of men's \$3 and \$3.50 shoes in the world. We make and sell more \$3 and \$3.50 shoes than any other two manufacturers in the U. S.

THE REPUTATION OF W. L. DOUGLAS \$3.50 and \$4.00 shoes for style, comfort, and wear is known everywhere throughout the world. They have to give better satisfaction than other makes because the standard has always been placed so high that the western export more for their money than they can get elsewhere.

BEST \$3.50 SHOE.

BEST \$3.00 SHOE.

POISONS CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup, Tastes Good. Use in time.

CONSUMPTION

# THE OLD SOLDIER'S STORY

HAD TWO NARRATIVES WHICH OCCASIONALLY GOT CONFUSED.

What An Over Indulgence of Hot Scotch and the Falling of Lapse of Memory Did With the Ending of An Otherwise Good Story.

"Did I ever tell you about my experience at the battle of Petersburg during the Civil War?" asked old Peter Quick. It was a cold night outside and the little group which had met by chance, as it did frequently at George's place, had been sitting in the little room at the end of the bar for an hour or so, telling stories, drinking hot Scotch and trying not to think of the cutting wind and frosty air which they would have to encounter when they started for their homes.

After a lull in the conversation, consequent on the arrival of a tray of drinks, old Peter Quick, who thus far had been listening to the stories of the others and vainly trying to find an opportunity to get the floor, said, "Did I ever tell you about my experience at the battle of Petersburg during the Civil War?" Each one of the party had heard the story a dozen times or more, but as Quick never told it twice alike they all denied having heard it and demanded its recital.

Old man Quick had been a great story-teller in his day, but of late years he had lost his memory to such an extent that his attempts often landed him in trouble. Frequently a lapse of memory came on him in the midst of a story he was telling, causing him to forget what he was talking about and switch off on another tale with an entirely different subject. He was perfectly aware of his little failing, and to avoid confusion, had decided on two stories which he was able to tell with slight danger of their becoming mixed. After the refreshments had been discussed, old Quick began: "I was a young man then," said he, "and was serving as a private in the fifteenth infantry. The colonel was in the habit of reviewing the regiment every morning, and if I do say it, the fifteenth was the finest-looking regiment in the camp and the best drilled. Well, this particular morning the colonel had finished reviewing us when he suddenly asked (he had a loud, clear voice, and every man in the regiment could hear him), 'Who is the best rifle-shot in the regiment?'"

"I was very modest then," continued old Quick, "and I kind of kept my eyes down so that I wouldn't be noticed; but it was no use, for the whole regiment shouted in a voice like thunder, 'Peter Quick!' Peter Quick, stand forward," ordered the colonel. I stepped out a foot or so and the colonel said to me: 'Peter Quick, they say you are the best rifle-shot in the regiment. Now I am going to try you.' He took his field-glass and began looking around the country. Finally he let his glass rest on the top of a hill which was a long ways from where we were and said: 'Peter Quick, I want you to shoot that Confederate officer you see on the top of that hill!'"

"I looked; but the hill was so far away that I couldn't see anything, and I told the colonel so. 'Here, take my glass,' said he, and he handed it to me. I took the glass, and after looking along the top of the hill for a minute discovered a man sitting on the back of a horse. I took my rifle and adjusted the sights aimed and fired while the colonel watched the man on the horse through his field-glass. 'You didn't hit him,' said the colonel, after watching a minute for the bullet to get there; 'but you came mighty near, for he jumped as if he heard the bullet sing; try another shot.'"

Just at that point the story was interrupted by the entrance of the bartender with more drinks. After they had been disposed of one of the group said: "Go on, Mr. Quick, finish your story; how did it end?" Old Quick reflected a moment and scratched his head; then he asked for a match to light his cigar with, and scratched his head again. "Go ahead, Mr. Quick, finish your story!" urged another of the group.

"Well," finally said Quick, "when I laid down those four aces, the old farm was saved and I was a winner, beside, of ten thousand dollars."—Eugene K. Herriek, in Puck.

## THE SILVER EGG.

A silver spoon held over a tallow-candle soon receives a coating of black. If this same spoon with its coating of lampblack be plunged into a vessel of water, says the Scientific American, a very curious thing will happen. The spoon will no longer appear black, but metallic. When it is removed from the water, however, we find, contrary to our supposition, that the coating of lamp-black has not been washed away. The phenomenon can be readily explained. The water cannot penetrate the layer of the black, therefore merely adapts itself to the shape of the spoon without coming in contact with the metal, and reflects light as perfectly as a mirror.

The experiment in a modified form can only be performed in the following manner. An egg is held over a candle or, preferably, a smoky petroleum lamp until it is completely coated with lampblack. When placed in a vessel of water the egg will have a metallic sheen, and will appear to have been silvered over. When removed from the water, however, it immediately becomes black again.

## THE RHYMESTER'S EFFORT.

The Sterling (Ill.) Standard makes the following try for an alleged offer of \$1,000 for the best rhyme for Michigan:

I knew a young lady from Michigan,  
To meet her I never should wish again.  
She'd eat of ice cream  
Till with pain she would scream,  
And she'd order another big-dichigan.

The draught of a vessel varies with the weight of her cargo. The ships in which grain is shipped to foreign ports draw from 15 to 27 feet, and carry from 50,000 to 175,000 bushels.

# DISEASES OF WILD BEASTS.

Consumption and Pneumonia Their Worst Enemies.

"What diseases are wild beasts in captivity subject to?" was the question the writer recently put to a leading animal importer, according to the Washington Star.

"Well," was the reply, "monkeys for the most part die of consumption and pneumonia. Antelopes, moose, deer and other browsing beasts die because proper foods cannot be found for them. In my opinion the tannin in the bark and twigs which these animals feed most largely upon is what their systems need in order to keep them in a healthy condition. Of course, very little of this is found in the hay and other foods which are fed to these animals in captivity. In regard to the far-western animals of this country there seems to be some peculiar quality of the alfalfa and other grasses of the prairie, which is absolutely necessary for their sustenance and well-being. I think that the climatic change has very little influence upon them. I have shipped lots of mule deer, black-tailed deer, antelope and Rocky mountain sheep to Europe and the continent, but they did not live one year. You see that moose, for instance, live largely upon lichen and bark. Of course, these foods cannot be secured so far from the forests, and hay proves to be a very poor substitute. I have no doubt but that if these animals could be supplied with their natural food they would live as long as lions and tigers."

"All the African, Indian and Australian animals come to this country through a general depot in Germany. If any weakly specimens arrive in that country they are kept there until they recover. While in transit across the ocean it is a very common thing for non-carnivora to go without food for ten days and they are often seasick. This is particularly true of llamas, antelopes and camels. There is a good deal of ignorance about the medical treatment of wild animals. Those which feed upon grass are treated in sickness much the same as a horse. In the case of lions, tigers and beasts of the cat family generally the same medicines which are given to a dog under similar circumstances are used. 'One of the most difficult of species to keep alive is the South American tapir. They are brought chiefly from the Amazon river and belong to the pig family. Like the monkeys, they all die of consumption.'"

## SODA WATER FOUNTAIN IN ENGLAND.

It would be difficult to find a more peculiar American institution than the soda water fountain, or one which would act as a more immediate and powerful reminder of the scenes with which he is familiar in his native land than the marble-faced, many-faceted and nickel-resplendent structure which is one of the numerous devices by which the American citizen tempers the fierceness of the periodical "hot wave." Hence the introduction of the soda water fountain into Great Britain, as referred to in a recent report by the American consul at Birmingham, may be regarded as a notable instance of the interchange of ideas and customs between this country and Great Britain which is growing more marked every year. It seems that in a window of a "chemist shop" in Birmingham there was exhibited during the summer months a sign advertising various sodas and phosphates. The proprietor, who is quoted as "an enterprising man who is ready to try new things," has provided his fountain to be a striking success. It seems that an American soda fountain syndicate has taken up the matter of these hot weather necessities in England, and a number of cities now have fountains in successful operation.

## GREEN NOT RESTFUL.

It seems as though cherished notions are no sooner on an apparently firm foundation than some inconsiderate iconoclast comes along and throws them down. People have for many years supposed that the color green was restful to human eyes, and have been referred to the green grass and green foliage that nature has been so prodigal with for the benefit of wearied vision.

Now, according to a German professor of Berlin, nature wasn't thinking of human eyes when she made her profuse verdant display, and that her color scheme was carried out absolutely regardless of the visual needs of humanity. He says that green does not protect the eye, and he denies that it has any beneficial effect whatever.

He declares that green paper, green shades, green glasses, green decorations and green umbrellas are all a mistake, and that by increasing the green light we are simply provoking a nervous disturbance.

He says that each of the colors tires a different set of nerves of vision, and, therefore, looking at one particular color saves one set of nerves at the expense of another. The best method, he says, is to dim all of the rays of light by smoked or gray glasses, which rest all of the optic nerves.

## BITS ABOUT THE BASHFUL.

Be natural, bashful one; get rid of self-consciousness; learn the social ropes.

Polish is only acquired after many years; but politeness is easy.

The process of "cuddling your brain" had better be completed at home. Be alert. Say something, no matter if it be trite, when silence seems awkward.

Women are less self-conscious than men. It is both gracious and womanly at times to take the initiative while in the company of Mr. Tongue Tied.

It is not "shallow" for women or "foppish" for men to give careful thought as to their raillery. To be suitably attired gives confidence.

One's fads or antipathies should be kept in the background. Think what you choose, but there your rights end.

The bashful man or woman is generally restless. Fingers, eyes, mouth and feet are tell-tales. A little practice in repression is in order.—Philadelphia Record.

# DO YOU FEEL LIKE THIS?

Pen Picture for Women.

"I am so nervous, there is not a well inch in my whole body. I am so weak at my stomach and have indigestion horribly, and palpitation of the heart, and I am losing flesh. This headache and backache nearly kills me, and yesterday I nearly had hysterics; there is a weight in the lower part of my bowels bearing down all the time, and pains in my groins and thighs; I cannot sleep, walk, or sit, and I believe I am diseased all over; no one ever suffered as I do."

This is a description of thousands of cases which come to Mrs. Pinkham's attention daily. An inflamed and ulcerated condition of the neck of the womb can produce all of these symptoms.

Mrs. JOHN WILLIAMS.

toms, and no woman should allow herself to reach such a perfection of misery when there is absolutely no need of it. The subject of our portrait in this sketch, Mrs. Williams of Englishtown, N.J., has been entirely cured of such illness and misery by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and the guiding advice of Mrs. Pinkham of Lynn, Mass.

No other medicine has such a record for absolute cures, and no other medicine is "just as good." Women who want a cure should insist upon getting Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound when they ask for it at a store. Anyway, write a letter to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., and tell her all your troubles. Her advice is free.

Every cotton planter should write for our valuable illustrated pamphlet, "Cotton Culture." It is sent free.

Send name and address to:  
GERMAN KALI WORKS, 23 Nassau St., N. Y.

## TO SELF-SUPPORTING WOMEN

Without interfering with your regular duties you can make money by means of our offer of \$17,500 FOR SUBSCRIPTIONS. Send for full particulars.

THE DELINEATOR,  
7 to 17 W. 13th St., New York.

## FREE COURSE GIVEN. POST-GRADUATE GUARANTEED BY BOSTON DEPOSIT, M. R. FARR PAID. Write quick.

SA-ADA, BOSTON COLLEGE, MAcon, Georgia.

The constant labor of four persons for an entire year is required to produce a cashmere shawl of the best quality.

## Best For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. CASCARETS Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has "C. C. C." stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

## Salt Water Day.

Asbury Park (N. J.) Cor. of the New York Sun: The heat Saturday was decidedly unfavorable for the proper observance of Salt Water Day or the Farmers' Annual Carnival, as it is sometimes called, but about 500 farmers and their families from Monmouth and Ocean counties celebrated the occasion at Wreck Pond, between Sea Girt and Spring Lake. All sorts of conveyances were called into use, but the one most often seen was the immense canvas covered caravan. These caravans, which are found only in rural districts, served as temporary bathhouses and retreats from the boiling sun. The temperature was about 100, but it had no terrors for the pleasure-seekers. Old calico wrappers served as bathing suits for the women, while overalls and shirts answered the same purpose for the men. The bath was the important event of the day and next to it came the three-card monte men, the shell gamblers and the cane and ring men. The farmers lost heavily in the gambling devices, and several free fights were narrowly avoided. The sun had gone down when the farmers entered their caravans and started homeward. Many summer guests of Asbury Park, Long Branch and Set Girt were present and enjoyed the carnival.

## Quincy Girl to Teach in Honolulu.

Miss Clara Ueckle of 418 South 12th street, the well-known kindergarten teacher, is going to teach in Honolulu, Sandwich Islands. Miss Ueckle left to-day for Honolulu, whence she goes to teach in under control of the government. The selection of Miss Ueckle will undoubtedly be a good thing for the school, for she has had some ten years' experience, with marked success everywhere, and to her fine capabilities is united a charming personality. The young lady is a daughter of J. F. William Ueckle, an employe at the Gardner Governor works, and she and Mrs. John Ahern, wife of the chief of police, are half-sisters.—Quincy Journal, Aug. 27.

## Rock Blasting Brings Showers.

At the monthly meeting of the Berks County (Pennsylvania) Agricultural society, President James McGowan attributed the excellent condition of the crops in the southern portion of Berks county to the heavy blasting that is done at the Trappe rock quarries, near Hampton. Heavy charges of dynamite are used, and the reverberations are heard for miles around. The very heavy blasts are invariably followed by showers of rain, and it is the frequent showers that have helped the crops.

# Plea for the Onion.

The onion is appetizing, spite of delicate noses. Served in slices with vinegar, pepper, and salt, what more savory relish may be found for cold meats or cold fish than the kitchen-lily? What salad is complete without it? What would the cook do without her jar of pickled onions? Cooking eliminates much of the ill odor, but renders the bulb less valuable as an article of diet than the raw onion is. Even the soaking in vinegar renders it less useful than the bulb fresh sliced. Every housewife knows the fried onion—that rich and savory dish—and knows also that if she would have a rich brown coloring for her gravies she can find nothing better than the fried bulb, more especially if she includes a little of the skin in her frying. This coloring is due to the presence of caramel, a black substance identical with that found in burnt-sugar when fired for the making of "black jack," the gravy coloring, the value of which is well known to the maker of meat extracts. This caramel is due to the presence of carbon in the onion and sugar alike.—Chambers' Journal.

## CURES RHEUMATISM OR CATARRH IN A DAY. TREATMENT FREE.

B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm) cures the worst cases by draining the poison out of the blood and bones. Aches and pains in the bones or joints, swollen glands, droopings in the throat, hawking, spitting or bad breath, impaired hearing, etc., all disappear promptly and permanently. B. B. B. cures where all else fails. B. B. B. makes blood pure and rich. Druggists, St. Treatment of B. B. B. sent free by writing Blood Balm Co., 31 Mitchell St., Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble and free medical advice given until cured. Medicine sent prepaid. 3000 testimonials of cures by B. B. B., so don't give up hope, but try Blood Balm.

It is announced that 300 negroes have formed a colony near Wellston, Okla., and have purchased 1,000 acres of land, which will be divided into small cotton patches. The first contingent of 150 negroes from Grimes county, Texas, have already arrived there.

Wanted. A traveling salesman in each southern state; \$50 to \$60 per month and traveling expenses; experience not absolutely necessary. Address Penick Tobacco Works Co., Pensacola, Fla.

The tramp question in the United States has been a most serious one ever since the introduction of railroads. It is estimated that no less than 10,000 are carried nightly on trains and that 10,000 more are waiting to steal a ride at the same time.

Good Position. Trustworthy men wanted to travel. Experience not absolutely necessary. For particulars, address Peckless Tob. Wks., Bedford City, Va.

The International Bookbinders' union announces that it is about to begin suit for \$10,000 against a publisher in Kansas City, who discharged a man because he was a member of the union.

To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take EXHAUSTIVE DOSE QUININE TABLETS. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Only citizens of Canada will in future be employed on government work or on government work by contractors in that country.

All goods are alike to PUTNAM FADELESS DYES, they color all fibers at one boiling. Sold by all druggists.

G. S. Smith, a missionary to Japan, lost his place, and now brings suit against the foreign missionary society of this country for \$35,000, so much of it due now and so much on the expectancy of his life. He says his work was a life job.

Carter's Ink is used by millions, which is a sure proof of its quality. Send for free booklet, "Inkings." Address Carter's Ink Co., Boston, Mass.

The number of rooms in a house, of windows or doors in a room, even of rugs on a ladder, in Siam must always be odd. Even numbers are considered unlucky.

Happiness cannot be bought, but one of the great hindrances to its attainment can be removed by Adams' Pepsin Tuti Frutti.

The people of Indianapolis realize that the supply of natural gas is very short and a return to the use of coal and wood is one of the probabilities of the winter.

The Best Prescription for Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 60c.

Minnesota saloons men oppose rural delivery. Farmers who receive mail regularly don't come to town so often.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of throat and lungs.—Wm. O. Emsley, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

## How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

E. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligation made by him.

WATER & T. A. WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS, Toledo, Ohio.

WALDRING, KINNA & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

## Collection of Teapots.

A Chicago woman, Mrs. Helen Crittenden Adams, is the possessor of more than 200 teapots. Mrs. Adams has been about eight years in collecting this remarkable aggregation of tea receptacles and some of her possessions are extremely valuable and unique, says the Pittsburg Dispatch. She had a friend who had spent much time in the Orient and made a large collection of teapots during her residence there. This friend Mrs. Adams collected.

The teapots are collected from all the four quarters of the globe and each one has an interesting history. This history their owner has set down in a book, together with the date upon which the pot came into her possession. There are larger collections in the country, but few of them possess as much historic value as do those of Mrs. Adams.

## Rock Blasting Brings Showers.

At the monthly meeting of the Berks County (Pennsylvania) Agricultural society, President James McGowan attributed the excellent condition of the crops in the southern portion of Berks county to the heavy blasting that is done at the Trappe rock quarries, near Hampton. Heavy charges of dynamite are used, and the reverberations are heard for miles around. The very heavy blasts are invariably followed by showers of rain, and it is the frequent showers that have helped the crops.

# PAIN OPENED HER SKULL

Mrs. Lasher's Remarkable Story—Dr. Greene's Nervura Cured Her.



MRS. FRED C. LASHER, JR.

The case of Mrs. Fred C. Lasher, Jr., a well-known woman of Westport, N. Y., is one of the most interesting on record. It is an actual fact that headaches caused her head to split.

"For thirteen years," she says, "I suffered from terrible headaches night and day, until the bones of my skull opened so that the doctor could lay his thumb right into the opening on to my brain. Two doctors attended me and claimed that I was on the verge of insanity. I was under their care for nine years, but got no relief. Then I tried Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, and inside of a year the bones of my head had taken their natural shape again."

That Mrs. Lasher's statements are true is vouched for by reliable men of Westport, and by a Justice of the Peace there. Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy cured Mrs. Lasher when all other remedies failed, and it cures thousands of suffering women every year. If your head aches, if you cannot sleep and are weak and nervous, remember that this great curative agent, Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, will make you well and strong.

Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy is a physician's prescription, formulated from a discovery after years of investigation and experiment. Dr. Greene, 35 West 14th St., New York City, is the discoverer. He can be consulted free personally or by letter.

## Cigar Dealers Like

to have their regular customers smoke

## Old Virginia Cheroots

because they know that once a man starts smoking them he is "fixed," and that he will have no more trouble with him trying to satisfy him with different kinds of Five Cent cigars.

Three hundred million Old Virginia Cheroots smoked this year. Ask your own dealer. Price, 3 for 5 cents.

## STOPPED FREE

Permanently Cured Instantly Prevented by DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER

Positive cure for all Nervous Disorders, Piles, Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, etc. Price 25c. No Place Nervousness after first day's use. Free to all patients, every paying express charge only when received. Send for Free Trial Bottle, Ltd. 100 N. 3rd St., Philadelphia, Pa.

## Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup

Cures a cough or cold at once. Conquers croup, bronchitis, whooping cough, croup, and consumption. 25c.

WANTED—Salesmen in each State to sell Toiletries and Cosmetics. Experience not actually necessary. FACTORY 215, Thaxton, Va.

## DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY

gives quick relief and cures work cures. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SORE, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

Am. N. U. No. 48, 1900.

## Speedy, Prompt and Sure.

Acts quicker, never gripes and obtains better results than any laxative known. Its action is marvelous, its effect immediate. No remedy will cure constipation and biliousness so quickly and with absolutely no discomfort as

## Hunyadi János

Average Dose: One-half glassful on arising in the morning. Every druggist and general wholesale grocer in the world sells it.

ASK for the full name, BLUE Label with Red Centre Panel.

Sole Importer: FIRM OF ANDREAS SAXLEHNER, 130 Fulton St., N. Y.

## WINCHESTER

### GUN CATALOGUE FREE

Tells all about Winchester Rifles, Shotguns, and Ammunition

Send name and address on a postal now. Don't delay if you are interested.

WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS CO.

130 WINCHESTER AVENUE NEW HAVEN, CONN.

## Plantation Chill Cure is Guaranteed

To Cure or Money Refunded by Your Merchant, so Why Not Try It? Price 50c.